BEFORE THE INTERNATIONAL CENTRE FOR THE SETTLEMENT OF INVESTMENT DISPUTES

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In the Matter of Arbitration Between:

RAILROAD DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION,:

Claimant, : Case ARB/07/23

and

THE REPUBLIC OF GUATEMALA,

Respondent.

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HEARING ON MERITS

Wednesday, December 14, 2011

1818 H Street, N.W. MC Building Conference Room 4-800 Washington, D.C.

The hearing in the above-entitled matter came on, pursuant to notice, at 9:00 a.m. before:

DR. ANDRÉS RIGO SUREDA, President

PROF. JAMES CRAWFORD, SC, Arbitrator

HON. STUART E. EIZENSTAT, Arbitrator

Also Present:

MS. NATALI SEQUEIRA, Secretary to the Tribunal

MR. ALEX BERENGAUT, Assistant to the Tribunal

Court Reporter:

MR. DAVID A. KASDAN
Registered Diplomate Reporter (RDR)
Certified Realtime Reporter (CRR)
B&B Reporters
529 14th Street, S.E.
Washington, D.C. 20003
(202) 544-1903

SRA. ANDREA VERÓNICA AMOR D.R. Esteno Colombres 566 Buenos Aires 1218ABE Argentina (5411) 4957-0083

Interpreters:

MS. SILVIA COLLA

MR. DANIEL GIGLIO

MR. CHARLES ROBERTS

APPEARANCES: (Continued)

On behalf of the Respondent:

MR. GUILLERMO PORRAS OVALLE Attorney General MR. ESTUARDO SAÚL OLIVA FIGUEROA MS. SILVIA CABRERA ESTRADA Attorney General's Office

MR. ANÍBAL SAMOYOA SALAZAR
Deputy Secretary General of the Presidency

MR. LUIS VELÁSQUEZ QUIROA MR. MYNOR RENÉ CASTILLO MR. ROMEO LÓPEZ Ministry of Economy

MR. FERNANDO de la CERDA

R. JOSÉ LAMBOUR, Embassy of Guatemala, Washington, D.C.

MR. DAVID M. ORTA
MR. WHITNEY DEBEVOISE
MR. DANIEL SALINAS-SERRANO
MS. MARGARITA R. SÁNCHEZ
MS. GISELLE K. FUENTES
MS. DAWN Y. YAMANE HEWETT
MR. MALLORY B. SILBERMAN
MR. JOSÉ ANTONIO RIVAS
MR. JOSÉ BERNARD PALLAIS H.
MS. CAMILA VALENZUELA
MS. CAMILA VALENZUELA
MS. AMY ENDICOTT
MR. PEDRO SOTO
MS. NICOLE ANN AARONSON
Arnold & Porter, LLP
555 Twelfth Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20004
(202) 942-5000

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APPEARANCES:

On behalf of the Claimant:

MR. C. ALLEN FOSTER
MR. KEVIN E. STERN
MS. RUTH ESPEY-ROMERO
MS. REGINA VARGO
MR. P. NICHOLAS CALDWELL
MS. PRECIOUS MURCHISON
MR. ADRIAN F. SNEAD
Greenberg Traurig, LLP
2101 L Street, N.W.
Suite 1000
Washington, D.C. 20006
(202) 331-3100

MR. JUAN PABLO CARRASCO DE GROOTE Diaz-Durán y Asociados Central-Law 15 Avenida 18-28, Zona 13 Guatemala City, Guatemala C.A.

Representing Railroad Development Corporation and Ferrovías Guatemala:

MR. ROBERT PIETRANDREA

MR. ANDREW BILLER

MR. PABLO ALONZO

Also Present:

MR. MARIO ESTUARDO JOSÉ FUENTES SÁNCHEZ

DR. EDUARDO A. MAYORGA

APPEARANCES: (Continued)

On behalf of the Respondent:

MR. CÉSAR PAYÉS, FEGUA Legal Advisor

MR. PATRICK J. O'CONNOR The Miami Center 201 S. Biscayne Blvd. Suite 800 Miami, FL 33131 (305) 577-3443

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| On behalf of the Republic of El Salvador: | ROBERT F. MacSWAIN |
| MR. ENILSON SOLANO Embassy of the Republic of El Salvador MR. LUIS PARADA MR. TOMÁS SOLÍS MR. ERIN ARGUETA Dewey & LeBoeuf, LLP 1101 New York Avenue, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20005-4213 (202) 346-8198 On behalf of the United States of America: MR. JEFFREY D. KOVAR Assistant Legal Adviser MR. LISA J. GROSH Deputy Assistant Legal Adviser MR. MARK E. FELDMAN Chief, NAFTA/CAFTA-DR Arbitration Division, Office of International Claims and Investment Disputes MR. NEALE BERGMAN MR. DAVID BIGGE MS. ALICIA L. CATE MR. PATRICK PEARSALL MS. KARIN KIZER MR. GARY SAMPLINER MR. JEREMY SHARPE Attorney-Advisers, Office of International Claims and Investment Disputes Office of International Claims and Investment Disputes Office of International Claims and Investment Disputes Office of The Legal Adviser U.S. Department of State Suite 203, South Building 2430 E Street, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20037-2800 (202) 776-8443 | Direct examination by Mr. Stern Cross-examination by Mr. Debevoise Redirect examination by Mr. Stern Questions from the Tribunal Further redirect exam. by Mr. Stern Recross-examination by Mr. Debevoise 1375 SHANNON PRATT Direct examination by Mr. Foster Cross-examination by Mr. Foster Questions from the Tribunal Recross-examination by Mr. Debevoise LOUIS THOMPSON Direct examination by Mr. Foster Cross-examination by Mr. Foster Questions from the Tribunal Purther cross-examination by Mr. Debevoise 1425 Questions from the Tribunal Further cross-exam. by Mr. Debevoise Direct examination by Mr. Debevoise PABLO T. SPILLER Direct examination by Mr. Debevoise Cross-examination by Mr. Debevoise Questions from the Tribunal Purcher examination by Mr. Debevoise Cross-examination by Mr. Debevoise Cross-examination by Mr. Debevoise 1526 Redirect examination by Mr. Debevoise Questions from the Tribunal 1556 |
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| APPEARANCES: (Continued) On behalf of the U.S. Trade Representative: MS. KIMBERLEY CLAMAN Senior Director | PRESIDENT RIGO: We will start the day. Good morning, Mr. MacSwain. I don't knowhow do you pronounce your name? MacSwain. So, I said it right. So, you have the Declaration as expert, and if you kindly read it to us. Pressexcuse me, sir. Press the button. MR. DEBEVOISE: Mr. President, before we begin, we were sent two so-called "demonstrative exhibits" last night by the counsel for the Claimant. I think the intention was to use them in today's stestimony. One of them, I think, relates to Mr. MacSwain. The other one I'm not quite sure which once is going to use it. I just wanted to say that Mith respect to one of the exhibits, which is called the MacSwain rebuttal, I guess we were able it check the data points, and they seem to be okay. They seem to be using data points that are in the record already. But with respect to another one, with respect to Iowa Inter-state Railway EBITDA, I think we have |

1285 1287 09:01:14 1 some very strong objections to its use. We have no 09:03:21 1 leasing railroad real estate. 2 way of verifying this chart. You'll recall that the A. Certainly. 3 financials we received for RDC were almost completely I have been in real estate since 1967, but 4 blacked out, and we think that this one should not be 4 for the last 25 years I basically have been involved 5 used because the date is not in the record, and we 5 with railroad real estate. I was former Senior Vice 6 don't know how we can possibly check this, so I wanted 6 President of Guildford Transportation, who owned three 7 to raise that before we begin the testimony today. 7 railroads, the Delaware and Hudson, the Boston and PRESIDENT RIGO: Mr. Foster. 8 Maine, and the Maine Central Railroad. I was in MR. FOSTER: I won't use the one they've 9 charge of their real estate operations. 10 objected to without first allowing them to present I then formed my own company as a consultant 11 their objection and the panel ruling on it. 11 for railroads and railroad real estate, and some of my 12 clients were CSX, Union Pacific, Illinois Central, 12 PRESIDENT RIGO: Thank you, Mr. Foster. 13 Then, Mr. MacSwain, we will proceed with your 13 Florida East Coast Railway, New York Transit 14 Declaration as an expert. MacSwain. 14 Authority, and others. ROBERT MacSWAIN, CLAIMANT'S WITNESS, CALLED And then in my remainder of my career I spent 15 THE WITNESS: I solemnly declare upon my 16 seven to eight areas as Vice Chairman of Florida East 16 17 honor and conscience that my statement will be in 17 Coast Industries who owned Florida East Coast Railway, 18 accordance with my sincere belief. 18 and I was also President of a company called Flagler PRESIDENT RIGO: Thank you, sir. 19 19 Development Company, which was owned by Florida East 20 Coast Industries and the railway. And as President, 20 Mr. Stern. 21 MR. STERN: Thank you, Mr. President. 21 we developed approximately six and a half million DIRECT EXAMINATION 22 square feet of office, showroom, and industrial real 22 1286 1288 BY MR. STERN: 09:02:32 1 09:04:48 1 estate in the State of Florida, and the great bulk of Q. Good morning, Mr. MacSwain. 2 that was actually developed on railway-owned real A. Good morning. 3 estate. Q. Do you have in front of you copies of the two 4 Q. Thank you. 5 Expert Reports you have submitted in this arbitration, Now, to help illustrate your testimony dated May 18, 2009, and March 15, 2011? analysis, I will put up on the screen the A. I do. demonstrative exhibit. Q. Okay. And do you ratify each of these Can you explain what this chart shows. 9 reports and affirm their truthfulness before the 9 A. Yes, sir. 10 Tribunal? There are three components to it. One A. I do. 11 component is the existing agreements that the railway, 11 12 the railroad had, and also the COBIGUA lease and some Mr. MacSwain, what Expert analysis were you 13 asked to perform in this case? 13 short-term rentals; that is in the, I think--I'm 14 A. I was asked to opine and assess the revenue 14 partially color blind, but I think it's in the green. 15 that could be generated on the railways' rights-of-way 15 Then the red is the right-of-way leases that existed 16 and commercial yards and leases with regard to real 16 and then was projected as for the remaining 42 years 17 estate. 17 remaining on the Agreement. And the other was the yards and railroad real Q. And are you referring to the revenues that 19 would have been generated by Ferrovías? 19 estate that was not necessarily right-of-way and also 20 projected over the remaining 42 years of the Agreement 20 Α. Yes. Could you please describe to the Tribunal 21 with regard to revenue. 22 some of your background and experience in valuing and Q. And the projections that are shown here on

09:06:28 1 this chart here, do these come from--which Report does 09:09:19 1

- 2 that come from in your submissions?
- This comes from the second rebuttal, Second 4 Report.
- Q. Now, regarding the first component of your
- 6 analysis and projection, the revenues FVG would have
- 7 earned from its pre-existing right-of-way and property
- 8 leases and short-term rentals, does the Respondent
- 9 damages Expert Dr. Spiller adopt your projections?
- A. He does. I think we are in agreement with 10
- 11 regard to this one.
- Okay. Now, regarding the second line, the 12
- 13 red line on the demonstrative, the revenues you
- 14 project FVG would have earned from additional
- 15 right-of-way leases, is it your opinion that your
- 16 projections are reasonably certain?
- A. Yes, sir. 17
- Q. Okay. Please explain to the Tribunal the
- 19 basis for your opinion.
- A. Well, there's probably four components to 20
- 21 that. One would be 25 years or so of executing these
- 22 kind of agreements with the railroad and railroads,

- Okay. Let's go to Annex one of your Rebuttal 2 Report. Can you describe what this map illustrates.
 - A. Yes. Those are the Main Line and the spur

 - 4 lines through the entire railway rights-of-way, and it
 - 5 shows that virtually--virtually the entire
 - 6 rights-of-way are now presently occupied by industrial
 - squatters and power lines.
 - Q. Now, does Respondent's Expert Dr. Spiller
 - 9 disagree with your projections of the additional
 - 10 easements that Ferrovias would have obtained in the
 - 11 absence of a Lesivo Resolution?
 - A. Yes, he does.
 - 13 Q. What is your understanding of Dr. Spiller's
 - 14 Opinion in that regard?
 - A. Well, it's difficult to understand as you
 - 16 look at these--at this map and the illustration.
 - 17 They're all over the right-of-way, virtually the
 - 18 entire right-of-way; and, therefore, it would be hard
 - 19 to believe that those would not have been legalized
 - 20 and then monetized by the railway if the Decree had
 - 21 not occurred.
 - Q. Okay. Now, let's talk briefly about your

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- 09:07:33 1 whether they be transmission, fiber-optic, gas lines,
 - 2 et cetera. I have done dozens of these during my
 - 3 career.
 - Secondly, there was existing agreements that
 - had been in place with the Ferrovias, the railway, and
 - they had been negotiated by the railroad.
 - Thirdly, there was a contract that was about 8 to be executed with Gesur, and that was about to be
 - 9 done at \$3,200 a mile and--I think 32 kilometers, I'm
 - 10 sorry. And that agreement was about to be done, but
 - 11 there was a lesivo Decree that caused the transaction
 - 12 not to be completed.
 - And then I think the most accurate of all is
 - 14 the--looking at the right-of-way, that we have
 - 15 industrial squatters on the right-of-way that have
 - 16 virtually filled the right-of-way, and I think that I
 - 17 asked Mr. Senn to, after the completion of my Report,
 - 18 to virtually look at the entire right-of-way, both
 - 19 Main Line and spur lines, to see if there were any
 - 20 squatters on it that was longitudinally, which would
 - 21 be for the most part in this instance electrical
 - 22 easements.

09:10:41 1 projections of the revenues from the additional

2 station and station yard leases Ferrovías would have

- 3 obtained in the absence of a Lesivo Resolution.
- Is it your opinion that your projections are 5 reasonably certain?
 - A. Yes, sir.
- Q. And can you please explain the basis for your 8 opinion.
- A. Well, I think there's three components to
- 10 that question. One would be the location of these
- 11 properties. As you look at the map, you will notice
- 12 that the rights-of-way run right through the central
- 13 areas of the communities of Guatemala, and this is
- 14 where people live and work, and you would be
- 15 hard-pressed to find more centralized locations than
- 16 those that this railway went through.
- Two, we had some action, I quess, with some 17
- 18 companies with regard to certain locations, and one
- 19 would be Gerona. Gerona was an area that we could
- 20 have probably immediately started to develop a parking
- 21 lot. That did not occur because of the lesivo Act.
- We had activity with UniSuper, I think it's

1295 1293 09:12:24 1 called, which is a supermarket chain that was 09:14:51 1 Q. And while you were there you negotiated 2 interested in doing a development, a venture 2 several fiber-optic right-of-law leasing transactions 3 development with the railway and Zacapa and, I think, 3 with big companies like AT&T, Sprint, and MCI; is that 4 three or four other locations. 4 right? And when you look at the analysis that I did, A. Yes, sir. 5 6 I believe they were highly conservative. I used Q. Okay. Have you seen any reference in the 7 delayed start dates, high vacancy rates, virtually no 7 record in this case to big telecommunication companies 8 inflationary movement in most of the properties, no 8 like AT&T in Guatemala? 9 increase in rents, excuse me; a 10 percent return on A. No, I have not, but I have seen electrical 10 real estate, which is a very normal return for any 10 transmissions, which is the same basic thing. It's a 11 land lease investment. 11 longitudinal transaction on a right-of-way. So, I feel pretty comfortable that--I don't O. Yeah, but we're talking about 13 understand how Dr. Spiller can, in fact, say that for 13 telecommunications there, was my question. 14 the next 42 years that there would be no value to the 14 A. Okav. 15 real estate that is so centrally located in these Q. Then you founded a consulting company where 16 communities. 16 you spent a decade, and you worked for clients in the Q. Thank you, Mr. MacSwain. I have no further 17 railroad and telecommunications industries, this time 17 18 with some clients in the Chicago area and Canada and 18 questions. 19 PRESIDENT RIGO: Mr. Debevoise. 19 Florida; is that right? CROSS-EXAMINATION A. That is correct, sir. 20 21 BY MR. DEBEVOISE: Q. Oh, and again I see you were involved with Q. Good morning, Mr. MacSwain. 22 AT&T and NYMEX, the big Bell companies--1294 1296 09:15:39 1 09:14:04 1 A. Good morning, sir. A. That is correct, sir. Q. My name is Whitney Debevoise, and I represent SECRETARY SEQUEIRA: Mr. Debevoise, for 3 Guatemala in this proceeding, and I will be asking you 3 purposes of the interpretation, can you slow down just 4 some questions about your reports. 4 a little bit. A. Okay. MR. DEBEVOISE: Okay. Q. You talked a little bit about your BY MR. DEBEVOISE: 7 background. I quess you spent nearly 20 years or half Q. Then, in 1999, about the time that the 8 of your employed career with the Hartford Insurance 8 Guatemalan railroad was restarting service, you served 9 Group doing domestic U.S. real estate development on 9 as Vice Chairman of Florida East Coast Industries, the 10 large downtown office buildings, golf resorts, 10 holding company for the Florida East Coast railroad; 11 suburban office parks, and planned communities; is 11 right? 12 that right? Yes, and the holding company for--A. That is correct, sir. 13 O. And when you were Vice Chairman--14 Q. That doesn't sound very much like Guatemala, 14 PRESIDENT RIGO: Excuse me, please wait to 15 question the Expert that he has finished, and vice 15 does it? A. Well, I think if I could answer, I think real 16 versa, the Expert to reply and the question had been 17 estate development is real estate development. 17 asked. Q. Okay. And for five or six years you were 18 BY MR. DEBEVOISE:

Q. And when you were Vice Chairman,

20 approximately how many tons of freight a year did

A. I frankly had nothing to do with the railway

21 Florida East Coast Railways ship?

19 with Guildford Transportation Industries which runs

20 railroads in New England in the United States;

21 correct?

A. Yes, sir.

1299 1297 09:16:27 1 operations, so I don't know. 09:18:23 1 you had reviewed Contract 402? But it was probably in the millions; correct? A. Where did I say that? A. I can't answer that. I don't know. Q. Let me direct you to that. Okay. And while you worked in Florida -- and I

5 assume you worked--you lived in Florida while you

6 worked there; is that right?

A. That is correct.

O. Okay. And you served as President of Grand

9 Central Corporation or is it Grand? I'm not sure.

10 The Report said Grand?

A. Believe it or not, it's without the D. 11

Q. Without the D, okay, thank you. 12

And then you retired and performed consulting

14 assignments such as the one you're doing for RDC;

15 right?

16 A. Yes, sir.

Q. Okay. Mr. MacSwain, after all this time in

18 the railroad business, you kind of like railroads,

19 don't you?

A. I like the real estate with railroads. 20

Q. Okay. Would you say, though, you're bit of

22 an enthusiast about railroads?

If you look, sir, on Page 2 of your Report in

5 Paragraph 3.1.

A. You are correct. I stand corrected.

Q. Okay. Thank you.

And you conducted your analysis as of the

9 time of the Lesivo Declaration in August 2006; is that

10 right?

A. I think that's when I was there, yes.

Q. Well, I was asking you about the analysis,

13 not when you were there.

14 A. Oh.

Q. In other words, you were trying to establish

16 these future flows as of August 2006; right, the time

17 of the Lesivo Declaration?

A. I have to say that I'm not exactly sure about

19 August 2006.

Q. I see. All right. 20

So, another way of putting this is that you

22 were asked to ascertain what results a potential

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09:17:21 1 A. No, I'm an enthusiast about real estate.

Okay. And have you ever consulted for RDC

3 before?

A. No, sir.

Q. Now, you were asked to assess and opine on

6 the reasonably expected returns on the exclusive

7 leasing and development rights for the Ferrovías

8 right-of-way, station and station yard real estate

9 assets that were granted to Ferrovías as of the time

10 immediately prior to the issuance of the Lesivo

11 Resolution in August 2006; is that correct?

A. That is correct.

Q. So, your job was to calculate the reasonably

14 expected revenue stream of real estate business

15 associated with assets granted in this Usufruct;

16 correct?

A. Correct. 17

Q. That was a grant under Contract 402 as to

19 which Guatemala has taken no action; correct? That's

20 not at issue in this case?

A. I have no idea what 402 is, so I don't know.

Q. I think in your First Report you said that

1300

09:19:44 1 willing buyer of this real estate Usufruct would have

2 projected; right? That was basically your task as set

3 forth in 1.1 of your statement.

MR. STERN: Objection. I think that

5 mischaracterizes his Report.

MR. DEBEVOISE: Could the witness please read

7 1.1 of his First Statement.

THE WITNESS: 1.1 says, "My name is Robert F.

9 MacSwain. I have been asked by Claimant Railroad

10 Development (RDC) to assess and opine on what were the

11 reasonably expected returns on the exclusive leasing

12 and development rights for the right-of-way station

13 and station yard real estate assets that were granted

14 to RDC's Investment Enterprise Ferrovías Guatemala

15 (FVG) by the Government of Guatemala pursuant to a

16 50-year Onerous Usufruct (the Usufruct) as at the time

17 immediately prior to the issuance of the Government's

18 Lesivo Resolution in August 2006."

BY MR. DEBEVOISE:

Q. Thank you. And a few minutes ago you said 20

21 you weren't quite sure of whether you actually did it

22 as of August 2006; is that right?

| | 1301 | | 1303 |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 09:21:05 1 | PRESIDENT RIGO: Before you reply, Professor | 09.23.26 1 | Clause 13C-22that break the task of rehabilitating |
| 1 | Crawford has a question. | | the railway system into five phases. I think they're |
| 3 | ARBITRATOR CRAWFORD: It's not a question. | 3 | |
| 1 | We are dealing with experts now. I don't think we | 4 | |
| 1 | need the same sort of intervention from counsel as | 5 | BY MR. DEBEVOISE: |
| 1 | we've had with fact witnesses. Mr. MacSwain is quite | 6 | Q. And could we have Clause 13, please. And |
| 7 | | 7 | |
| 8 | MR. DEBEVOISE: Thank you, Professor | 8 | And I think when you reviewed this Clause 13, |
| 9 | | 9 | |
| 10 | BY MR. DEBEVOISE: | 10 | |
| 11 | Q. Mr. MacSwain, when were you retained in this | 11 | the phases for the rehabilitation; is that right? You |
| | matter? | 12 | see where it links Phase II is supposed to begin three |
| 13 | A. II cannot give you an exact date. I don't | | years after the effectiveness of Deed 402? |
| 14 | know the answer to that. | 14 | A. I see what it says. |
| 15 | Q. Can you give me an approximate time when you | 15 | Q. All right. That's what it says; right, okay? |
| 16 | were approached and asked to take on this assignment? | 16 | A. Seemingly so, yes. |
| 17 | A. I would say that it had to be sometime in | 17 | Q. Right. And the Agreement became effective on |
| 18 | - | 18 | May 23, 1998, so three years later would have been May |
| 19 | Q. You have | 19 | of 2001; right? |
| 20 | A. Prior to my visit to Guatemala, so it had to | 20 | A. Yes. |
| 21 | be in 2006. | 21 | Q. And the time associated with Phase III is |
| 22 | Q. Okay, thank you. | 22 | five years after effectiveness, so that would have |
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| | 1302 | | 1304 |
| 09:22:06 1 | 1302
And after you were retained, in order to | 09:25:11 1 | 1304
been 2003: right? |
| 09:22:06 1 | And after you were retained, in order to | | been 2003; right? |
| 2 | And after you were retained, in order to conduct a willing-buyer analysis, you did some | 2 | been 2003; right? A. It's seemingit seems what is the math is. |
| 2 3 | And after you were retained, in order to conduct a willing-buyer analysis, you did some investigations. You described those in Section 3 of | 2 3 | <pre>been 2003; right? A. It's seemingit seems what is the math is. Q. Right. And the time for Phase IV is 10 years</pre> |
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4 | And after you were retained, in order to conduct a willing-buyer analysis, you did some investigations. You described those in Section 3 of your first report. And I think you state there that | 2
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4 | <pre>been 2003; right? A. It's seemingit seems what is the math is. Q. Right. And the time for Phase IV is 10 years after effectiveness of 2008?</pre> |
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5 | And after you were retained, in order to conduct a willing-buyer analysis, you did some investigations. You described those in Section 3 of your first report. And I think you state there that you reviewed the Business Plan that Ferrovías prepared | 2
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5 | been 2003; right? A. It's seemingit seems what is the math is. Q. Right. And the time for Phase IV is 10 years after effectiveness of 2008? A. Okay. Q. And the time for Phase V is 15 years after, |
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1307 1305 09:26:56 1 I keep going? 09:29:42 1 BY MR. DEBEVOISE: No, I think you've caught the essence of it. Q. And you assumed in your analysis that there What exactly--oh, I'm sorry. 3 would be real estate revenues from all phases of this Okay, I'm sorry. Excuse me. Could we just 4 Usufruct--right?--all 800 kilometers. scroll down, please, to Clause 4. PRESIDENT RIGO: Before the Expert replies, I'm sorry, it's Clause 19--6 on the objection that had been raised, I think the (Pause.) 7 Expert is not pronouncing himself on the clause of the 8 Contract, but should answer assuming that what counsel Okay. I'm sorry. So, keep going, then, 9 is explaining is correct. 9 please. A. Where am I now? THE WITNESS: Yes, I will agree. What I was 10 10 Okay. Start there now with, "of the 13th 11 trying to say, obviously poorly, was that I was going 11 12 Clause" where you were, I think. 12 to analyze all of the real estate, and the legal 13 A. Could I make a comment before I read on, 13 people could figure out whether the real estate should 14 please? 14 or should not have been analyzed and valued and was 15 Certainly. 15 able to be leased. For example, if there is no rail A. I'm not quite sure exactly what this has to 16 on a right-of-way at all, and there is no trains 17 do with my analysis of real estate. This seems to be 17 running on a right-of-way, it makes it even easier for 18 a legal matter that would be handled by the lawyers 18 electrical transmission and other people to use that 19 and not by a real estate person. I look at--being 19 right-of-way, and I was valuing it as something that 20 asked to value the real estate, and the legal people 20 they would use. 21 have to figure out whether or not the real estate 21 Q. Thank you. Thank you, Mr. MacSwain. 22 belongs to them or not. That is not under my 22 And according to Mr. Thompson's First Report, 1306 1308 09:31:07 1 Ferrovías would only develop the Atlantic corridor. 09:28:39 1 assignment to do, and that's why I'm having a problem 2 If we look at Paragraph 57 of Mr. Thompson's Report--2 doing this. Q. Okay. I appreciate that, Mr. MacSwain, but A. I will, but I did not read Mr. Thompson's 4 the language here says that the real property, where 4 Report. 5 the railway has yet to be restored, would have to be Q. Okay. So, Mr. Thompson said that in his 6 returned to Guatemala or to FEGUA. 6 Report, yet you assumed in doing your work that you MR. STERN: Objection. Asking for a legal 7 were doing a valuation on the entire Usufruct, so you 8 interpretation and conclusion. As the witness is not 8 were assuming that the full amount would always be 9 a lawyer, as he's already stated, he's not to testify 9 available for 42 years; correct? 10 on interpretation of legal documents. A. That--that was the basis of my valuation, 10 MR. DEBEVOISE: Right. And I'm not asking 11 ves. 11 12 him to interpret it. I'm just asking him what it Okay. And yet we saw that in the Contract, 13 says, that the Contract clearly says that under 13 if Ferrovías did not build out the system, they might 14 certain circumstances, the real estate might have to 14 have to surrender portions, and you said you would 15 be returned, and I'm not saying that that condition 15 depend on a lawyer to tell you that. 16 exists today. I'm just saying that that's what the A. I repeat that that was a decision that 17 lawyers would have to handle, but I was going to 17 Contract says. 18 valuate it as if that was an entire right-of-way. 18 MR. STERN: I think the Contract speaks for 19 itself. Q. Okay. And did you take any look at the MR. DEBEVOISE: Okay. We will admit that. 20 Financial Statements for Ferrovías to see whether they 20 21 The Contract speaks for itself. 21 had any leasing income during the time that they were

22 operating in Guatemala?

(Tribunal conferring.)

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| 09:32:39 1 | A. | Yes. | 09:35:16 1 | did you | ? |
| 2 | Q. | All right. And could we please put up | 2 | A. | I was asked to value the real estate, sir. |
| 1 | | , FVG's Annual Report for 2005, specifically | 3 | Q. | Okay, sir. |
| 4 | | to the Financial Statements, which is on | 4 | | I valued the real estate. |
| 5 | Page 18 | of the English version. | 5 | Q. | Okay. So, let's talk a little bit about what |
| 6 | A. | Page | 6 | you did | |
| 7 | Q. | Page 18, please. | 7 | | You stated in your First Report that from |
| 8 | | There's English and Spanish in there, but is | l . | - | 12 to August 19 you personally went to |
| 9 | | back to the very back, you will find the | 9 | | la as part of your diligence; right? |
| 10 | | als and the notes to the financials. Note 19 | 1 | | |
| 11 | | Page 18, Note 19. | 11 | ~ | Okay. And do you recall how far in advance |
| 12 | | Right. And | 1 | | trip you were retained for this assignment? |
| 13 | | I think I'm on the wrong one here. | 13 | Α. | I don't recall exactly how far in advance I |
| 14 | Q. | Okay. There we go. | 14 | | Did you do some you've on the agricument before |
| 15 | Number | Did you find the right one? It's Exhibit | 15 | Q. | 1 |
| 17 | Number | 27(II).
(Pause.) | 16
17 | 4 | t to Guatemala? Oh, I looked at some stuff that had |
| 18 | ٨ | Have you located it, sir? | 18 | | ertainly had many phone conversations. |
| 19 | Q.
A. | No, but I'm going to look on the sheet here | 19 | | I see. But you based a large part of your |
| 20 | | which portion are you | 20 | - | on that trip that you made in August of 2007; |
| 21 | O. | Okay. Do you see there about a third of the | | | |
| 22 | ~ | where it says, "The sanctions for the | 22 | | That is correct. |
| " | way down | i where it built, the bunctions for the | | 111 | inde is correct. |
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| 09:34:22 1 | Usufruc | 1310 cary specified in the Contract are the | 09:36:13 1 | Q. | 1312
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followi | tary specified in the Contract are the | 1 | Q.
to Guat | Okay. Was this the first time you ever went |
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| 2 | followi | cary specified in the Contract are the ng"? | 2 | to Guat | Okay. Was this the first time you ever went emala? |
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Q. | Okay. Was this the first time you ever went emala? Yes. Have you been back since? No. |
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1313 1315 Q. And while on the tour you said that you had A. I don't understand what that question means. 09:37:02 1 09:39:08 1 2 discussions with various local developers, potential 2 What do you mean? 3 Ferrovías investors, and customers from 2006, as well Q. The names of the other people, the sources 4 as local financial institutions and real estate 4 that you spoke to were not considered important enough 5 by you to list them in the Report. You could have put 5 professionals; right? A. That's correct. 6 an annex in and said I spoke to X, Y, Z, et cetera, Q. Okay. In total, about how many people did 7 but you listed five people. A. I listed five people who are developers, and 8 you speak to? A. I couldn't tell you in total at all, but 9 one of them was a real estate broker and represented 10 Korean investors, bankers. 10 there certainly was telephone conversations with 11 bankers, and I think those are listed on my annex to What I don't understand where you're going, I 11 12 my Report, and also conversations I had with others, 12 talked to people who were in the business. 13 which is also listed in my Expert Report. Q. Okay. And who was Gustavo Arriola? A. Let me find it. Q. I see. So, the people you spoke with are 14 14 He was a person that was interested in the 15 listed in your Report? A. The people that I spoke with are listed in 16 Genora station parking lot. 17 the annex of my Report, I think. Q. Okay. And, Mr. MacSwain, you expressed some 17 Q. Yes, okay. I think that's Number 2 to your 18 opinions about a long list of properties, 20 some-odd 19 Report; correct? 19 properties. Did you meet anyone who had specific 20 knowledge about the real estate market in Chiquimula? A. Yes. 20 Q. Okay. Exhibit 2. All right. A. I think that Mr. Azurdia did. 21 Are you familiar with the community of real Q. I see. What about Impala? 1314 1316 09:40:32 1 A. I can't remember whether he did or he didn't. 09:38:01 1 estate professionals in Guatemala? O. Um-hmm. What about Amatitlan? A. No. Q. And the people you spoke to, were they people A. You mean all the properties that I gave very 4 that Ferrovias suggested you talk to? 4 low value to? Is that what you're referencing? A. They would be the only source, other than I 5 Because they're not prominent locations? I don't understand where you're going, so I'm 6 did--the answer to that would yes. Q. Okay. Thank you. 7 more than happy to answer your question. A. They were the people that Ferrovías had dealt Q. I asked you a simple question, and I'm trying 9 with. 9 to find out how you learned about these different Q. Um-hmm, okay. In Exhibit 2 to your First 10 properties that you listed and valued. 10 11 Report, you referred to conversations with A. Because you would talk to people like 12 Mr. Alejandro Arriola, Juan Antonio Azurdia, Drego 12 Mr. Azurdia and actually talk to other real estate 13 Castillo, and Gustavo Arriola, and Juan Pablo 13 people that I have mentioned in here. 14 Olyslager. 14 Q. Um-hmm, okay. If we look at your First A. Conversation, yes. 15 Statement, and we looked, for example, at item E on 15 Q. Do you remember the names of any other people 16 Page 12 of your First Statement, you're talking about 17 with whom you met while in Guatemala, other than 17 Zacapa? 18 Ferrovías personnel? 18 A. Yes.

21 traffic.

A. Yes.

Q. Okay. And at the end of the third sentence,

20 you said that this would be perfect for intermodal

19

22 put in your Report?

A. No, I was pretty busy while I was running

Q. Okay. But they weren't important enough to

20 around, so I don't remember the names, no.

- 09:41:46 1 $\,$ Q. Okay. Would your opinion about that change
 - 2 if I told you that in the course of these proceedings,
 - 3 we had a witness who moved containers for Ferrovias
 - 4 from a point right next to their station in Guatemala
 - 5 City, and he said that the volume of containers he was
 - 6 handling was maybe 60 or 80 containers a week?
 - A. Would my opinion change? No.
 - 8 Q. Would your opinion about the value of this
 - 9 real estate change?
 - 10 A. I have no idea who the person was. I
 - 11 can't--I never heard what he had to say, and you're
 - 12 now telling me what he had to say. I would look at a
 - 13 place that as far as I was concerned was midway
 - 14 between the port and Guatemala City, and it seemed to
 - 15 me--and a new highway was actually being constructed,
 - 16 and it seemed to me that it made perfect sense for an
 - 17 intermodal facility.
 - 18 Q. Okay. And if I told you that that same
 - 19 person testified in this proceeding that he was
 - 20 handling 80 percent of all of Ferrovías's container
 - 21 traffic arriving in Guatemala City, would your opinion
 - 22 about the possibilities in Zacapa change?

- 09:44:23 1 12, and El Rancho; is that correct?
 - A. Yes, we spoke in detail about those.
 - Q. Okay. And you contrast that, however, with
 - 4 his knowledge of other properties which you described
 - 5 in Exhibit 2 as, "reasonably knowledgeable." That
 - 6 doesn't sound very convincing, Mr. MacSwain, does it?
 - 7 A. That I used the word "reasonably"?
 - Q. Well, that you made a contrast between
 - 9 Mr. Azurdia--Mr. Azurdia is your source here; right?
 - 10 A. He's one of them.
 - 11 Q. Okay.
 - A. If I may answer, I know something about real
 - 13 estate, I guess, and I know a lot about Boston real
 - 14 estate, where I was born and raised, but I might not
 - 15 know much about Chicago real estate as I do Boston,
 - 16 but that doesn't mean I don't know Chicago real
 - 17 estate.
 - 18 Q. Okay. Now, Mr. Azurdia talked to you about
 - 19 the properties about which he was very knowledgeable,
 - 20 the four properties that were being considered as
 - 21 investment properties, but what did you quote him as
 - 22 saying about them in Exhibit 2 of your Report? Can we

1320

- 09:42:59 1 A. Probably not.
 - Q. Do you know whether the highway was, in fact, constructed?
 - 4 A. I know that I was in a traffic nightmare
 - 5 getting back and fourth there in the middle of the
 - 6 evening trying to get back, and it was under
 - 7 construction at the time. Whether or not it is
 - 8 finished, I don't know.
 - 9 Q. Okay. You said you had subsequent
 - 10 conversations with Mr. Azurdia. Who introduced you to
 - 11 him?
 - 12 A. Let me think for a second.
 - I think he was known by Jorge Senn, but the
 - 14 person who introduced me would be Pablo Alonzo because
 - 15 at the time I think Jorge was in some kind of Court
 - 16 case, and I therefore met him with Pablo.
 - 17 Q. That's the same Mr. Alonzo seated at counsel
 - 18 table over to your left?
 - 19 A. That is he.
 - 20 Q. Okay. Now, you said in Exhibit 2 to your
 - 21 First Report that Mr. Azurdia was very knowledgeable
 - 22 about properties such as Gerona, Escuintla, and Zona

- 09:45:35 1 take a quick look at that.
 - 2 Do you see, sir, in the middle of the third
 - 3 paragraph where he says, "It would not be worth the
 - 4 time and money to perform the significant due
 - 5 diligence that would be required"?
 - A. I see that.
 - 7 O. Okay. So, he's talking to you about these
 - 8 properties. He hasn't done the significant due
 - 9 diligence on these properties. What significant due
 - 10 diligence did you do on these properties?
 - 11 A. I don't think he's saying that at all. If
 - 12 you look and say whether or not the Korean investors
 - 13 would put money into these properties, they would
 - 14 probably be calling for a lot of due diligence as to
 - 15 people to put money into property. That could not
 - 16 necessarily mean that you don't know the value of the
 - 17 property.
 - 18 Q. Okay. And in fact, if we read this
 - 19 carefully, what he's really saying is that because of
 - 20 the lesivo, it's not worth putting the time and effort
 - 21 in, isn't he?
 - 22 A. That is correct.

1321 1323 Q. Right, okay. And your task was to determine 09:46:46 1 09:49:13 1 Okay. And could we please take a look 2 the value of these properties absent the lesivo; 2 at--sorry, here. The second paragraph in the left column. 3 correct? 3 A. Correct. A. I see it. Q. Okay. So--Q. Could you read that, please. What does that A. I'm not following. I'm sorry. 6 paragraph say? 0. I think the Tribunal can understand. A. "These include a lack of available financing A. Well, I think I should also, in order to 8 in the region for our capital programs and working 9 answer the question. 9 capital needs and a similar lack of available Q. I didn't ask you the question about that. I 10 financing for potential users--10 11 just made an observation about it. 11 (Lost interpretation.) A. Go ahead. A. "These include a lack of available financing 12 13 Q. All right. You discussed infrastructure 13 in the region for our capital programs and working 14 development and/or construction financing with 14 capital needs and a similar lack of available 15 Mr. Azurdia, according to Exhibit 2; correct? 15 financing for potential users of our right-of-way for A. Correct. 16 projects such as fiber optics." 16 O. And he said that the Lesivo Declaration, Q. Thank you. You also mention in Exhibit 2 17 17 18 "virtually negated," any possibility to obtain 18 your efforts to speak to bankers about possible 19 financing; right? 19 financing, but reported that they said that a A. Correct. 20 face-to-face meeting would serve no purpose; is that 20 21 correct? Back in Exhibit 2. Q. But did you discuss with him whether and on A. Correct. 22 what terms financing would have been available absent 1322 1324 09:47:45 1 the Lesivo Declaration? 09:50:54 1 Okay. But what does your Report do to A. No, and if you look at the Rebuttal Report, 2 address the pre-lesivo environment? 3 all of the financing that would have been necessary What does my Report--4 for land improvements had been removed and, therefore, Q. Yes. The availability of financing in the 5 there was not a cause for the need for financing. It 5 pre-lesivo environment. 6 was a straight due leasing proposition. Q. I see. And so none of these properties would 8 have required any kind of development, any kind of 8 therefore all of my valuations were based upon the 9 investment by the person who was going to rent the 9 inability to obtain financing and pure leasing, and 10 property? A. That had nothing to do with the financing by 11 was. 11 12 the railway.

Q. Well, I don't think we're talking about 14 financing for the railway. We're talking about 15 financing for properties. A. Well, what we were talking about is FVG's 17 ability to obtain financing for infrastructure

18 development and/or construction. It has nothing to do 19 with the people who were going to lease it.

Q. All right. Well, why don't we put up 20 21 C-27(d), the Annual Report of Ferrovias 2001. If we

22 could go to RDC001046.

A. Well, it seems to me it was an after-the-fact 7 matter that when I was there lesivo had occurred, and 10 that's why the Rebuttal Report is issued in the way it Q. All right. But basically when it comes right 13 down to it, we don't have any real hard evidence. We 14 don't have any affidavits from any people. I don't 15 know if you made some notes on your trip, but we don't 16 have those. All we have are your two reports and not 17 any real documentation about any real possibilities. A. You have--you have my two reports, and I have 19 your two reports which says that there is no value 20 whatsoever in the land in Guatemala. Q. All right. I think, sir, that our Report

22 says there is no evidence of the value, and it's

1327 1325 09:52:14 1 your--it's the Claimants who have the burden of proof 09:54:58 1 Q. Okay. So, you were assuming or you were 2 on this issue. 2 projecting--excuse me--that in 2006, when there were A. No, I don't think that's accurate. I think 3 78 kilometers--excuse me, 72.8 kilometers--that the 4 that the Report says that, for example, there would be 4 very next year the entire system would be leased? 5 no additional longitudinal transactions done on the A. That is basically correct. 6 right-of-way, and it's now filled with them. Q. Okay. So, in other words, you were assuming Q. Why don't we talk a little bit about this, 7 an increase--an additional 1,360 kilometers because 8 about your projections for the right-of-way income. 8 you had two lines on every kilometer; is that right? As of 2006, just prior to the lesivo, A. Yes. 10 Ferrovías had signed contracts for a total of 72.8 Q. Okay. So, from one year to the next there 11 kilometers of right-of-way easements with industrial 11 would be a 1,870 percent increase in the amount of 12 customers: is that correct? 12 leases. A. I believe that's correct. 13 A. And I think that that has been altered, has Q. I think that's in Paragraph 5 of your Second 14 it not, sir, in my Rebuttal Report? 14 15 Report. Q. I'm not asking you about that yet. We will 16 A. Okay. 16 get to that, but this is your First Report. Q. Now, in your First Report, you assumed that A. Okay. 17 18 in the year immediately after the lesivo--that would Q. So, that's what you assumed and then--or what 19 be 2007--Ferrovías would have been able to fully cover 19 you projected. 20 the length of its network; is that correct, sir? 20 And then, I believe that the income, which A. Which--are we in the rebuttal? 21 was projected to be generated by this huge increase in 22 Q. No, in your First Report, sir. 22 kilometers being leased, was \$3,168,000. 1328 1326 09:56:31 1 09:53:21 1 A. And page? Do you see that? Just from the main lines. Q. Well, I think we look at Section 7 of your 2 Page 9. 3 Report, which begins on Page 7, and then if we look at A. I'm getting there. 3 4 Page 9, you've got a little chart under 7.1.5. Yes, I see that. And there you're assuming, if we look at the Q. Okay. And you forecast a further 444,960 6 top of the chart, 495 kilometers of main lines and 6 from rural spurs; right? 7 185.4 kilometers of rural spurs. A. Yes. A. Correct. Q. Okay. So, if we add those two amounts Q. All right. And that leasing starts in 2007, 9 together, you're saying that in 2007 Ferrovias would 10 according to the projections that you made? 10 have obtained more than three and a half million from A. Correct. 11 new contracts? 11 Q. Okay. And back in 7.1.4, on the previous A. Yes. 13 page, Page 8, you said in the middle of the paragraph, Q. Okay. That's a 3,800 percent increase in one 14 7.1.4 that without excluding any of the other possible 14 year. Are you aware of that? 15 longitudinal uses listed above, it is reasonable to A. Not until you'd told me. 16 assume that the two main rights-of-way which stretch 16 Q. Okay. Do you think that's reasonable? 17 from Puerto Barrios to Tecún Umán, a total of A. That's why I adjusted my next Report. 17

20 A. Okay.

19 report.

21 Q. This time you corrected yourself, and you

Okay. So, let's talk about your second

22 introduced a ramp-up period; isn't that so?

18 approximately 495 kilometers, would have had at least

19 one electric transmission and one telecommunication

20 main transmission line on each side of the

A. That's what it says, sir.

21 right-of-way; is that correct?

| | | 1329 | | 1331 |
|------------|------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 09:57:44 1 | A. | Second Report is what page, sir? | 10:00:01 1 | |
| 2 | Q. | If we look at Page 5 of your Second Report | 2 | Mr. MacSwain, that there was the so-called Gesur |
| 3 | Ä. | Yep. | 3 | Preliminary Agreement that you talked about; you know, |
| 4 | Q. | now you're forecasting \$412,186 of revenues | 4 | even if we were to assume that that was valid evidence |
| 5 | from eas | ements in 2007. | 5 | of the potential, that was 32 kilometers, wasn't it? |
| 6 | A. | Yes. | 6 | A. Yes, it was. |
| 7 | Q. | Okay. And that, itself, is a 336 percent | 7 | Q. It wasn't the entire system, was it? |
| 8 | increase | compared to the prior year, isn't it? | 8 | A. No, it wasn't, but I think it says right up |
| 9 | A. | The prior year being 2006, obviously? | 9 | here about occupancy, not entire systems, during the |
| 10 | Q. | Yes, sir. | 10 | ramp-up. |
| 11 | A. | And that's 10 percent occupancy. | 11 | And I'm going to venture a guess, but I think |
| 12 | Q. | That's what you assumed? | | I'm going to be correct, that my 2011 number is |
| 13 | A. | Okay. | | probably low based upon the occupancy that is there |
| 14 | Q. | But the total revenues from leasing the prior | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| 1 | year wer | | 15 | use. |
| 16 | | That is correct, and I was valuing a | 16 | Q. Okay. Why don't we put up that map that you |
| 17 | _ | nt occupancy on those people who were already | 17 | were shown on your direct examination. Did you |
| 18 | | d to legitimize their use of the right-of-way. | 18 | prepare this map, sir? |
| 19 | | Right. And then if we look down at the next | 19 | A. I did not. |
| | | 2008, the number doubles. Now it's 824,000, | 20 | Q. Okay. And who did? |
| 1 | | s a 100 percent increase in the next year. | 21 | A. I expect it was via information from Jorge |
| 22 | Α. | At 20 percent occupancy? | 22 | Senn, and I don't know whether the law firm prepared |
| | | 1330 | | 1332 |
| 09:59:09 1 | ~ | Yes, sir. | 10:01:22 1 | the map or not, but I did not prepare the map. |
| 2 | A. | That is how the math works, yes, sir. | 2 | Q. I see. And do you see any kind of a scale on |
| 3 | Q. | Right. And then it doubles again the next | 3 | this map? |
| 4 | <u>.</u> , | - | 4 | A. No. |
| 5 | Α. | Yes, it does. | 5 | Q. Okay. So, we don't really know how many |
| 6 | Q. | Okay. And for 2009, revenues of 1,648,000. | 6 | kilometers belong to which company or what the |
| 7 | Α. | Yes, sir. | 7 | A. What does that haveI don't understand that |
| 8 | Q. | Okay. Now, what evidence do you have that | 8 | question. If they are on the right-of-way, whether |
| 9 | _ | eries of increases would have been feasible? | 9 | they're Gesur or others, they're on the right-of-way. |
| 10 | Α. | What evidence do I have? | 10 | Q. But you're saying that you know they're on |
| 11 | Q. | Yes, sir. | 11 | the right-of-way just because of those pictures. |
| 12 | A. | Multitudes of pictures that show they're all | 12 | They're all going to convert. |
| 13 | | right-of-way. | 13 | A. No, they're not going to convert. They're |
| 14 | Q. | And you're assuming that every single line | 14 | there, and if they're there and you have the use of
the right-of-way, normal real estate action to that |
| 15 | = | took a picture of or that someone took a of for you would be converted into a paying | 15 | would be to get off the right-of-way or pay me. |
| 16
17 | lease. | of for you would be converted filto a paying | 16
17 | Q. Okay. And Ferrovias had been there for eight |
| 18 | A. | Why wouldn't it be? | 18 | years, and they didn't succeed in leasing those |
| 19 | Q. | From one minute to the next. | 19 | properties, did they? |
| l lu | | CIAMILANG MILIMIE LA LUE HEAL. | . 17 | NIONCICIES, MIN CHEA! |

A. No, they did not. I would expect that they

21 were pretty interested in getting the railway up and

22 running, rather interested in real estate at the time.

A. Why wouldn't it be? If you're on property

21 that I have and you aren't paying, I think that's a

22 pretty easy negotiation.

1335 1333 Q. And do you have any evidence that these Q. Okay. Could you read there what it says, 10:02:54 1 10:05:37 1 2 squatters would have stayed if they had to pay \$3,200 2 "While we had originally." "While we had originally contemplated a 3 a kilometer? A. Do I have evidence? Is that your question? 4 market for fiber optics as the prime alternative use 5 I'm sorry, I missed the question. 5 of our right-of-way, demand for fiber optics must be Q. That's right. Do you have any proof that 6 considered paralyzed by the recent problems of 7 they would have done that? You're just assuming that 7 overcapacity and lack of financing at a global level. 8 they would have. 8 Guatemala is undeveloped in this regard, but as a A. It's common logic that if they're going to 9 practical matter, few of the companies active in this 10 spend hundreds of thousands or maybe millions of 10 business in recent years are actively looking at the 11 dollars to put something up on your right-of-way, 11 types of opportunities that we have to offer. 12 they're not going to take it down. 12 Notwithstanding the above, other types of businesses Q. And some of them had a free good for at least 13 are evolving that similarly depend on the use of an 14 eight years, maybe more; right? 14 unbroken right-of-way through and between urban MR. STERN: Objection. Assumes facts not in 15 areas." 16 evidence. 16 So, there weren't going to be any fiber-optic 0. MR. DEBEVOISE: He's describing them as 17 contracts? 17 A. No, it looks like it would have otherwise. 18 squatters. MR. STERN: I'm objecting to the eight years 19 Other stuff, though. Q. Okay. In your First Report, you make certain 20 characterization. 20 21 assumptions about the likely evolution of real estate 21 PRESIDENT RIGO: Objection sustained. 22 revenues that FVG would have been able to obtain from 22 BY MR. DEBEVOISE: 1334 1336 Do you know where these pictures were taken, 10:07:02 1 2007 onwards absent the lesivo; and based on your 10:03:47 1 2 expertise, you thought the assumptions you made in the 2 or when? A. Yes, I think I do. 3 First Report regarding future revenues were I don't have my stuff in front of me. 4 reasonable; right? I think they were taken after my March A. Yes, sir. 6 Rebuttal Report was submitted and soon thereafter. Q. Okay. But yet you changed those assumptions We looked earlier at 7.1.4 of your First 7 significantly in your Second Report, didn't you? 8 Report where you assumed a new telecom contract for A. Obviously, yes. 9 each right-of-way, but Ferrovías's experience was to Q. Okay. So, could we put up Figure X from 10 the contrary, wasn't it? It had secured no telecom 10 Dr. Spiller's Second Report, please. 11 contracts? This figure was prepared based on the data 11 12 A. That is correct. 12 you submitted in your First and your Second Reports Q. And, in fact, as far back as 2002, Ferrovías 13 related to forecasted right-of-way revenues. 14 had basically recognized that none were coming. Did 14 Do you see that? 15 you know that? 15 Α. 16 A. No, I didn't. 16 The two lines are quite different, aren't Q. Could we look at Annual Report from 2002, 17 they? 17 18 C-27(e), Page 1079. Yes, they are. So, they both can't be right, can they? 19 A. Okay. I'm there, but go ahead. Q. Okay. You see a section which begins called A. If they're different, they both can't be 20

21 right. One is better than the other.

Q. Okay. So, which one reflects your view on

21 "right-of-way revenue"?

A. Yes.

1337 10:08:22 1 the way the revenues would have evolved? 10:10:33 1 to be right.

2 A. Obviously the rebuttal.

- 3 Q. Um-hmm, okay. And could we take a look at
- 4 the slope of that dotted line. It's pretty steep,
- 5 isn't it?
- 6 A. Of course it is. It's because the agreements
- 7 ran out two years before the end of the Usufruct, and
- 8 we decided to--and it was over. If you look at the
- 9 years, it's 2042.
- 10 Q. No, I'm talking about the slope at the
- 11 beginning, at 2007, and the little demonstrative
- 12 exhibit that your counsel showed you this morning
- 13 didn't include the lines to the left of the dotted
- 14 lines, did it, which is the past performance of
- 15 Ferrovías?
- 16 A. I think I would have to think that one over
- 17 for a second.
- 18 Q. Okay.
- 19 A. Can we look at the exhibit that we showed?
- 20 O. We don't have it, and we don't control it, so
- 21 why don't we just move on to another question?
- 22 A. Wait a minute. I want to make sure that--I

- 2 MR. STERN: We have a standard would be
- 3 reasonably certain, not right.
 4 PRECIDENT RIGO: If you could rephrase to
- 4 PRESIDENT RIGO: If you could rephrase the 5 question.
- 6 MR. DEBEVOISE: All right.
- 7 BY MR. DEBEVOISE:
- Q. You now consider your numbers reasonable, now
- 9 that you've had another chance?
- 10 A. I consider my numbers quite reasonable and 11 conservative.
- 12 Q. Right. And you changed the number of
- 13 kilometers of main lines and spurs between one Report
- 14 and the other. On what basis did you make that
- 15 change?
- 16 A. I made it on the basis of I obviously had
- 17 picked up the wrong numbers when I was in Guatemala on
- 18 my trip and had 495 kilometers, but it has been proven
- 19 that it was wrong.
- 20 Q. And how was it so proven?
- 21 A. By maps and mileposts.
- Q. And are any of those in our record?

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10:09:43 1 don't have it in front of me.

- Q. Well, I think mechanically it's difficult at
- 3 the moment, so why don't we move on.
- A. I'm sure, hopefully, my counsel will be able
- 5 to show it to me later.
- 6 Go ahead.
- 7 Q. You said that the changes you made in the
- 8 Second Report were to make it more conservative; is
- 9 that correct?

11

- 10 A. That is correct.
 - Q. But does that make it right?
- 12 MR. STERN: I'm going to object to the use of
- 13 the term "right" in the context of this testimony.
- 14 This is expert opinion testimony.
- 15 MR. DEBEVOISE: This is expert opinion
- 16 testimony that what he did was reasonable, and he has
- 17 to give his views as to what is reasonable.
- 18 BY MR. STERN:
- 19 Q. That's correct. And it's not whether it's
- 20 right.
- 21 MR. DEBEVOISE: But it doesn't depend on
- 22 whether it's conservative or not conservative. It has

10:11:24 1 A. I couldn't tell you what's in your record,

2 but it certainly is in the records of the railway with

- 3 regard to its mileposts.
- Q. So, we don't really have any basis for
- 5 evaluating either of the sets of numbers, do we?
- 6 A. Oh, I think you could probably take a map and
- 7 figure out exactly what the mileage is between all of
- 8 the rights-of-way.
- 9 Q. If the map had a scale on it, we could,
- 10 maybe.
- 11 A. Well, I think that you can probably get a map
- 12 of Guatemala that will have a scale.
- Q. We don't have one yet in this record.
- 14 A. Well...
- 15 Q. You made another change. You increased
- 16 short-term annual rental income from \$25,000 a year
- 17 \$125,000 a year. Why did you do that?
- 18 A. Because it's accurate.
- 19 Q. And did you have any evidence to support that
- 20 change?
- 21 A. Yes. Evidence was supplied by the railway.
- 22 Q. I see.

1343 1341 10:15:05 1 think those pictures will evidence that they are. And 10:12:17 1 A. Yes. 2 those pictures will also evidence that a significant You don't want to pinpoint that for us here 3 amount of the right-of-way is used by those squatters. 3 today. All right. Let's talk about one other thing. BY MR. DEBEVOISE: 5 Going back to the real estate contracts, I believe Q. The question is not whether they are there. 6 that you projected the Net Present Value of total real 6 It's when they got there, and you don't have any 7 estate contracts at the 12.9 percent discount rate 7 information about that. 8 that was provided by Dr. Pratt at \$40,572,153. There A. Oh, wait a minute. They weren't there during 9 has been some evidence submitted in this case 9 one of my visits, and then during my visit--excuse 10 concerning the Gesur extension. We spoke about that. 10 me--and they're there now, so we can pretty well 11 There was some evidence about the Zacapa retail and 11 confirm that they have--the great bulk of them have 12 about the Gerona parking lot in the form of some 12 occurred after 2007. 13 letters. Q. Do we have--you said you had only been to 14 Do you have any idea of what percentage of 14 Guatemala once. 15 that \$40 million are represented by those three pieces A. That's right. 16 of evidence? Q. Right? And we don't have before and after A. No, but I could calculate it. 17 pictures. 17 Q. All right. Well, would you be surprised if I A. I don't think that makes any sense to me, 19 told you it's 5.77 percent? 19 sir. In other words, they weren't on the right-of-way 20 when I went from Zacapa down to San Jose, for example, 20 A. No. 21 except the ones that we knew about. The great bulk of Q. Okay. Thank you. 21 Just going back to those photographs about 22 them were on the right-of-way after my visit, which 1342 1344 10:13:37 1 the industrial squatters, how do you know that those 10:16:16 1 was after the lesivo occurred, so it's obvious that 2 that's when they went on the right-of-way. 2 are pictures along the right-of-way? You can't really 3 tell where the right-of-way is, can you? Q. In fact, your visit took place after the A. Oh, I think we can, yes. 4 lesivo? A. And that's when they--that's when they went Q. All right. A. Could I see those pictures that you're 6 on the right-of-way, when they knew they could get 7 away with it. 7 referencing? Q. I think--Q. And you're talking about utility poles that PRESIDENT RIGO: Could you show him the 9 just sprung up like mushrooms post-lesivo? 10 pictures, please. A. That's exactly what I'm talking about. If we 11 BY MR. DEBEVOISE: 11 show those pictures, maybe they would be. It Q. I quess the final question is--sorry. 12 happened--the great bulk of it happened post-lesivo. 13 PRESIDENT RIGO: I mean, if you have a MR. DEBEVOISE: Well, I think I'm finished. 14 final--14 PRESIDENT RIGO: I know you are finished, and MR. DEBEVOISE: I'm not going to ask him any 15 you're out of time, and you said it was your last 15 16 more. I just wanted to ask him if he has any 16 question, but since the issue of the pictures now has 17 information about how long the squatters have been 17 come up, I think the Tribunal would appreciate seeing 18 there on these lines. the pictures on our time, if necessary. THE WITNESS: Some before, most after lesivo. 19 MR. DEBEVOISE: I'm sure that Mr. Stern will But again, I want to get back to the pictures 20 take care of that in his redirect. 20 21 because you brought the subject up and proving whether PRESIDENT RIGO: Mr. Stern. 21 22 or not these squatters are on the right of way, and I MR. STERN: Thank you.

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| 10:17:12 1 | REDIRECT EXAMINATION | 10:19:21 1 | your Rebuttal Report? |
| 2 | BY MR. STERN: | _ | A. Yes. I think that Dr. Spiller agrees with |
| 3 | Q. And just to get to your question, your | 3 | the existing agreements and the rentaland the |
| 4 | | 4 | |
| 5 | which is Annex 3 to the Third Statement of Mr. Senn, | 5 | Q. And do you recall being asked some questions |
| 6 | is it your understanding that these were photographs | 6 | about whether telecom or fiber-optic companies were |
| 7 | that were taken by Mr. Senn when he traveled the | 7 | interested in utilizing the right-of-way? |
| 8 | right-of-way at your request in the winter and spring | 8 | A. Yes, I do recall the question. |
| 9 | of 2011? | 9 | Q. Let me ask you this: Based on your |
| 10 | A. That is correct, sir. | 10 | 1 , , , |
| 11 | Q. And is it your understanding that these are | | estate valuation perspective, does it make a |
| 12 | r 5 | 12 | difference whether the right-of-way easement user is a |
| 13 | A. Yes, they are. | 13 | telecom company, a power company, a gas company, or |
| 14 | Q. And is it your understanding that these | 14 | 1 11 1 |
| 1 | photographs show power lines present throughout the | 15 | A. Not necessarily. It would beit's pretty |
| 16 | 5 1. | 16 | 5 |
| 17 | A. Yes, sir. | 17 | |
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19 | Q. And is it also your understandingA. I'm sorrythe last picture was a perfect | 18
19 | Q. You were asked some questions about the property use, the real estate station yards and the |
| 20 | | 20 | |
| 20 21 | Q. Which one are you referring to? | | Do you recall questions about that? |
| 22 | A. Next one up. Right there. | 22 | A. Yes. |
| | ii. Note the up. Might there. | | 1051 |
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17 | I mean, you can see the right-of-way, and that'sand the track. I mean, that is in the right-of-way. There is no doubt about it. Q. And in other pictures you don't see railway track, but is it your understanding that there might be a road or some other clear path, is it your understanding A. That is correct. Qright-of-way on the unrestored portions of the railway? A. It's my understanding that many of the rail track had been taken up, and thenbut these utility poles are on what was the active right-of-way and no longer being used by rail because the rail's gone. Q. Okay, thank you. Let me just ask a few additional questions. Mr. Debevoise asked you questions about the short-term revenue amounts that you revised in your Rebuttal Report. Do you recall questions about that? A. Yes, sir. | 2
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17 | Q. When you made your trip to Guatemala in August of 2007, did you visit all of the properties that you valued in your Report? A. That I valued, yes, exceptis Tecún Umán in there? It's not in my valuation, is it? No, no. The ones that I saw I valued. Q. Just for the record, I believe there is a Tecún Umán station in your A. I don't know. Q. Yes, there is a Tecún Umán valuation. Other than Tecún Umán A. Other than Tecún Umán, yes, because I did not get there. MR. STERN: I have no further questions. PRESIDENT RIGO: Thank you, Mr. Stern. QUESTIONS FROM THE TRIBUNAL ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: I want to have a clear understanding of how much of the South Coast line you traversed. THE WITNESS: I need to see a map, so let me |
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1351 1349 10:22:21 1 yeah. Right there, that's it. I don't know how to 10:26:21 1 ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: How much of the Phase 2 pronounce it. Retalhuleu, I don't know how to 2 I northern line did you traverse? 3 pronounce the word, but I didn't get any further than THE WITNESS: All the way up to Zacapa. Did 4 that. I didn't get over to--heading over to--yeah. 4 not get to Puerto Barrios. ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: With respect to ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: Do you have a greater 6 comparing Guatemala and Austin and other places in the 6 degree of confidence in your valuations and estimates 7 U.S., the valuations that you have given the Tribunal 7 for that line since it was completed and you traversed 8 are there based on your discussions with local real 8 it than you do for the South Coast where you traversed 9 estate people and also on actual revenues that were 9 only a portion of it? 10 generated or--I want to make sure that we have a clear THE WITNESS: I would have to answer that in 10 11 understanding that we're dealing with Guatemalan 11 two parts. One, I have a greater degree of confidence 12 values and how exactly you arrived at those. 12 with regard to the yards and stations valuations, but THE WITNESS: They're all based upon 13 with regard to the right-of-way longitudinal 14 easements, I don't think it would make a difference 14 conversations with Guatemalan people, you know. The 15 value of Chiquimula, I would need to talk to somebody 15 between whether it was the north or the southern line. 16 to find out whether or not Chiquimula was worth a ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: I know you're not a 17 dollar or \$10 a foot. 17 legal expert, and it's not on that basis that you're The piece of--the big part of my valuation 18 testifying, so let me just give you an assumption, and 19 was based upon the last Contract that was about to be 19 that is that the Lesivo Declaration was issued with 20 executed for easement for Gesur that set the bar, so 20 respect to a set of contracts that we call 143 and 21 to speak, for the valuation, mainly. A lot of people 21 158, which dealt with the rental of Rolling Stock. 22 were able to give you valuations for Guatemala City 22 The Contract 402, which I think you've reviewed, is a 1350 1352 10:27:55 1 contract which gives the railroad the opportunity to 10:24:30 1 and Genora, et cetera, et cetera, but as you got into 2 more rural, you got a conversation that had--and you 2 develop the right-of-way. Is that your understanding? 3 could see some of my valuations, sir, are pretty low THE WITNESS: Yes, sir, yes, sir. 4 in some of those towns. For example, you look at some ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: The Lesivo Declaration 5 of the smaller places and you look at the numbers, and 5 was not, I would ask you to assume, issued with 6 \$28,000 a year, et cetera, for rent, so those I had to 6 respect to that Contract 402. 7 count on the people that I discussed the valuations THE WITNESS: I was of the impression that my 8 assignment, my client was to value all of our real 8 with, but mostly were people who were located and 9 operated out of Guatemala City, to be factual. 9 estate yards and rights-of-way, is to find out what we ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: And the Gesur Contract 10 would have generated in income without a Lesivo 11 Decree. 11 or potential contract was never actually effectuated, 12 that was a key litmus test for you? ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: Would it affect your THE WITNESS: Yes, because we were at the 13 judgment if you understood that the railroad continued 14 11th hour to execute a contract that was definitely 14 to have rights under 402 to lease property, that that 15 what I would say the standard--normally it's the last 15 is to say it was unaffected by the lesivo as a legal 16 deal done sets the standard. This was the last deal 16 matter? 17 that was almost done because they backed out because THE WITNESS: I don't think so. I don't 17 18 of lesivo. 18 think so, sir. ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: And was that value 19 ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: And can you explain 20 consistent with what you had heard from other experts? 20 why. THE WITNESS: It was a value that is ready to THE WITNESS: I think that--if I understand 22 be executed by Gesur and FVG. 22 your question properly, I think that the railroad's

1355 1353 10:29:28 1 ability to--I guess if you're asking me if the 10:31:52 1 active railway would, in fact, make the property more 2 railroad lost its ability to lease the property? 2 valuable, not necessarily that it would have no value ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: Well, if it still 3 because still as long as there's highway and trucking 4 ability, you could have warehouses, but for intermodal 4 retained its ability to lease. THE WITNESS: Still retained. To me, that 5 purposes, and for Maersk refrigerated storage, it 6 probably would have more value if it had an operating 6 would be how I did value the property, that it did 7 retain its ability to lease, and would have it for the 7 railway. 8 remainder of 42 years, which is how I projected our ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: I know that you 9 numbers. 9 mentioned there were very few industrial squatters ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: And do you know--I 10 when you came down in 2007, and you testified that 10 11 mean, you were using an almost completed Contract, the 11 there has been a profusion of those since. From the 12 Gesur. Do you know from your own time in the country 12 pictures that you got from Mr. Senn, your discussions 13 and from your discussions with experts why it might 13 with Mr. Senn or in other ways, can you give the 14 have been that the railroad didn't continue to try to 14 Tribunal an idea of what types of industrial squatters 15 lease property on a right-of-way. 15 they are. Are these major facilities, minor THE WITNESS: I don't have the answer to that 16 facilities, somebody who puts up a little store and 17 other than I think that the real reason--the reason 17 becomes an industrial squatter? When you use that 18 that I would give is that it seems as though they were 18 term, what are we really talking about? 19 absolutely using up every bit of their energy and THE WITNESS: You and I have the same problem 20 personnel to try to get the railroad to operate. 20 when I first went down there. Industrial squatters to ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: Well, I'm talking 21 me meant basically meant you had buildings that were 22 put on your right-of-way, et cetera, and there are 22 about after 2007 when they left to now. 1354 1356 10:30:43 1 THE WITNESS: No, I don't have an answer to 10:33:03 1 some instances of that. The people in Guatemala refer to industrial 2 that. ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: And you mentioned that 3 squatters as, in fact, utility easement squatters. 4 it was not necessary to have an operating railroad to 4 They're an industry that supplies electricity. They 5 be able to come to these valuations. 5 refer to them. There are instances in some of the THE WITNESS: For the most part, yes. If, in 6 picture you will see where you have buildings and 7 fact--there are pieces of my analysis that would call 7 others that are obviously on the right-of-way. 8 for a railway operation like the intermodal facility Then you have tons of--let me not use that 9 in Zacapa. But for the right-of-way it wouldn't 9 phrase--lots of squatters who are, in fact, people 10 matter whether--in fact, power companies, as is 10 occupying railway buildings that used to be and are 11 evidenced, would prefer you don't have a railway. 11 now being used for residences. But industrial ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: Right. No, I think 12 squatters to them, for the most part, means like 13 there are two there. I understand. There are two 13 Gesur. It was not a squatter, but a utility company. 14 pieces to this for the right-of-way, the least 14 ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: So, these aren't--I 15 obstruction, the better for transmission lines and so 15 mean, I'm just trying to put this in a perspective we 16 forth, and that I understand. But for industrial 16 can all understand. These are not what we would call 17 squatters, would it not make a difference if they were 17 greenfield developments where somebody since 2007 has 18 close to an operating railroad in order to be able to 18 built a new facility or, indeed, are they? 19 ship their product, or--THE WITNESS: There are a couple of instances

20 that that has happened, yes. I think I couple of the

21 pictures will show--if you could put it back up--that

22 will give you an instance where that warehouse

THE WITNESS: If there were--as you read

21 through the Report, if there are Sections that call

22 for warehousing, et cetera, the likelihood of an

1357 1359 10:34:27 1 was--let me see where. Keep going. Go back a few. 10:37:16 1 shown on the pictures, those are, in fact, large 2 electrical transmission companies in Guatemala who You will see these--some of those extensions 3 and buildings are things that were built out since 3 they kind of do their area by zones. 4 2007, like that platform that was built out there, but ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: Okay. Let me just ask 5 for the most part, this one has a warehouse right 5 you one last question. If we can go back to what was 6 built on--if we could find it. 6 described--I think Mr. Debevoise's Figure X, Spiller ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: Do we have any idea of 7 2, Figure X. I don't know if that gives you 8 the sort of square footage if you combined all of 8 enough--these were my rough notes. I think it was 9 these industrial squatters, do you have any idea what 9 described by Mr. Debevoise as Figure 10, the second 10 sort of total square footage we're talking about? 10 Spiller Report. It was that chart, the green... THE WITNESS: I really don't, but if you THE WITNESS: Yes, sir. 11 11 ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: I'm sorry, I'm going 12 glance at the one near the screen now, you will see 13 what we're--that building is new. I don't know have. 13 to have to look at the--I understand. ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: We don't know how many So, there are two sets of questions--well, 14 14 15 three sets. One is simply that you extended out in 15 and what their square footage there is? 16 your rebuttal the term of the revenues. THE WITNESS: No, I don't, sir. ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: In your First THE WITNESS: I did. And the reason I did 17 17 18 Statement on Page 6, 6.0, pre-lesivo industrial 18 that is that I figured that if they're already there, 19 squatters, you mentioned unlike individual squatters 19 we're going to run through the 2048. 20 most of whom are impoverished, industrial squatters ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: Right. It's not just 20 21 are illegal trespassers who could afford to pay rent 21 going to drop off the cliff. 22 but have failed to do so because of FEGUA's inaction. THE WITNESS: Correct. Which is what the 1358 1360 10:36:11 1 The inaction you're referring to, is that not removing 10:39:06 1 first one did, it did drop off the cliff. 2 the squatters? ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: Right, I understand. THE WITNESS: Yes, or going to force them to The second issue is, that the curve starting 4 pay for the use of the property. 4 in around 2020 or so, and your rebuttal goes up quite ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: And how do you know 5 considerably faster in terms of revenues than in your 6 first. Can you explain what assumptions you made that 6 they could afford to pay rent? THE WITNESS: I'm sorry? 7 would have resulted in that. ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: How do you know that THE WITNESS: I think that I ran out of the 9 they could indeed afford to pay rent? 9 vacancy. I felt comfortable that the vacancy would no THE WITNESS: Well, some of these companies 10 longer be applicable around that period of time and, 11 I've listed here are actual electrical companies. I 11 therefore, the right-of-way would be basically full, 12 and, therefore, here, on the first one, I didn't do 12 don't know how to pronounce, but INDE is, the 13 Municipal, EEGSA, those are all--and DEORSA, are, in 13 that, but when I came to right around 2018, we were 14 fact, transmission companies. They are companies who 14 now at a hundred percent occupancy, so to speak, and, 15 sell electricity, so I would expect they have the 15 therefore, that causes the spike that continues 16 ability to pay rent for the use of property. 16 between the rebuttal and the first. ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: But we don't know what ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: So, in other words, 17 17 18 percentage could pay or what percentages are just 18 you're assuming about a hundred percent occupancy in 19 there because it's free, and if rent was going to be 19 the rebuttal. 20 required, might not be able to stay? 20 THE WITNESS: As we get into a further period THE WITNESS: We don't know exactly, but I 21 of time--I will show you. Excuse me. 22 think when you look at the list of the ones that are Yes, what I did is basically did a ramp-up

1363 1361 10:40:51 1 period where it was only starting in 2007 was at 10:43:56 1 probably needed to be a heck of a lot more aggressive 2 10 percent, then 20, 30, 40, 50 and 60 percent 2 than they were in the early stages. I mean, because I 3 throughout 2011 occupancy. Then beginning in 2012, I 3 believe as you look at what has occurred with regard 4 had a 20 percent vacancy, and then I shrunk it after 4 to at least the longitudinal stuff, it's there. They 5 five years to a 15 percent vacancy, and then after 5 could have and should have capitalized on it faster, 6 that you are basically full, which is... 6 but I think their timeframe was more dedicated to--and ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: Then the third to last 7 I'm told that the funds that they were supposed to be 8 question I have is to compare those projections with 8 receiving didn't come their way as expected with 9 actual performance, so between 2000 and 2006--this is 9 regard to--is it FEGUA? Is it FEGUA? They weren't 10 pre-lesivo--the actual revenues were fairly modest. 10 getting the funds out of FEGUA that they expected to 11 Do you have a sense of why they were? 11 get to. And then the second part of the question is: ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: Okay. Then looked at 13 What assumptions--I understand technically what 13 the other way, however, since 2007, without anybody 14 assumptions you made, but why would one assume that 14 being there, you've got this profusion of use of the 15 suddenly you would get this big ramp-up after 2006 15 right-of-way with transmission lines and so forth; is 16 when they didn't get that from 2000 to 2006? 16 that your understanding? THE WITNESS: I would say the real reason is THE WITNESS: It is my understanding, sir, 17 17 18 that they did not work very hard at accomplishing that 18 yes. 19 between 2000 and 2006, and they were devoted to and 19 ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: And this is typical 20 dedicating their time to operating a railroad, which 20 from your railway experience of what happens along 21 was experiencing much more problems, I'm told, than 21 railway rights-of-way? 22 they ever expected they were going to deal with, and THE WITNESS: It's very common in almost 1362 1364 10:42:41 1 so they used their personnel for railway purposes 10:45:22 1 all--not common. The great bulk of railway 2 rights-of-way that they contain transmission lines, 2 only. 3 gas lines, telecommunication lines, cell towers, I do believe that what was needed here was 4 somebody or some people who were going to dedicate 4 et cetera. 5 their time to the real estate development and the ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: And how much different 6 do you think that might be with a developing country 6 easement development. ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: But they had six years 7 like Guatemala versus other places? 8 to do it, and they didn't evidently do it. THE WITNESS: Well, I don't think it would be THE WITNESS: I just think that they spent 9 different with regard to the need and the growth 10 their time with the railway rather than trying to work 10 because of electrical transmission. I do believe that 11 this out. 11 I probably erred with the telecommunications in the 12 First Report to why it was removed in the Second ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: Because there has been 13 other testimony that one of the reasons why RDC wanted 13 Report, but I believe that when a country has--answer 14 to bid on this Contract to begin with was that they 14 a different way. In order for a country to develop, 15 expected the revenue from leasing of property 15 they're going to need electricity and gas, and the 16 easements, et cetera, to far exceed that from the 16 easiest place to do it is on railway rights-of-way. ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: And that's because you 17 railway. 17 So, given that, wouldn't one assume 18 don't have to acquire any property, you don't have to 19 reasonably that you could talk and chew gum at the 19 remove anybody--20 same time, particularly when the real value was in THE WITNESS: You don't have to cut trees, 20 21 these leases? 21 you don't--the construction is of ease because THE WITNESS: I have to admit that they 22 normally, you know, you go on either side of the

1365 1367 10:46:35 1 right-of-way from where the train runs, and it's an 10:49:11 1 in to pay, the assumption has to be that there's other 2 ease of construction. 2 places they could go for free, but it wouldn't be next ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: Thanks. 3 to the courthouse. THE WITNESS: You're welcome. ARBITRATOR CRAWFORD: How long were you in PRESIDENT RIGO: Professor Crawford has some 5 Guatemala? THE WITNESS: About a week. 6 questions. ARBITRATOR CRAWFORD: My colleague, Secretary ARBITRATOR CRAWFORD: I have no further 8 Eizenstat, has covered on this third point the main 8 questions. 9 question I wanted to ask, but I'd like to take it a ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: Just to follow up on 10 bit further. 10 Professor Crawford's question, should the Tribunal, in Is it true that the essential reason why the 11 looking at this issue, distinguish between the 12 industrial users, the so-called "industrial 12 performance in the non-railway aspects of the 13 enterprise, essentially the people who are represented 13 squatters," where you do get the question of whether 14 by the low figure are people who are essentially 14 how many would stay if they actually had to pay? I 15 wanting a free ride? Isn't that right? They're 15 mean obviously a couple of those have built major 16 parking their cars or setting up their enterprises and 16 facilities. They're not going to--but many of them 17 not being charged. You're making an assumption that 17 perhaps are there as the Professor said for a free 18 within a very short period of time--and I'm putting 18 ride, and that was implying as well in my guestion, 19 this as a question--that a very short period of time 19 that many are there because they don't have to pay. 20 you're going to be able to get a hundred percent 20 We don't know how many would stay if they had to pay, 21 recovery from people whose basic existence depends 21 certainly if they had to pay at the rate you're 22 upon their not paying rent. They're not being 22 assuming. 1366 1368 10:47:48 1 licensed, not being part of a rule of law of economy. 10:50:20 1 Should we distinguish between that set of 2 Is that an unfair remark? 2 potential revenues and those from transmission lines 3 where you already have immovable investments, poles, THE WITNESS: I think slightly, sir. There's 4 a brand-new courthouse there. I think the people are 4 and so forth. Is one more certain than the other in 5 going to go there, and if you could park for free, you 5 terms of revenues? 6 can park for free, but a lot of those cars that are THE WITNESS: Yes, and the transmission lines 7 there are, in fact, attorneys, et cetera, who are 7 have got significant investment into those poles and 8 going to the courthouse. And if you had safe, secure 8 wires now, so one would be much more immovable, one; 9 parking and--I know where you're coming at, but I do 9 and, two, really would have to pay--it would cost them 10 believe that they would also pay. If they could get 10 more to take down the stuff, number one; and, number 11 away for free, they could get away for free, but I 11 two, lose the system while doing it. So, that would 12 think they could pay. 12 be almost certain by a lot. ARBITRATOR CRAWFORD: I want to see your Then you have some instances like the 14 graphic. If it was realizable in the context of 14 warehouse that you saw. That's pretty certain. There 15 Guatemala, surely it would be realized by the rights' 15 are others that somebody may just tell you go pound 16 holders, whoever the rights' holders are. I mean, 16 sand. I don't know what the percentage is, but some 17 there is a very significant potential there for 17 will definitely tell you to do that. 18 income, but it's a pure hypothesis. Then you need the following thing to happen, THE WITNESS: I quess that it has to be 19 and that is that, as I understand it--and I'm not the 20 tempered with some--it's a hypothesis that's tempered 20 legal guy--that the Government was supposed to help 21 with a piece of realism that says, it's loaded with 21 remove those people who wouldn't pay or were illegally 22 cars. If you were to fence it off and make them come

1369 1371 ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: And again, this is 10:54:32 1 the distances for both segments? 10:52:02 1 2 beyond your mandate to know why the railway isn't A. Oh, yes. Yes. 3 today, December 2011, collecting revenues from the Q. And as a result of that, did that cause--have 4 transmission lines? 4 an effect of increasing some of your easement THE WITNESS: No. I think that after lesivo, 5 valuations? 6 nobody is going to pay anyway, I don't think. Who are A. Yes, it does, and it's one of the reasons 7 that the chapter you saw the climb occurred right from 7 they going to pay? ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: Thank you. 8 the very start. We had a--I mean, 495 to 644 is a 8 9 PRESIDENT RIGO: Thank you, Mr. MacSwain. pretty significant number. THE WITNESS: I appreciate it. Thank you Q. Okay. And then in Paragraph 10 and the chart 10 11 that follows on your Rebuttal Report, you discuss some 11 very much. 12 adjustment you made on the vacancies for the vacancy 12 PRESIDENT RIGO: Mr. Stern? Thank you. 13 FURTHER REDIRECT EXAMINATION 13 rates for the easements? 14 BY MR. STERN: 14 A. Yes. I could see it--there we go. Q. Mr. MacSwain, could you go to the 15 16 paragraph--your Second Rebuttal Report, and I want to 16 O. And those adjustments have the effect of 17 focus starting on Paragraph 9. I just want to in 17 making your valuations more conservative? 18 response to some of the questions from Secretary A. Oh, without a doubt. 19 Eizenstat just to make clear and in showing Figure X I mean, you know, if you take the 1020 20 from Dr. Spiller's Second Report, just so they have a 20 through 60 percent of 2011 and then even in 2012, 21 full understanding as to what were the differences 21 you're still 20 percent vacant. Of course, it does. 22 between your original easement valuations versus your Q. And just so the record is clear, in the 1370 1372 10:53:21 1 second. 10:55:49 1 Year 2007, you were assuming that only 10 percent of A. Where were you again? 2 the entire Main Line would have been--would have I'm on Paragraph 9 of your rebuttal report. 3 right-of-way easements? Okay. I've got my pages mixed up. What page A. That is a correct statement. Q. And then you do a ramp-up from that point 5 is it? Page 4 of your Rebuttal Report, not your 6 forward, 20, 40, 50, 60 percent of the next four 7 original Report. 7 years? A. Yeah, I know. I screwed them up. A. That is correct, and it's why I made the Q. Maybe we can just look on the screen and go 9 statement that, you know, the possibility exists. I 9 10 from there. 10 know--don't laugh at me, but the possibility exists A. Okav. 11 that my number might be low because of the squatters 11 12 (Witness reviews document.) 12 that are on there now, if they were monetized. Q. So, in Paragraph 9 you discuss some Q. Okay. Now, I just want to also get clear as 14 adjustments you made on your easement valuations from 14 to the components of your valuation since there were 15 your original Report; right? 15 questions asked about, you know, whether the station 16 A. Yes. 16 yard leases versus the easements and which are more 17 important in effect. 17 Q. And one of the adjustments you made was based 18 upon learning new information or revised information MR. STERN: Could you go to his demonstrative 19 about the distances of the Main Line and the rural 19 exhibit. BY MR. STERN: 20 spurs on the right-of-way? 20 A. That is correct. Q. As the demonstrative exhibit shows, could you 21 Q. And did that have the effect of increasing 22 describe, you know, versus the additional station yard

1373 1375 10:57:06 1 leases and the right-of-way easements, how did they 10:59:51 1 of power lines as industrial squatters? 2 account like in terms of the valuations that you did? A. Oh, you can see that the right-of-way MR. STERN: Okay. I have nothing further. 3 PRESIDENT RIGO: Mr. Debevoise, on the 4 leases--Q. Speak closer to the microphone. 5 Tribunal questions. A. The right-of-way--RECROSS-EXAMINATION Bad back. BY MR. DEBEVOISE: The right-of-way leases are a significant Q. Mr. MacSwain, you just told the Tribunal that 9 part of the valuation without any question of a doubt, 9 after lesivo nobody is going to pay anyway; right? 10 and the pre-existing, especially the COBIGUA which has Well, they don't have to. 11 paid a spike on the pre-existing, and then all the 11 Right. But Ferrovías has continued to 12 other real estate really generated basically if you 12 collect rents from entities that occupied the 13 look at the Report closely probably five or six 13 right-of-way, prior to the lesivo? 14 properties has caused the valuation. 14 A. Correct. Q. And on the right-of-way leases, is the Q. And they continued to collect those rents, so 16 ramp-up period that you did, is it based upon the 16 why are they continuing to pay? 17 information that you had been provided or were A. I think they're afraid that any cancellation 17 18 provided by Mr. Senn when he traveled the 18 of the Agreement, as I understand it, Gesur, for 19 right-of-way? 19 example, is continuing to pay. I can't give you their A. Actually, no. Actually, no. We took 20 rationale of why they are, but they are. But there 20 21 the--made the analysis, was filed, and then Mr. Senn 21 are lots that aren't. 22 went on the right-of-way, and that's why I keep saying Q. And I think you indicated in your Report in 1376 1374 10:58:24 1 I might have been too conservative as far as the 11:01:01 1 Paragraph 5, this being your Second Report--no, excuse 2 right-of-way is concerned because if you're able to 2 me--yes, your Second Report, that it's guite 3 legalize and monetize what presently exists, my 3 reasonable to assume that, had the lesivo not 4 numbers in 2012--'11 are probably low, if you were 4 occurred, Ferrovías would have taken steps to either 5 able to do that. 5 legalize the industrial squatters by entering into Q. Okay. Now, I just to want get one more thing 6 long-term easement agreements with them, or Ferrovías 7 clear on the record on the question of industrial 7 would have had them evicted, or other utilities would 8 squatters. If you could go back to the map. 8 have taken their place. But once again, that has not 9 happened, has it?

Now, the term "industrial squatters" as used 10 in this map and I think also in your reports as well, 11 are you referring to warehouse facilities or 12 properties, or buildings, or are you referring to 13 power lines? 14 A. Power lines.

Q. So, in the context of discussing how you

16 would have monetized the industrial squatters in your

17 analysis, are you referring to the right-of-way

18 easements?

19 A. Yes. Absolutely, entirely the right-of-way

20 easements.

Q. And is it your understanding that this map 22 only--the purpose of this map is to show the depiction

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A. Obviously not, no.

Q. Okay. And some of the squatters have been

12 there since 1994, even before Ferrovías came?

14 O. Okay. And they have not been evicted?

A. Don't you need Government help to evict? I

16 don't know how that works, but I could understand that

17 if you--in order to evict, I assume you need the

18 police or Government to do it, and that didn't seem to

19 be forthcoming.

Right. Did it occur to you that any of the 20

21 companies might be owned by the Government?

A. No, didn't occur to me at all.

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| | | 1377 | | 1379 |
| 11:02:23 1 | | Did it occur to you- | 11:04:24 1 | ~ 1 3 |
| 2 | A. | Does that have anything to do with not | | concession or not. |
| 1 | paying? | Tid it came to you that arm of the | 3 | |
| 4 | | Did it occur to you that some of the | 4 | been paying FVG, and in 2014 or '15 they're going to |
| 5 | _ | es might not be licensed to engage in the | 1 | pay them a very considerable amount of money, and I |
| 6 | | ution business and might be unwilling to come in a formal way? | 6 | 2 |
| 7 8 | | No, that didn't occur to me at all. I assume | 7 | Q. Okay. One final thing. There was a lot of talk about the Gesur Contract, and I believe you and |
| 9 | | that's the case, then it seems that the | 9 | |
| 10 | | ent isn't doing their job properly. | 10 | |
| 11 | | Well, that wasn't your issue. You were | 11 | |
| 12 | | to value. | 12 | |
| 13 | A. | No. | | forth about the subject. |
| 14 | | Now, you had a question about from Secretary | 14 | |
| 1 | | at about the increase after 2020. Were you | 15 | - |
| 1 | | nat the COBIGUA lease has a term on it? | 16 | |
| 17 | Α. | | 17 | |
| 18 | | And what did you assume about that lease? | 18 | |
| 19 | A. | That lease in 2015 increases to a 4 percent | 19 | • |
| 20 | of the r | - | 20 | Q. And you said something about you never saw |
| 21 | Q. | Right. | 21 | |
| 22 | | Yeah. | 22 | |
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| 11:03:26 1 | Q. | 1378
And it ends in 2015. | 11:05:33 1 | |
| 11:03:26 1 | Q.
A. | | 11:05:33 1 | Q. Right. |
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Not the way that I read it. | 2 3 | Q. Right. A. But I said this deal set the bar for our railway dealing with electrical transmission. |
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A. | And it ends in 2015. Not the way that I read it. Well | 2
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5 | Q. Right. A. But I said this deal set the bar for our railway dealing with electrical transmission. Q. Right. But one mile is approximately 1.61 |
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9 | Q. Right. A. But I said this deal set the bar for our railway dealing with electrical transmission. Q. Right. But one mile is approximately 1.61 kilometers; right? So, 5,000 U.S. dollars per mile is 3100.7 dollars per kilometer; right? A. I think that they were payingI'm have the opinion they were paying \$3,200. Q. Per kilometer? A. But my calculations are based upon 644 |
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20 | Q. Right. A. But I said this deal set the bar for our railway dealing with electrical transmission. Q. Right. But one mile is approximately 1.61 kilometers; right? So, 5,000 U.S. dollars per mile is 3100.7 dollars per kilometer; right? A. I think that they were payingI'm have the opinion they were paying \$3,200. Q. Per kilometer? A. But my calculations are based upon 644 kilometers at \$3,200 per kilometer. Q. Right. And in the U.S. it's the same; right A. It had nothing to do with the U.S. Q. I think the point has been made. The Tribunal can read the back and forth between the two of you. A. Okay. MR. DEBEVOISE: Thank you very much. PRESIDENT RIGO: Thank you. There are no further questions. Thank you so much. |
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21 | A. Q. A. It incre read it. Q. it termi A. see that Q. increase Q. have a l that tha A. Ferrovía Q. Ferrovía | And it ends in 2015. Not the way that I read it. Well Where does it say that it terminates in 2015? Bases to 4 percent of the revenue in 2015, as It I believe that it increases before 2015 and inates in 2015. I did not read it that way. I would have to it to understand that. Okay. And I do believeis it 2014 that it is rather than 2015? More importantly because I'm not allowed to not of time for these questions, were you aware it lease is with FEGUA, not with Ferrovias? Well, I assume that it was transferable from its to FEGUA So, you assumed that. You assumed that | 2
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18 | Q. Right. A. But I said this deal set the bar for our railway dealing with electrical transmission. Q. Right. But one mile is approximately 1.61 kilometers; right? So, 5,000 U.S. dollars per mile is 3100.7 dollars per kilometer; right? A. I think that they were payingI'm have the opinion they were paying \$3,200. Q. Per kilometer? A. But my calculations are based upon 644 kilometers at \$3,200 per kilometer. Q. Right. And in the U.S. it's the same; right A. It had nothing to do with the U.S. Q. I think the point has been made. The Tribunal can read the back and forth between the two of you. A. Okay. MR. DEBEVOISE: Thank you very much. PRESIDENT RIGO: Thank you. There are no further questions. Thank you so much. THE WITNESS: Thank you. I appreciate it. |

1383 1381 11:07:03 1 (Witness steps down.) 11:09:57 1 put forward on the issue of the Lesivo Declaration 2 that the other side chose not to cross-examine; and, MR. FOSTER: I was just going to say that 3 because of Dr. Pratt's health, he's in a wheelchair, 3 as a result, during the hearing there has not been 4 and it takes some time to move him around and get him 4 references to the documents associated with those 5 witnesses, but they are witnesses that we believe are 5 here. If we could have our break now, and we will 6 quite important for the Tribunal to have at the ready 6 begin the work of getting Dr. Pratt here. PRESIDENT RIGO: It is time for a break no when they are easing the case. matter what, but I appreciate that. So, the question is, are we at liberty to Before we break, you have asked us what does 9 include some of those additional documents in the A5 10 the Tribunal need because we had met with various 10 Bundle? 11 people from both teams in terms of what the Tribunal 11 PRESIDENT RIGO: The answer--let me--you 12 requirements are for after the hearing in terms of 12 might correct me, of course, but I don't know what 13 documentation, and I have consulted with my 13 your question is. 14 colleagues, and we would appreciate receiving one USB MR. FOSTER: My question was a little bit 14 15 key with all the documentation of the case with a 15 more general, but covers the same issue that Mr. Orta 16 chronological index with hyperlink to the 16 has. My question was, I am assuming that "used at the 17 documentation. That's one item. 17 hearing" means documents that are attached to Witness 18 Statements as well as documents that are physically The second item is we would like to have a 18 19 hard copy Joint Bundle but only of the documents that 19 exhibited or discussed at the hearing. And that 20 would, of course, take care of David's situation as 20 have been used in the hearing and also with a 21 chronological index in hard copy of those documents 21 well. 22 and organized chronologically, and that we would 22 MR. ORTA: Actually my--1382 1384 11:08:53 1 appreciate to receive in A5, even if it's small size ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: Not fully, not fully 11:11:10 1 2 because you're talking about Witness Statements for 2 and small print. So, those are the two things we would like to 3 witnesses we haven't seen, but you want us to review 4 have. 4 their statements and so--I know I mentioned to the staff we had met MR. ORTA: That's correct. 6 before that probably we wouldn't require the A5, it ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: That certainly should 7 was my original request, but I have to come back on 7 be part of it. I mean, you would be selective as to 8 what I said on this after consulting with my 8 what you wanted. 9 colleagues. MR. ORTA: Yes, sir. MR. FOSTER: Could I ask one guestion? MR. FOSTER: I have no problem with that at 10 PRESIDENT RIGO: Mr. Orta raised his hand 11 all. I considered that all Witness Statements, 11 12 first, so Mr. Orta. 12 whether they were physically--whether they were MR. ORTA: I beat you to the punch, Allen, 13 cross-examined or not would be part of the--part of 14 the proceeding. 14 but thank you, Mr. Chairman. Just a quick question on the last request PRESIDENT RIGO: I think the answer to your 15 16 which was, as I understood it, a compilation of only 16 questions is yes, we would appreciate to have those 17 documents. As I said, we will proceed to have them in 17 those documents that have been used in the hearing in 18 A5 format. Do we have any liberty to include in a 18 A5 size, those, and particularly it's important that 19 very limited way additional documents that we think 19 they're together if the two Parties can put them 20 are important for the Tribunal's consideration? Why 20 together and in chronological order with a hard copy 21 do I ask that? Because, for example, there are a 21 index. 22 number of, I think, key witnesses that the Respondent 22 So, we may all have a break now. Thank you

1387 1385 11:12:08 1 so much. 11:35:13 1 because a significant portion of the amounts 2 contributed by RDC and other investors to FVG were MR. ORTA: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. 3 used to cover operational losses. Would you please 3 (Brief recess.) PRESIDENT RIGO: Sorry, I forgot to say 4 comment on whether or not it is appropriate to 5 something which is important in terms of coming back. 5 consider the monies that were spent to cover 6 When do we come back. How much time do you need, 6 operational losses as an investment which should yourself, for the Expert? 7 be--should be recovered by RDC. MR. FOSTER: Can we shoot for 11:30? A. The answer is yes. RDC, or FVG--FVG was a 9 PRESIDENT RIGO: Okay. At 11:30 we will 9 startup company, and startup companies often incur 10 resume. Thank you. 10 losses in their early years in order to get going, 11 especially a railroad. So, it was entirely (Recess.) 11 12 appropriate to consider those operating losses as part 12 SHANNON PRATT, CLAIMANT'S WITNESS, CALLED 13 PRESIDENT RIGO: We are going to resume the 13 of their sunk costs. Q. Okay. Now, turning to the dispute over the 14 session. 14 Welcome, Mr. Pratt. Good morning. Would you 15 proper discount rate, Dr. Spiller criticizes your 16 please read the statement as Expert. 16 selection of RDC's cost of debt as the appropriate THE WITNESS: I solemnly declare upon my 17 cost of debt for the computation of the Weighted 17 18 honor and conscience that my statement will be in 18 Average Cost of Capital. Would you please tell the 19 accordance with my sincere belief. 19 Tribunal why you chose RDC's cost of debt. PRESIDENT RIGO: Thank you. A. Well, because that was, in fact, what they 20 21 Mr. Foster. 21 were paying. The--Mr. Spiller would have them 22 DIRECT EXAMINATION 22 immediately from the time of the Lesivo, would have 1388 1386 11:37:03 1 them turn to local sources, but that would be 11:33:37 1 BY MR. FOSTER: 2 uneconomical because local sources can't lend at those Q. Thank you, Dr. Pratt. I would like to ask a couple of questions 3 rates. RDC operates railroads around the world and 4 about some of Dr. Spiller's criticisms of your work. 4 finances all of them at the same rate, and you can be First, he criticizes your selection of the 5 sure that the lender takes into consideration what the 6 12.9 percent discount rate to be applied to RDC's sunk 6 monies are being used for, how risky it is. 7 costs to return RDC to the same financial position it Q. Dr. Spiller, in that same regard, Dr. Spiller 8 would have been in in the absence of Lesivo. 8 makes a big point of the fact that FVG operated in Please explain to the Tribunal why you 9 Guatemala and, thereby, faced a higher degree of 10 believe that RDC's sunk costs should be compounded at 10 long-term economic instability. Would you comment on 11 that rate. 11 that criticism. A. I chose a 12.9 percent for a discount rate to A. Well, we added a company risk factor to our 13 discount back their future losses, projected future 13 equity rate, and certainly the lender recognizes these 14 losses to the December 31st, '06, date. And since 14 risks in establishing its lending rate. 15 they had already been investing, they had to--they had Q. Now, turning to the issue of the cost of 16 to compound their investment up to the same date at 16 equity, Dr. Spiller says that your estimation of the 17 the same rate, so. 17 cost of equity is flawed because you used the factor So the two would balance off. In other 18 for the tenth Decile of company size which, according 19 words, the amortization would equal the value of the 19 to Dr. Spiller, does not adequately reflect troubled 20 sunk cost, so that's the reason for it. 20 and distressed companies like FVG, whereas he uses the Q. Now, Dr. Spiller also says that compensation 21 factor for subgroup 10(b) which he says does reflect 22 cannot be computed based upon the amount invested 22 adequately troubled and distressed companies.

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| 11:38:49 1 | What is your response to that criticism? | 11:43:00 1 | MR. DEBEVOISE: Thank you, Mr. President. |
| 2 | A. Well, it's a little bit technical, but Dr. | 2 | CROSS-EXAMINATION |
| 3 | Spiller, he uses only Morningstar for his data input. | 3 | BY MR. DEBEVOISE: |
| 4 | I use both Morningstar and Duff & Phelps. Now, Duff & | 4 | Q. Good morning, Dr. Pratt. My name is Whitney |
| 5 | Phelps does screen out the distressed companies, | 5 | Debevoise, and I represent the Republic of Guatemala, |
| 6 | becauseso that's not an issue with Duff & Phelps, | 6 | and I'll have a few questions for you today. |
| 7 | but Morningstar takes all the companies that are | 7 | A. Good morning. |
| 8 | actively traded on the New York Stock Exchange, | 8 | Q. Let's start with your Report, if we could |
| 9 | American Stock Exchange, and NASDAQ, and ranks them on | 9 | just put up the first page, the first paragraph of the |
| 10 | | | Report. And blow up the description of the |
| 1 | of shares outstanding, common shares. | 11 | - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| 12 | And therefore, the aggregate value of the | 12 | As I understand it, sir, you were asked to |
| 13 | common equity becomes a measure of size. Well, a lot | 13 | opine essential on three items: A discount rate at |
| | of companies have fallen into that size category not | 14 | which projected cash flows should be discounted back |
| 14 | | | to present value as of December 31, 2006; an |
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| 16 | hard times. And so we at Shannon Pratt Valuations use | | appropriate pre-judgment interest rate; and whether |
| 17 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 17 | the methodology of seeking recovery of both sunk costs |
| 18 | <u>-</u> | 18 | and lost profits is consistent with economic |
| 19 | as 10(b) because 10(b) is the lower half of Decile 10. | 19 | principles and does not result in double counting. Is |
| 20 | But they don't have as much weight because | 20 | that correct? |
| 1 | they're diluted by the inclusion of upper half of | 21 | A. Yes, that's correct. |
| 22 | Decile 10. And my understanding is that they intend | 22 | Q. Why don't we start our conversation with the |
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| 11:40:57 1 | 1390 to take them out, take the distressed companies out | 11:44:23 1 | 1392 |
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18 | last item, the methodology of seeking recovery of both sunk costs and lost profits. And by that I refer to the sum of these two concepts because that is, in fact, what was done, although there was an adjustment. You state in the first paragraph on Page 1 of your Report that you were asked to opine on whether the methodology of seeking recovery of both sunk costs and lost profits is consistent with economic principles. Do you see that? A. Yes. Q. Okay. You then address this question in Part 4 of your Report on Pages 12 and 13, so why don't we move to Page 12. (Discussion off the record.) Q. Interestingly, you begin the discussion of this subject with reference to a legal standard, not to an economic standard, don't you? You cite the Chorzów Factory Case in the Permanent Court of |
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20 | to take them out, take the distressed companies out like Duff & Phelps does, but they haven't done it yet. Q. Now, Dr. Spiller spends a large portion of his report saying that the Claimant's damages calculation including both sunk costs and lost profits results in double counting. You dealt with that in your Report, and please tell the Tribunal what you think about that criticism. A. Well, whether that criticism is spot on is up to the Tribunal, it's not up to me, but the circumstances are that when expropriations take place in an unlawful manner, it would be not in the interests of encouraging good behavior, so to speak, good income behavior to just let the company get off with lost profits; in other words, the practice of recovering of the investment plus the recovery of lost profits is a significant deterrent to bad behavior economically. Q. Thank you, Dr. Pratt. Now, if you will answer any questions that Mr. Debevoise may have for | 2
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11:46:21 1 I apologize, Dr. Pratt. Apparently we don't 11:49:09 1

- 2 have the highlighting capability on this document.
- 3 I'm just referring to the first sentence in 4 your analysis here.
- 5 A. I could read it if you didn't keep
- 6 interrupting me.
- 7 (Witness reviews document.)
- 8 A. Okay.
- 9 Q. So, my question was: Do you agree with me
- 10 that you begin the discussion of this subject by
- 11 reference to a legal standard, not to an economic
- 12 standard?
- 13 A. Yes, I quess that's right.
- 14 Q. Okay. And I think you recite the holding of
- 15 that case, namely that the reparation must as far as
- 16 possible wipe out the consequences of the illegal act
- 17 and re-establish the situation which would, in all
- 18 probability, have existed if that act had not been
- 19 committed.
- 20 Do you see that at the beginning of Page 12?
- 21 A. Yes, I recall that.
- 22 Q. Okay. Now, if we were to look at the Chorzów

- :49:09 1 Q. Right. Okay, thank you.
 - 2 And in terms of the valuation technique that
 - 3 was used by Mr. Thompson because he did do this
 - 4 addition that we're talking about, do you agree,
 - 5 Dr. Pratt, that the Fair Market Value of Ferrovías at
 - 6 the time of this Lesivo Declaration is given by the
 - 7 expected cash flows that it would generate?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. And that the Fair Market Value of Ferrovías
 - 10 is the price at which a willing buyer and a willing
 - 11 seller would agree to change ownership of Ferrovías?
 - 12 A. Yes.
 - 13 Q. Okay. Thank you. Because that's exactly how
 - 14 you describe it in Chapter 28 of the book that you and
 - 15 Mr. Grabowski wrote on the Cost of Capital, which is
 - 16 used.
 - 17 A. Yes.
 - 18 Q. So, would you say that the Discounted Cash
 - 19 Flow method is the gold standard of methods used to
 - 20 determine Fair Market Value?
 - 21 A. Yes.
 - Q. Okay. I think Mr. Thompson agrees with you

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- 11:47:46 1 Factory Case, which you cited there in Footnote 9, in
 - 2 applying the principle of full reparations, the
 - 3 decision focused on value, the value of an
 - 4 undertaking. And that's where you and the experts
 - 5 come in, really; right? Your job is to help the
 - 6 Tribunal ascertain this value; is that right?
 - 7 A. Yes, that's right.
 - 8 Q. Okay. And it's the value of Ferrovias at the
 - 9 time of what we're referring to in this case as the
 - 10 Lesivo Declaration, the alleged expropriatory act; is
 - 11 that right?
 - 12 A. Well, that's right to a point; in other
 - 13 words, it's not just the value as of that date. It's
 - 14 the value of that date--as of that date plus sunk
 - 15 costs.
 - 16 Q. Well, I think isn't that the question that
 - 17 we're being asked to address here? We're trying to
 - 18 find out whether it's consistent with economic
 - 19 principles to have both sunk costs and a Discounted
 - 20 Cash Flow analysis?
 - 21 A. Yes. And as I testified, that's not for me
 - 22 to decide; that's for the Tribunal to decide.

11:50:32 1 on that, and he complements Dr. Spiller in that regard

- 2 saying that he agrees with Dr. Spiller on that, so
- $\ensuremath{\mathtt{3}}$ it's nice to know we have so much agreement here this

- 4 morning.
- 5 So, basically, then, you would agree with
- 6 Dr. Thompson that the value of Ferrovias, absent the
- 7 Lesivo would, at least as calculated by Dr. Thompson
- 8 using the Discounted Cash Flow method, be \$30.1
- 9 million.
- 10 A. That's correct. There may be--there may have 11 been some shutdown costs after that.
- Q. All right. And if the value of Ferrovías,
- 13 using the gold standard valuation, generates a certain
- 14 number, a certain value, why would Dr. Thompson be
- 15 correct in adding more to it? At best, his Net
- 16 Capital Contribution method should be an alternative
- 17 method of valuation, not a method that produces a
- 18 value to be added to an already calculated Discounted
- 19 Cash Flow value; right?
- 20 A. Well, not necessarily, because if you did
- 21 that it would be an incentive for governments to
- 22 invite investment in the country and then snatch it

11:52:10 1 away just when it was becoming profitable; in other

- 2 words, the inclusion of the sunk costs is an economic
- 3 deterrent for governments to act badly and,
- 4 therefore -- in fact, Mr. Thompson does amortize those
- 5 sunk costs over the life of the investment.
- So, it comes out even--the same amount that's
- 7 amortized is what was on the books or spent and move
- 8 forward at the discount rate, and they balance each
- 9 other out.
- Q. But if I could go back to the beginning of 10
- 11 that last answer that you just gave, essentially you
- 12 were talking at that point about the legal decision
- 13 that you think the Tribunal needs to make based on
- 14 policy considerations; is that correct?
- 15 A. Yes.
- Okay. And if I were to tell you that--well, 16
- 17 let's just leave it there for a minute.
- Now, do you believe that the Net Capital
- 19 Contribution method by itself in this case would
- 20 overcompensate the Claimant? Did you examine the
- 21 financial results of Ferrovías as they appeared in the
- 22 Financial Statements and the Annual Reports?

- 11:55:36 1 Q. Right. And there were lots of new capital 2 contributions to cover these losses because I think 3 you were asked a question about that by counsel for 4 Claimant.
 - A. Yes, and there were still investments to be 6 made, and RDC was still making investments in FVG at 7 the time and after the breach.
 - Q. And Mr. Thompson, by using the Net Capital 9 Contribution method, with updating to the date of the 10 taking using the Weighted Average Cost of Capital that 11 you calculated has given the investor in Ferrovías a
 - 12 compound rate of return of 12.9 percent for the
 - 13 period, and that was during a period when they had
 - 14 nothing but losses.
 - A. That's correct.
 - 16 O. Okay. But that doesn't return the investor
 - 17 to the same financial position it would have been in
 - 18 absent Guatemala's breach, as you say on Page 13 of
 - 19 your Report, does it? In fact, it would put RDC in a
 - 20 much better position.
 - A. Well, no, it would have--it would have put
 - 22 them in a position to recoup their losses, but it

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- 11:54:22 1
 - 2 the answer to both of them is yes. I believe--what
 - 3 was your first question?
 - Q. The application of the Net Capital
 - 5 Contribution method by itself alone in this case would
 - 6 overcompensate the Claimant.
 - A. No. I think not.
 - Q. Because when Dr. Thompson did that, he came
 - 9 up with a value of some 42 odd million.
 - A. Yes, I believe he did, and that was amortized
 - 11 over the length of the Contract.
 - O. All right.
 - A. Charged off as an expense a little over a 13
 - 14 million dollars a year.
 - Q. We will get to that in a minute. 15
 - And--but when you looked at the Financial
 - 17 Statements, there were nothing but losses from the
 - 18 time of inception; right?
 - 19 A. Yes.
 - Q. And how long a period was that? That was 20
 - 21 about eight, nine years, no?
 - A. About seven or eight.

A. There were two questions in that, but I think 11:57:19 1 wouldn't put them in a position to be the beneficiary 2 of future profits.

- Q. Now, you indicated in your Report that a
- 4 correction for double counting was appropriate. I 5 think that was on Page 13 of your Report. If we look

1400

- 6 at the second paragraph on that page. So, in the
- 7 second half of that sentence in that paragraph you
- 8 said that "when the income stream is limited to a
- 9 finite number of years, then the investment must be
- 10 recovered and amortized over that number of years;
- 11 i.e., annual deductions from the projected cash
- 12 flows"; right?

- A. That's what Mr. Thompson did, yeah.
- Q. Right. And I think you were saying that you
- 15 think that that's appropriate?
- 16 Α. Yes.
- Q. Yes. You go on to say that Dr. Thompson has 17
- 18 indeed amortized RDC's sunk costs over the remaining
- 19 life of the Contract and therefore there is no double
- 20 counting--do you see that?
- A. Yes. 21
- Q. Okay. Dr. Pratt, would you say that what

11:59:03 1 Dr. Thompson has done here is a standard practice in

2 valuation?

A. Well, it depends on how you look at it. He

4 looked at it as to you had to recover the invested

5 costs, the sunk costs, plus he had to recover the lost

6 profits. And like I said, it's up to the Tribunal to

7 decide whether that is reasonable or not in the

8 interest of justice and economics because if you don't

9 do that, as I testified, you invite States to invite

10 investment and then snatch them away.

So, that's not a standard method, but it's a

12 method when that set of facts and circumstances

13 applies.

Q. So, it's not a standard method? 14

A. Well, the standard method, when you're faced

16 with that situation.

Q. Thank you. 17

And the amortization that was done was done

19 on a straight line basis; correct?

20 A. Yes.

Right. So, over the life of the rest of the

22 Usufruct that Ferrovias had, if we were doing a--using

12:02:45 1 worth of future benefits plus the amortized sunk 2 costs, or would they just pay the present worth of

3 future benefits?

A. Well, the question is: Is that the standard

5 of value? I don't think that's a standard of value

6 here. The standard of value is--in my opinion, the

7 standard of value is not Fair Market Value. The

8 standard of value is something else.

Q. But when you give me that response, again

10 you're assuming that the Tribunal might rule a certain

11 way on the standard.

A. Yes.

13

O. Standard valuation would be the Fair Market

14 Value: correct?

A. The numbers are all there, if they decide

16 that they want to--as I said many times, that's up to

17 the Tribunal, and the numbers are all there in case

18 they want to work it out--

Q. If they want to punish Guatemala, they could

20 do that?

21 Α. Yeah.

Q. Okay. Let's talk about the cost of debt.

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12:00:51 1 Net Present Values and so forth, there would be a much 12:04:00 1 The section of your Report concerning the cost of debt

2 bigger portion than what had been added on, which is

3 not, in fact, amortized.

A. I don't think that's correct. I think it's

5 fully amortized.

Q. Fully amortized perhaps in a narrow

7 accounting sense, but not in an economic sense;

8 correct?

A. Well, I'm not an economist, so I don't speak

10 for economists, but it's Net Present Value at

11 12.9 percent is, indeed, less than--is, indeed, less

12 by the deduction than the sunk costs. In other words,

13 deductions turn out to be less than the sunk costs

14 because of the timing.

Q. Again, back at the beginning, I think you

16 stated in your Statement that basically your mission

17 was to determine whether all of this had been done

18 consistent with economic principles, so I understand

19 you're not an economist, but we are talking about

20 economics here.

A. Okay. 21

Q. Now, would a willing buyer pay the present

1404

2 in the Weighted Average Cost of Capital calculation, I

3 think we should turn to Page 11 of your Report. Could

4 we scroll a little bit more? We need the heading at

5 the top there that says "cost of debt."

(Discussion off the record.)

Q. So, we're going to talk about this cost of

8 debt.

You assumed that RDC would continue, as it

10 has in the past, with the pre-tax borrowing cost of

11 7.08 percent. But is that not one of the common

12 mistakes in valuation? If we're going to measure the

13 cost of debt of the willing buyer, the willing buyer

14 would not look at his own cost of debt, but rather the

15 cost of debt of the target company, the company that

16 he intends to acquire; right?

A. Well, no, that's not generally true in these 17

18 situations. It's true in these situations that

19 companies do finance other countries' construction and

20 so forth, and they do borrow in their own market and

21 not in the local countries' market.

Q. But I think what we were talking about here

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| | 1405 | | 1407 |
| 12:05:46 1 | was this willing buyer/willing seller concept, no? | 12:09:56 1 | PRESIDENT RIGO: I think you should proceed |
| 2 | A. Is there a question there? | 2 | to the extent that the Report of the Statement, the |
| 3 | Q. Yes. I said I thought we were talking about | 3 | Opinion of Mr. Pratt has been based on it. |
| 4 | a willing buyer/willing seller concept; correct? | 4 | MR. DEBEVOISE: All right. Thank you. |
| 5 | A. Well, I don't believe that, as I testified. | 5 | Maybe I can cure Mr. Foster's problem, if I |
| 6 | I don't believe that's a correct standard of value, | 6 | may. Why don't we say that this is not an exhibit to |
| 7 | but you can pursue it as if it were. | 7 | be used it the record, but I'll just use it as a |
| 8 | Q. Okay. Could we put up the Pratt and | 8 | demonstrative exhibit. This is something that he has |
| 9 | Grabowski exhibit on Cost of Capital, please. Maybe | 9 | said, and I think it's fair to ask him about it. |
| 10 | Antonio knows which one that is. | 10 | We're addressing the cost of debt. |
| 11 | MR. FOSTER: Do you have an exhibit number? | 11 | MR. FOSTER: This simply is not in the |
| 12 | MR. DEBEVOISE: I'm just looking for that | 12 | record. |
| 13 | now. I thought we had it. I think it's cited in the | 13 | PRESIDENT RIGO: If it's not in the record, |
| 14 | footnotes of his Report. | 14 | can you please phrase your question in terms of the |
| 15 | (Pause.) | 15 | Statement to which it relates that is on the record, |
| 16 | MR. DEBEVOISE: I apologize for the technical | 16 | that's his opinion. |
| 17 | difficulties here. | 17 | BY MR. DEBEVOISE: |
| 18 | BY MR. DEBEVOISE: | 18 | Q. Mr. Pratt |
| 19 | Q. I think that in your book which is cited in | 19 | MR. FOSTER: In the meantime, if you will |
| 20 | your Statement on the Cost of Capital, you state that | 20 | take it down. |
| 21 | using the acquiring firm's overall cost of capital as | 21 | BY MR. DEBEVOISE: |
| 22 | | 22 | Qyou're the author of Cost of Capital: |
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| 10 00 06 1 | 1406 | 10 11 14 1 | 1408 |
| 12:08:36 1 | A. Where are you, sir? | | Applications and Examples, third edition, with Mr. |
| 2 | A. Where are you, sir? MR. FOSTER: I'm sorry, could you show him | 2 | Applications and Examples, third edition, with Mr. Grabowski; are you not? |
| 3 | A. Where are you, sir? MR. FOSTER: I'm sorry, could you show him what you're referring to? | 2 3 | Applications and Examples, third edition, with Mr. Grabowski; are you not? A. Yes, I am the author of that. Currently, |
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- 12:12:42 1 would be looking at a willing buyer/willing seller
 - 2 situation.
 - 3 MR. FOSTER: If Mr. Debevoise could ask a
 - $4\,\,$ question as opposed to making statements, it would
 - 5 probably move things along.
 - 6 BY MR. DEBEVOISE:
 - 7 O. Is that not correct?
 - 8 A. Well, you haven't established a connection.
 - 9 Q. Dr. Pratt--
 - 10 A. There was no acquiring company.
 - 11 Q. Dr. Pratt, can we just go back again to the
 - 12 very beginning. You were asked, and I think this is
 - 13 back in the description of your assignment, to
 - 14 determine the discount rate at which these projected
 - 15 lost profits should be discounted back to present
 - 16 value as of December 31, 2006, in conjunction with
 - 17 this claim; correct?
 - 18 A. Correct.
 - 19 O. And I think we talked about the Chorzów
 - 20 Factory standard and the attempt to find value
 - 21 being--trying to find the Fair Market Value of
 - 22 Ferrovías; correct?

- 12:15:30 1 Promissory Note.
 - A. February 13, 2002.
 - Q. Thank you. And you were asked to value
 - 4 Ferrovías in September 2006, at the time of the
 - 5 taking, so this is out of phase, isn't it?
 - 6 A. Well, this particular Note is, but the source
 - 7 of our rate was the Financial Statements of RDC.
 - 8 Q. Why was it necessary to attach this Note to
 - 9 your Report, if this was not the foundation for your
 - 10 rate? I think you included in the footnote to justify
 - 11 this rate, didn't you?
 - 12 A. I don't know.
 - 13 Q. Could we look at Page--well, I don't want to
 - 14 interrupt the flow, so we'll come back to this, that
 - 15 question in a minute when we're out of this document
 - 16 and into the next.
 - 17 Let's continue looking at the Note. Do you
 - 18 see the paragraph that says "FOR VALUE RECEIVED"?
 - A. Yes.
 - 20 Q. And who are the Makers of this Note, as you
 - 21 read it in that paragraph?
 - 22 A. On first glance it would seem to me that it

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- 12:14:12 1 $\,$ A. Well, counsel, you did, but I don't think I
 - 2 ever did.
 - 3 O. Well, I think if we went back and replayed
 - 4 the record, I think we would find that in the
 - 5 beginning of your testimony you had accepted that
 - 6 proposition; isn't that right?
 - 7 A. I don't think so.
 - Q. All right. Well, I think the Tribunal can
 - 9 read the record for itself and make their own
 - 10 decision.
 - 11 A. All right.
 - 12 Q. Now, let's talk about the evidence supporting
 - 13 the 7.08 percent that you used. You based that on the
 - 14 value of a Promissory Note.
 - MR. DEBEVOISE: Could we please put up
 - 16 SPV-03.
 - 17 BY MR. DEBEVOISE:
 - 18 Q. This is an "Amended and Restated Line of
 - 19 Credit Promissory Note"; which was attached to your
 - 20 Report, sir; is that right?
 - 21 A. Yes.
 - Q. And could you read me the date on the

- 12:17:44 1 had Henry Posner and Railroad Development Corporation.
 - Q. Correct. And could you continue on in the

- 3 parenthetical? Does it say that they're jointly and
- 4 severally the Maker?
 - A. Yes.
- 6 Q. So whose debt were you evaluating when you
- 7 looked at this Note? Mr. Posner's or RDC's?
 - A. Well, they're combined.
- 9 Q. It's joint and several; correct?
- 10 A. It's joint and several.
- 11 Q. Right. So, this is not the pure credit of
- 12 RDC, is it?
- 13 A. No, it's not.
- 14 Q. Thank you.
- 15 And when you're building a Weighted Average
- 16 Cost of Capital to discount over 42 years, you would
- 17 properly use a long term borrowing rate, would you
- 18 not?
- 19 A. Yes.
- Q. All right. Let's take a look at the term of
- 21 this Promissory Note. Could we scroll down to Clause
- 22 E on Page 6, please, focusing on Clause E, this is a

1415 1413 12:19:15 1 demand Note, isn't it, Dr. Pratt? 12:21:59 1 that we requested the RDC Financial Statements, and 2 what we were given was completely blacked out except A. Yes. Q. And that means it's due and payable on any 3 for one or two lines, so I don't know that this is a 4 given days, not in five years, not in 10 years, not in 4 foundation on which Dr. Pratt's opinion could be 5 20. It could be due tomorrow; correct? 5 based. A. Yes. MR. FOSTER: I would note also for the record Q. So, it's not a long term borrowing rate being 7 that they didn't challenge what we gave them. 8 reflected in this Note, is it? MR. DEBEVOISE: I think, Mr. President, that A. Well, it may be. It may be some people use 9 the Witness should not be relying on documents that 10 Demand Notes for Long-Term Notes. 10 haven't been made available to us, just as a matter of Q. All right. Let's, now, take this down and go 11 equity in the proceedings. 12 back to Dr. Pratt's Report. If we could go to Page 5, All right. Well, if the Tribunal would like 13 please. Looking at the paragraph in the middle of 13 to rule on it, I'll wait. 14 this page called "Cost of Debt for Railroad 14 PRESIDENT RIGO: I was going to ask 15 Mr. Foster his views. 15 Operations." Do you see that, sir? A. Yes. MR. FOSTER: They asked for Financial Q. And it says: "As cost of debt for railroad 17 Statements. We gave them Financial Statements that 17 18 operations, we used the interest rate paid by RDC on 18 were redacted except as to FVG. They had the 19 its lines of credit that was outstanding as of the 19 opportunity to ask for additional information if they 20 valuation date." Footnote 4. And could we scroll 20 wanted it. They've had Dr. Pratt's Report for a long 21 down to Footnote 4, please. Footnote 4, "amended and 21 time. This is a long-term line of credit financing, 22 as is obvious, the Report says that it was still in 22 restated line of credit Promissory Note between Henry 1416

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12:20:48 1 Posner III and Railroad Development Corporation and

2 Dollar Bank, Federal Savings Bank, February 13, 2002,

3 Exhibit SPV-03; correct?

A. Yes.

Q. And that's the Note we just looked at;

6 correct?

A. I think so on here, described as a Line of

8 Credit Promissory Note, so there it's indicated it's a

9 line of credit. It's not intended to be short-term.

Q. I see. And this is the evidence on which

11 you're basing this rate that you have selected;

12 correct?

13 A. Yes.

14 O. Okav.

A. Well, yes, I base mine on the footnotes to

16 the Financial Statement, but evidently this is the

17 underlying document.

18 Q. Thank you.

The footnotes in which Financial Statements,

20 sir? The RDC Financial Statements?

A. Yes, sir. 21

Q. All right. Could I just note for the record

12:23:49 1 existence as of the time of the valuation date. It's

2 dated 2002. It had been there for over four years.

3 As of the time of the valuation date.

MR. DEBEVOISE: With respect, counsel is 5 arguing the merits of the dispute at this point. It's

6 a question of fundamental fairness, Mr. President.

7 The Expert can't be relying on documents that we

8 cannot have access to so that we can properly

9 cross-examine him.

PRESIDENT RIGO: Now, as I understand it,

11 certain Financial Statements redacted have been given

12 to you. Is the Opinion of Dr. Pratt based on the

13 those that are redacted or on also the part that had

14 been redacted? I think that's the question in terms

15 if you're going to judge on the fairness of the issue.

MR. FOSTER: I'm afraid I don't know the

17 answer to your question as to whether the reference to

18 the interest rate was part of the redaction or not.

19 We can determine that.

20 PRESIDENT RIGO: I think the Tribunal, for

21 the purposes of the examination of Dr. Pratt, who's

22 here at this moment, will continue as is, but on the

1419 1417 12:25:48 1 assumption that the other Party, meaning the Party 12:29:04 1 really feel surprised by this. 2 representing Guatemala, will receive all the MR. FOSTER: Also for the record, I believe 3 documentation on which Dr. Pratt has made his 3 what we're going to find is that the Financial 4 evaluation. 4 Statement refers to this Note. I think that's what MR. FOSTER: We'll check, and if the Note 5 we're going to find out. I think they're merely 6 he's talking about is redacted, we'll provide it. 6 cumulative, but we'll see when we look at it. MR. DEBEVOISE: With all due respect, MR. DEBEVOISE: Thank you, Mr. President. 8 Mr. President, we lose the opportunity to PRESIDENT RIGO: We have taken note of 9 cross-examine him on whatever they provide, and I 9 everything that has been said, and please, 10 think if I showed him these redacted statements, 10 Mr. Debevoise, continue. 11 there's literally pages and pages of black. There is 11 BY MR. DEBEVOISE: Q. Dr. Pratt, you have a disagreement with Dr. 12 nothing in here you could rely on, and I don't see how 13 this in any way cures the problem. 13 Spiller on the weighting to be applied in the Weighted (Tribunal conferring.) 14 14 Average Cost of Capital calculation between the real 15 estate business and the railway business. In this PRESIDENT RIGO: You had the redacted 16 statements. You had the Opinion of Dr. Pratt, and you 16 regard, you have weighted, according to the EBITDA 17 had not raised the issue. So, from the point of view 17 developed by Mr. Thompson which, in turn, depends in 18 of the Tribunal, at this point--I mean, it's true you 18 part on Mr. MacSwain's analysis of real estate 19 may lose the cross-examination of the Expert on those 19 revenues. 20 parts that are redacted, if his opinion is based on 20 So, if the Tribunal were to find 21 that, but that is also on your side, not having 21 Mr. MacSwain's calculations speculative and 22 questioning the matter earlier. 22 unsubstantiated, there might be a corresponding impact 1418 1420 So, from the perspective of the Tribunal, I 12:27:39 1 12:30:22 1 on the weighting factor; correct? 2 repeat what I said before: We will continue as is, A. Yes, sir, that's correct. 3 and you proceed to your cross-examination on the basis Okav. 0. 4 of the information that is available. The other Party A. It would be minor because--it would be minor 5 has agreed to give you the information to redact it to 5 because the railroad weighting is very--the railroad 6 the extent that there is the information on which 6 cost of capital is so close that--the real estate 7 Dr. Pratt has based his statement, and you will have 7 costs of capital, that any change would be minor. 8 an opportunity later on in the proceedings, I mean, to Q. So, essentially, you're saying that the 9 comment as necessary afterwards, after you receive it, 9 dispute between you over 92/08 versus 50/50 is also 10 whether it's the closing statement or you receive it 10 minor? 11 before or in post-hearing statement, et cetera. 11 A. Yes. So, certainly you would have that Q. Thank you. I have no further questions, 13 opportunity. 13 Dr. Pratt. 14 MR. DEBEVOISE: Well, just--I would like to 14 PRESIDENT RIGO: Thank you, Mr. Pratt. 15 just state for the record, Mr. President, that we 15 Mr. Foster. 16 didn't learn until today that Dr. Pratt was intending 16 MR. FOSTER: Just one question. 17 to rely on these RDC statements, so there is no way we REDIRECT EXAMINATION 17 18 would have known to press the point. He's essentially 18 BY MR. FOSTER: 19 being allowed to amend his Statement and provide a new Q. Does modern economic theory also take into 20 foundation for it after the fact. And we will 20 account policy considerations, Dr. Pratt? 21 proceed, but I think that it's not cited--these A. Counsel, I hate to ask you a question back,

22 financials are not cited in his Statement, so we do

22 but I'm going to--whose policy considerations?

1421 1423 Q. In general, does modern economic theory take 12:34:54 1 determine that both might be appropriate--2 into account policies considerations such as the use THE WITNESS: If both might be appropriate, 3 of economics to influence behavior? 3 the number at the end of my Report is valid. A. Yes. ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: Which is... MR. FOSTER: That's all I have. THE WITNESS: I'm not finding it readily, but PRESIDENT RIGO: I will ask my colleagues if 6 it's approximately 62 million. 7 they have any questions. ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: 62 million? OUESTIONS FROM THE TRIBUNAL THE WITNESS: Yeah. 9 ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: I have one question to ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: Okay. Again, I want 10 clear up an issue in which I thought I heard different 10 to reflect on this. You went into the issue of 11 answers to the same issue. And that is the Discounted 11 whether if there were a finding of an illegal 12 expropriation--12 Cost of Capital, the gold standard, and the issue of 13 Fair Market Value, the willing buyer and willing 13 THE WITNESS: Yes. ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: --that you would want 14 seller. 14 At one point I thought you said that that was 15 to discourage that, and that would lead to combining 16 the appropriate standard and at another it was not. 16 both. 17 Perhaps you might explain to the Tribunal. 17 THE WITNESS: Yes. THE WITNESS: Well, Tribunal, it's up to the ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: But it's not clear on 19 Tribunal to make that decision. Evidence has been 19 what basis the Tribunal, from your perspective, if we 20 presented on Fair Market Value, at least the adequate 20 decide not to include both, but either the cost of the 21 numbers have been presented so the Tribunal can make 21 lost profit or the sunk cost, either one or the other, 22 the determination as of its Fair Market Value. 22 I would like to know your thinking of what would drive 1422 1424 ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: Yes, sir, but what 12:36:31 1 or should drive the Tribunal to one of the--one or the 12:33:10 1 2 would be the key factor for the Tribunal be to make 2 other of those estimates. 3 that judgment? THE WITNESS: I think that the sunk costs THE WITNESS: They should--they should 4 would be more appropriate because they're a known 5 subtract either the Discounted--either the result from 5 fact. the Discounted Cash Flow or the embedded costs. ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: Whereas the profits ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: And is that what 7 are more speculative? 8 Mr. Thompson did? THE WITNESS: Yes. ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: And the sunk costs, THE WITNESS: No. 10 you took the \$15 million that had already been 10 ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: That's different than 11 invested as the basis for that? 11 the amortization issue? THE WITNESS: Yes. That's different from the THE WITNESS: Well, yeah, and moved it 13 amortization issue. The amortization, although it's 13 forward by 12.9 percent per year. 14 completely amortized, there's a matter of timing 14 ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: Yes, I understand. 15 difference, which makes the net come out differently. THE WITNESS: Yeah. In other words, I should 16 have said the adjusted sunk costs. So, if the Tribunal determines that the lost PRESIDENT RIGO: Mr. Foster, on the questions 17 profits are the only thing that should be taken into 17 18 consideration comes out to between 30 and 32 million. 18 of the Secretary Eizenstat. 19 if the Tribunal decides that only the sunk costs MR. FOSTER: Nothing further. 20 become relevant, it should take out the -- the answer is 20 PRESIDENT RIGO: Mr. Debevoise, on the 21 about 42 million. 21 question of Mr. Eizenstat? ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: If one were to MR. DEBEVOISE: Yes, thank you,

1425 1427 12:37:42 1 Mr. President. 12:40:49 1 And there has been--the question of the 2 policy issue came up again. I think we discussed, RECROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. DEBEVOISE: 3 when we were discussing your Statement, the fact that Q. On this last question that you were just 4 you began with a legal standard referring to the 5 Chorzów Factory Case; is that correct? 5 asked, as between the Discounted Cash Flow and the 6 sunk costs, I think we discussed in the beginning of MR. FOSTER: Objection. That was my 7 your testimony that the Discounted Cash Flow was the question, not Secretary Eizenstat's question. He's 8 gold standard; correct? 8 gone far beyond. A. Yes, sir. MR. DEBEVOISE: No, I think that Secretary Q. And I guess we have the situation of eight 10 Eizenstat asked about the policy issue. 10 11 years of losses which you seem to attribute to the PRESIDENT RIGO: I think only Mr. Foster 11 12 fact that this is somehow a startup; is that correct? 12 asked on that. If you can point out where Secretary MR. FOSTER: I believe that was what he had 13 Eizenstat asked the question on policy. MR. DEBEVOISE: Yes. There was a specific 14 already asked as opposed to responding to a question 14 15 from Secretary Eizenstat. 15 reference here in my notes to the question of illegal THE WITNESS: Well, would you repeat the 16 expropriation being asked during the time of the 17 Tribunal's questions. I believe that's the policy 17 question? BY MR. DEBEVOISE: 18 issue. And I just have one question on this, if I 18 19 Q. Yes. I believe that I asked whether it was your PRESIDENT RIGO: Just, Mr. Debevoise, just go 20 20 21 view that Discounted Cash Flows should not be used in 21 ahead and ask the question. 22 this case because you characterized this operation as MR. DEBEVOISE: Thank you. 1426 1428 12:38:52 1 a startup, notwithstanding eight years of operations. 12:42:05 1 BY MR. DEBEVOISE: A. Yes, and there are reasons for--the reason Q. Are you aware, Dr. Pratt, that in Chorzów 3 for it being a startup after eight years, for one 3 Factory the Court asked several questions, the famous 4 thing it had to rebuild the railroad that took two or 4 Questions 1(a) and 1(b) and Question 2, and that if 5 three years, but then there were problems with 5 you applied those questions you would be providing an 6 economic incentive to countries not to take properties 6 Guatemala not putting in its share of the Trust Fund 7 money and not evicting squatters, so it's very much 7 that were going to increase in value post 8 still a startup company. It's a matter of rebuilding 8 expropriation so that the policy issue is addressed in 9 the freight traffic from a virtual standstill. 9 Chorzów Factory? Q. But in situations where the sunk costs are 10 A. No, I'm not aware of that. 11 used, we're typically looking at a situation where the 11 MR. DEBEVOISE: Thank you. 12 company hasn't had any operations whatsoever and, PRESIDENT RIGO SUREDO: Before I thank 13 therefore, the only objective things you could look at 13 Dr. Pratt, I wanted to make one comment for the 14 is the sunk costs, but here we have revenue 14 record, and is that Mr. Debevoise at one point said in 15 projections -- in fact, projections that were lower than 15 case the Tribunal decides to punish Guatemala, I think 16 planned by the company at the beginning of the 16 that's the wrong characterization of the role of this 17 operation? 17 Tribunal. We are not here to punish anyone, and we A. That's true. In this case, we do have, in 18 don't have that capacity under the Treaty under which 19 fact--it's unusual to have a company that's still in a 19 the Tribunal was established. 20 startup phase after eight year, but this is the 20 THE WITNESS: I wasn't the one that made that 21 situation here. 21 comment. 0. I see. PRESIDENT RIGO: Mr. Debevoise.

1429 1431 MR. DEBEVOISE: Thank you, Mr. President, for 02:07:57 1 that it has no foundation in the record and should not 12:43:27 1 2 be used this afternoon. 2 making the distinction. MR. FOSTER: We're not asking the Tribunal to MR. FOSTER: And I said earlier if I planned 4 to use it, I'd give him a chance to object to it. I punish Guatemala, either. PRESIDENT RIGO: Mr. Pratt, thank you so much 5 don't know if I will or not, I probably won't, so I for being with us. 6 don't think we are going to have to get to that, so THE WITNESS: Thank you. 7 there's no use arguing about it now. MR. DEBEVOISE: Could we perhaps ask that it 8 (Witness steps down.) 9 PRESIDENT RIGO: We will adjourn now and 9 be removed from the Tribunal's binders, then, until 10 such time as you decide to use it? 10 reconvene at 2:00. I wanted to ask about Dr. Spiller. I 11 ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: The Tribunal promises 11 12 remember that there was an issue that he needed to 12 not to look at it until you tell us we can. 13 testify today. Is there any issue time wise during ARBITRATOR CRAWFORD: If we look at it by 14 the afternoon? 14 accident, we promise not to understand it. MR. DEBEVOISE: Mr. President, no, he's 15 THE WITNESS: That may be true in any case. ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: It's very tempting to 16 available all day long today. 16 PRESIDENT RIGO: Okay. Thank you. 17 open it, but we will resist the temptation. 17 So, I will see you at 2:00. 18 PRESIDENT RIGO: It's a forbidden fruit. 18 So, Mr. Foster. 19 (Whereupon, at 12:44 p.m., the hearing was 19 20 adjourned until 2:00 p.m., the same day.) MR. FOSTER: Thank you, Mr. President. 20 21 21 DIRECT EXAMINATION 22 BY MR. FOSTER: 1430 1432 02:08:59 1 AFTERNOON SESSION Q. Mr. Thompson, you have in front of you, I 1 2 believe, I hope you do, your two Expert Reports that LOUIS THOMPSON, CLAIMANT'S WITNESS, CALLED PRESIDENT RIGO: Good afternoon. Welcome. 3 you've submitted in this arbitration dated May 18, 4 2009, and March 15, 2011, respectively? 4 Mr. Thompson. You have the Declaration as an expert. Would A. I have what appears to be the figures from you mind to read it for us. those reports. The text is not here. You have a statement as an expert, right Q. Well, in that case we'd better have the text. In any event, to move things along, assuming 8 there. THE WITNESS: Excuse me, I'm sorry. 9 that Adrian puts the accurate version of the text in 9 PRESIDENT RIGO: I would appreciate if you 10 front of you, do you ratify each of your reports and 10 11 affirm their truthfulness before the Tribunal? 11 could read that. 12 THE WITNESS: I would be happy to do so. A. Yes, I do. 13 I'm amazed at this technology, and I'm only Q. Okay. What Expert analysis were you asked to 14 getting used to how to respond to things. 14 perform in this case, Mr. Thompson? A. I was asked to review the history of the FVG I solemnly declare upon my honor and 15 16 conscience that my statement will be in accordance 16 in Guatemala. I was asked to assess the circumstances 17 with my sincere beliefs. 17 that caused them to go out of business, and I was 18 asked to assess the damages that they incurred as a 18 PRESIDENT RIGO: Thank you. 19 MR. DEBEVOISE: Mr. President, you will 19 result of this event. 20 recall that this morning we had a discussion this Q. Could you please describe to the Tribunal 21 morning about another demonstrative exhibit. I think 21 your background that's relevant to that task. 22 it's in the binder that you were given, and we believe A. Yes, sir, I can. I have a degree in

02:10:09 1 engineering from MIT. I have a degree in business

- 2 administration from Harvard. I spent several years as
- 3 an engineering consultant. I then worked for the U.S.
- 4 Department of Transportation in the Office of the
- 5 Secretary dealing with budget analysis and management;
- 6 and, in that capacity, I performed a large number of
- and, in char capacity, i periormed a rarge number of
- $\ensuremath{\mathsf{7}}$ financial and economic analyses of the budgets of the
- 8 Department of Transportation, including the Federal
- 9 Railroad Administration. I then was transferred to 10 the Office of the Secretary for Policy Development,
- 11 where I worked again name will on development of
- 11 where I worked again primarily on development of
- 12 national policy toward railways and railway
- 13 investment.
- 14 From there, I was a consultant in which we
- 15 dealt specifically with economic and financial
- 16 analysis and transportation, regulatory proceedings,
- 17 particularly.
- 18 From there, I returned to the Department of
- 19 Transportation and the Federal Railroad Administration
- 20 where I first ran the Northeast Corridor project,
- 21 which was the largest single railway construction
- 22 project of the 20th Century, improving the railway

- 02:12:40 1 that it meets the Bank standards, to make sure that
 - 2 the economic and financial and political and policy
 - 3 analysis is all performed correctly. In that
 - 4 capacity, I probably visited 50 different countries
 - 5 and railways and talked about railway issues in those
 - 6 countries, and probably worked on another 10 or 15
 - 7 countries where I didn't go there, but I worked on the
 - 8 analysis and the decision about the lending.
 - 9 After the World Bank--oh, I want to add that 10 one of the things that I particularly worked on in the
 - 11 World Bank was the program of concessioning of
 - 12 railways. As you may know, in the late 1980s, there
 - 13 were no railways in Latin America operated by the
 - 14 private sector. By the end of the Nineties, every
 - 15 railway, every significant railway, was operated by
 - 16 the private sector under concession. And it was one
 - $17\,$ of the more successful programs that the Bank had. In
 - 18 fact, our team received an award from the President of
 - 19 Bank for excellence in the Wolfensohn area.
 - 20 After that I left the Bank and formed, as
 - 21 many of us do when we retire, I formed a small
 - 22 consulting company, and I've continued to work with

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- 02:11:23 1 line from Boston to Washington. This was a two and a
 - 2 half billion dollar project that involved a large
 - 3 number of economic and financial analyses of what to
 - 4 do and how to build a railway, plus, of course, the
 - 5 managerial issues of running such a large project.
 - 6 From that point, I was then
 - 7 appointed--promoted, actually, to handle all of the
 - 8 lending activities of the U.S. Federal Railroad
 - 9 Administration. It has a fairly large program of
 - 10 lending to smaller railways. That involves a great
 - 11 deal of financial and economic analysis of the railway
 - 12 and of the proposed project and making sure that the
 - 13 standards that the Government had set for such railway
 - 14 lending were met.
 - 15 I was also briefly the Associate
 - 16 Administrator for--actually I was also the Deputy
 - 17 Administrator and I was also the Associate
 - 18 Administrator for Policy. From that position, I left
 - 19 to join the World Bank as the Railways Adviser, and I
 - 20 served in that position for 17 years. The job of the
 - 21 Railway Adviser is basically to review all of the
 - 22 railway lending that the World Bank does to make sure

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- 02:13:56 1 consulting clients on many of the same issues, in 2 depth in Latin America, in depth in Asia and Europe.
 - Q. I hope when you leave here you go back to
 - 4 improving the corridor from Washington to Boston.
 - A. Right now I'm a member of the peer review group for the California high-speed rail project. And
 - 7 that's more than enough, I can tell you.
 - 8 ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: We will try not to let
 - 9 our feelings about your expertise be affected by those
 - 10 who have to take the Acela route from Penn Station.
 - 11 THE WITNESS: Believe me, sir, I sweated
 - 12 blood over the Northeast Corridor project, so I know 13 very well what the issues are.
 - 14 BY MR. FOSTER:
 - Q. Please describe to the Tribunal what you did
 - 16 to analyze and quantify Claimant's damages in this
 - 17 case.
 - 18 A. After a thorough analysis of what happened
 - 19 and what the information was, I prepared a model which
 - 20 basically contains all of the elements of the
 - 21 analysis. The model has a section that deals with
 - 22 lost investment and what investments were put in and

02:15:01 1 how they totaled and how they were brought up to the 2 present.

It had a section that dealt with the model of

- 4 railway operations so that I could see what the
- 5 revenues and what the costs were going to be as a
- ${\bf 6}$ $\,$ function of the traffic and the relationships between
- 7 revenues and traffic.
- 8 And it has a section that deals with the real
- 9 estate investments and when they were made and what
- 10 the expected revenues were going to be, and then it
- $11\,$ has a section that summarizes the results of all of
- 12 these.
- 13 Q. And in the section that deals with the
- 14 railway analysis, did you take into account all the
- 15 various inputs of revenues and costs and so forth?
 - A. The model has actually 28 different
- 17 parameters that go into the estimation. It has 27
- 18 different places where growth parameter is used.
- 19 There are nine different rates of growth depending on
- 20 the commodity and the expense. It has a number of
- 21 other elements into it; for example, it explicitly
- 22 includes the Weighted Average Cost of Capital and how

- 02:17:09 1 Q. What did your model reveal in terms of what 2 would have been the long-term driver of profitability 3 for FVG in the absence of the Lesivo Resolution?
 - 4 A. Without a question, the real estate. In
 - 5 fact, this surprised me in the development of the
 - 6 model, but it's very clear that when you look at the
 - 7 relative performance, that real estate was the
 - 8 controlling element in its value.9 Q. Now, besides your and Mr. MacSwain's
 - O project--well, strike that.
 - 11 Let me ask you, with regard to the real 12 estate, what did you rely upon for your input?
 - 13 A. Mr. MacSwain's inputs. I discussed his work
 - 14 thoroughly with him a number of times, and I know he 15 visited Guatemala, and I relied upon his work.
 - 16 O. Now, besides your and Mr. MacSwain's
 - 17 projected values for railway operations and real
 - 18 estate, respectively, were there any other key inputs
 - 19 into your calculations of RDC's damages?
 - 20 A. Well, of course, it all comes together
 - 21 through the Weighted Average Cost of Capital that
 - 22 Dr. Pratt developed.

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02:16:07 1 that's incorporated into the overall results.

- Q. Now, is Thompson Exhibit 1 to your Rebuttal
- ${\tt 3}$ Report your damages model that you're presenting in
- 4 this arbitration?
- 5 A. Yes, it is.
- 7 Railway Adviser, did you prepare and analyze similar
- 8 types of long-term forecast models for railroads?
- 9 A. I did that at the U.S. Department of
- 10 Transportation. I did it at the World Bank many, many
- 11 times on the loan applications that we were
- 12 considering, and certainly I have done it since in my
- 13 consulting practice.
- 14 O. Did the World Bank and the Department of
- 15 Transportation rely on your analysis in deciding
- 16 whether to commit millions of dollars in loans?
- 17 A. An honest answer is, I was certainly part of
- 18 it, but certainly in the World Bank nobody ever makes
- 19 the Final Decision that I found, but yes, it was a
- 20 major part of it, yeah.
- 21 The Railways Adviser at the World Bank
- 22 typically has the last word.

02:18:13 1 Q. Please explain to the Tribunal how it all 2 comes together through the Weighted Average Cost of 3 Capital.

A. Well, the model projects anything in nominal

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- 5 dollars; that is, the dollars of that year. The way
- 6 then they're equated to being dollars of the same year
- 7 is through the Weighted Average Cost of Capital, which
- 8 also serves economically as a discount rate or as an
- 9 accumulation rate if you're bringing values forward.
- 10 Q. Now, is your model separated into the amount 11 of the investment or sunk costs versus lost profits?
- 12 A. Yes, it is. The first section of the model
- 13 deals with the lost investment or in the investments 14 that were made and lost.
- 15 The second two deal with railway operations.
- 16 The fourth one deals with real estate, and
- 17 the fifth part deals with adding them together.

 18 0. Okay. Look at Table 1 to your Rebuttal
- 19 Report, if you will, and that's at Tab 1 in the
- 20 notebook.
- 21 What does that table show?
- A. That table shows the timing and the amounts

1441 1443 02:19:34 1 of monies that were invested into FVG. 02:22:07 1 A. The lost profits forecast the revenues and O. And does it bring them up-to-date to 2006 2 costs of the railway forecast, the revenues of the

3 dollars through the use of the Weighted Average Cost 4 of Capital?

A. It does in the final line where it says value 6 in EOY--sorry, End of Year 2006 dollars.

Q. Okay. And the total dollar amount invested

8 in nominal terms is shown where?

A. Two, three lines above that, the 19,025,323.

10 That's entitled "total dollar investment." Q. Okay. And does this sheet also show shutdown

12 expenses?

13 A. It does.

Q. And then when you use the 12.9 percent 14

15 interest rate to bring the investment amounts up to

16 date in 2006, what's the result?

A. Well, the total is 42,943,553. 17

O. And that's on the last line?

19 A. That is.

0. The fourth column over? 20

A. That's right.

Q. Okay. Now look at Table 8 to your Rebuttal

3 real estate. It brings them all together into one 4 model. It then calculates the Net Present Value of 5 the earnings, and then it deducts from that an 6 amortized amount of the accumulated value of the lost

7 investment, and then it reports the Net Present Value

8 of that flow, which is 22,188,540.

9 MR. FOSTER: Okay.

10 PRESIDENT RIGO: Thank you, Mr. Foster.

11 Mr. Debevoise.

12 CROSS-EXAMINATION

13 BY MR. DEBEVOISE:

Q. Good afternoon, Mr. Thompson. My name is 14

15 Whitney Debevoise. Represent the Republic of

16 Guatemala in these proceedings, and I will be asking

17 you some questions about your reports.

Mr. Thompson, when were you first retained

19 for this assignment?

A. I am not sure. May of 2007, possibly.

Q. Okay. And--21

A. But I don't quarantee that. That's my

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02:20:47 1 Report, and that's the next page.

I'm sorry, that's the last page.

Tell the Tribunal what Table 8 represents.

A. That shows the elements of the claim and then

5 shows how they are added together. The first element

6 is the same number you just saw the accumulated value

7 of the lost investment.

The second one is the recovery of shutdown

9 expenses. These are the expenses they incurred in

10 order to terminate the business.

The third line shows the lost-profits claim, 11

12 which is--that's the projection of the operations of

13 the railway and real estate.

14 The fourth--then you have the total revised

15 damages claim.

And then the lease income received 2000-2010

17 is a negative item because these are incomes that they

18 received and should be deducted from the claim.

And then the bottom line, which I've colored

20 green, is total net damages.

Q. Now, please explain to the panel how you--how

22 your model computes the lost the profits.

02:23:35 1 recollection.

Q. And shortly thereafter, on the 14th of June,

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3 Claimant Requested this Arbitration, submitted its

4 Request for Arbitration in this case; correct?

A. I don't know.

Q. Are you aware that the relief and remedies

7 sought in that Request for Arbitration were for an

8 amount totaling no less than \$65 million?

A. No, I'm not.

Q. Okay, for the record, that's Paragraph 70 A

11 of the Request for Arbitration.

In your First Report, Mr. Thompson, you

13 conclude that the total estimate of damages to RDC as

14 a result of the lesivo is \$64 million.

A. I think so--

17

16 Q. Let's take a look at your--

(Simultaneous conversation.)

PRESIDENT RIGO: Please again for both the

19 counsel and the Expert, wait for each Party to have

20 finished speaking because we are interpreting

21 simultaneously and our court reporters, and they have

22 to be able to identify who it is speaking.

1445 1447 THE WITNESS: I apologize. I think we're 02:27:32 1 Q. If I direct you to Paragraph 4 of your First 02:24:56 1 2 both very involved in this. 2 Report--that would be on Page 3 of the First You're correct, it says 64,035,859. 3 Report--do you see that? Q. Did you help to compute the 65 million-dollar A. Yes. 5 figure that Claimant put in their Request for Q. Could you please read us the content of 6 Arbitration? 6 Paragraph 4. A. I had nothing to do with that. A. "I was asked by Claimants, Railroad Q. Okay. And when you made your assessment of 8 Development Corporation, (RDC), and Ferrovías 9 damages both in your First Report and in your Second 9 Guatemala, (FVG), to assess the experience of railway 10 Report, you were analyzing two different revenue 10 concessioning in Guatemala from the perspective of 11 streams; correct? 11 FVG, RDC, and the Government of Guatemala, and to A. The revenue stream for real estate certainly 12 estimate the Fair Market Value of FVG's Usufruct and 13 changed. The revenue stream on the railway didn't 13 RDC's investment in FVG immediately prior to the 14 Declaration of Lesivo in order to determine the 14 change at all. 15 monetary damages RDC and FVG have suffered as a result But for the real estate revenue stream, you 16 of the Declaration." 16 were relying heavily on the analysis conducted by 17 Mr. MacSwain; is that correct? Q. All right. And is there anything in there 18 about the circumstances under which Ferrovias went out A. That's correct. 19 of business? 19 Q. And you were relying exclusively on that

20 input from Mr. MacSwain, weren't you? A. I was speaking extemporaneously in my first

A. Subject to discussion with him, but yes.

22 0. Okay.

02:26:25 1

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2 estate estimates myself. Q. Right. And did you form an independent view 4 about the reasonableness of the estimates that he

5 provided to you?

A. I certainly didn't develop any of the real

A. Only that he and I discussed them. He

7 discussed his methods and his 40 years of experience

8 at doing this sort of thing, and I thought that 9 sounded reasonable, and I didn't question him beyond

10 that point.

Q. Okay. Thank you. 11

Now, I think counsel for the Claimants asked

13 you about the scope of your engagement, Mr. Thompson.

14 Do you recall that question?

A. Yes, I do. 15

16 Q. And do you recall your answer to that

17 question?

A. Not verbatim.

Q. Did you say something about the scope of your

20 engagement being to ascertain the circumstances under

21 which Ferrovías went out of business?

A. Yes, I did, or at least I think I said that.

02:28:51 1 Q. And did you have a specific purpose in mind

2 when you examined the experience of railway

3 concessioning from the perspective of the Government

21 answer, and this is the way I wrote it, and this is

4 of Guatemala?

22 the way I meant it.

A. Yes, because I had done the same thing in

6 Argentina, Brazil, Chile, Uruguay, and Mexico, among a

7 number of other countries.

Q. And you felt that was relevant to this

9 proceeding?

A. I felt that the conduct of the Government was

11 crucial to the way in which concessions are awarded

12 and succeed.

Q. And I noticed in Paragraph 2 of your

14 statement you said that you had experience working in

15 railway privatization or concessioning that included

16 Guatemala; is that correct?

A. I did. I did. 17

Q. Could you please tell us about that

19 experience with Guatemala.

A. I was in Guatemala in, I think, 1990--I want

21 to be absolutely certain of the dates--1995, probably,

22 at a conference with Government officials in which we

02:29:59 1 discussed potential concessioning of the railway and

- 2 the terms under which that concessioning should be
- 3 awarded. And my advice to them at that point was that
- 4 they should concession the railway because of the
- 5 experience elsewhere in Latin America, that the
- 6 concessioning terms should be very relaxed because
- 7 asking for such things as advance cash payments would
- 8 be inappropriate given the fact that the railway had
- 9 essentially been destroyed by the Government for the
- 10 last 20 years and had been out of service and was
- 11 going to be out of service for a long time.
- 12 I subsequently had meetings with Guatemalan
- 13 officials in Washington in which we discussed the same
- 14 kind of issues, and had a number of meetings in the
- 15 Bank on the same issue, where we considered whether if
- 16 Guatemala asked us for a loan we would be willing to
- 17 grant it.
- 18 So, yes, I was involved in this in Guatemala
- 19 in some detail.
- 20 Q. But did you ever undertake any formal, I
- 21 guess what the Bank would call Technical Assistance
- 22 under--from the Bank, or was this just informal

- 02:32:22 1 It depends by the country and the circumstances. It 2 can be expensive in some countries and, by our
 - 3 standards, not terribly expensive in others.
 - 4 But the insistence is that it be done fairly 5 and properly.
 - Q. And I think you described earlier this wave of concessioning that took place. I think this was a time when economic theory was perhaps captured by the
 - 9 expression, "the Washington Consensus." Is that the 10 case?
 - 11 A. I'm not an economist, and I've never followed 12 those kind of fashions. I was pushing railway
 - 13 concessioning because I thought the private sector can
 - 14 run a freight railway better than the public sector
 - can.
 - 16 Q. All right. And would it be fair to say that
 - 17 not all of the concessioning projects that had been
 - 18 undertaken by countries have been successful?
 - 19 A. Yes.
 - 20 Q. And would it also be fair to say that one
 - 21 factor which frequently repeats itself in connection
 - 22 with failed projects is overoptimistic projections on

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02:31:13 1 talking?

- 2 A. No, we did not, for two reasons. Primarily
- 3 we did not because the Government of Guatemala never
- 4 pursued the opportunity; and, second, because both the
- 5 Bank and the IFC, I was uniquely a member of the
- 6 Analysis Committee at the IFC as well as the IBRD--
- 7 (Cellphone noise.)
- 8 A. --we concluded that the lack of interest of
- 9 the in improving the railway and specifically the
- 10 Government's unwillingness or inability to deal with
- 11 the squatter issue would simply make it impossible to
- 12 have any kind of lending relationship.
- 13 Q. And that's because the Bank has very strong
- 14 policies on relocation of peoples who are affected by
- 15 Bank projects; is that correct?
- 16 A. It has very strong policies, and it is also
- 17 willing to assist in the financing of proper
- 18 relocation, and I've been involved in a number of
- 19 those as well.
- 20 Q. Right. But it's an expensive proposition,
- 21 isn't it?
 - A. I don't know what you mean by "expensive."

02:33:58 1 things like traffic by the investor?

- 2 A. I certainly think there have been
- 3 overoptimistic projection, but frankly if I had to
- 4 pick the number one cause of failure, it would be the
- 5 government's conduct after the concession. We had
- 6 many countries in which governments supported the
- 7 concessions in every way, and those concessions, by
- 8 and large, did quite well. We had other countries in
- 9 which the Government's heart was not in it. They
- 10 didn't follow through on their obligations, and the
- 11 concession had great difficulty.
- 12 Q. Subsequent to leaving the Bank, have you done
- 13 any consulting work for RDC?
- 14 A. None.
- 15 Q. Have you maintained any kind of relationship
- 16 with RDC?
- 17 A. I see Mr. Posner from time to time at railway
- 18 conferences or other meetings, but no.
- 19 0. Would you say that you're sort of a fan of
- 20 RDC's? You're trying to--you've tried to promote
- 21 their success?
 - A. Not that I know of, no. I mean, I admire

02:35:07 1 what he's accomplished. He's done a pretty good job

- 2 running his railway, but I'm not a fan of theirs any
- 3 more than I'm a fan of the Union Pacific or the
- 4 Southern Pacific or any other railway.
 - Q. Could we show Exhibit C-74, please.
- 6 I'm showing you an e-mail from Henry Posner
- 7 to Bill Duggan, Jorge Senn, and with apologies to
- 8 Mr. Pietrandrea--I have a difficult last name as well
- 9 to pronounce, so I apologize to him--with a copy to
- 10 Brad Knapp, concerning World Bank contacts for
- 11 financing for FVG.
- 12 Could you read us the paragraph numbered 3 in
- 13 that e-mail, please.
- 14 A. Sure. It says, "Lou Thompson made an
- 15 extemporaneous speech to the effect that he could
- 16 personally attest"--"Lou Thompson made an
- 17 extemporaneous speech to the effect that he could
- 18 personally attest that, "Henry's been here numerous
- 19 times and tried, and squatters have, in fact, been a
- 20 big problem, but where there's a will, there's a way,
- 21 and we should try to help him."
- 22 That's exactly what I remember Henry Posner

- 02:37:52 1 A. It says March the 11th, 2005.
 - Q. Okay. This was after you left the Bank?
 - A. That was after I left the Bank.
 - Q. Yes, okay. Did you ever hear Mr. Posner
 - 5 express the view that the Bank should give more
 - 6 concern to traffic safety in Guatemala and less
 - 7 consideration for squatters?
 - A. Goodness, no. I certainly--in the Annual
 - 9 Reports that I read, one of the major chapters in his
 - 10 Annual Report was how much progress he was making on
 - 11 safety. I don't think any railway operator would ever
 - 12 sacrifice safety for anything.
 - Q. I didn't mean to suggest that for a minute,
 - 14 Mr. Thompson. And I've read those Reports, and I
 - 15 commend Mr. Posner for his concern with safety at the
 - 16 railroad. My question was whether he felt that road
 - 17 safety, safety on the highways of Guatemala should be
 - 18 given a higher value than protection of squatters'
 - 19 resettlement rights.
 - 20 A. I'm not aware of that.
 - 21 Q. Did you attend a railway symposium here at
 - 22 the World Bank in 2007, where Mr. Posner was present

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02:36:35 1 saying.

- Q. I believe if I read this e-mail correctly,
- 3 that he is quoting you as saying this; is that not the
- 4 case?
- 5 A. Henry--Lou Thompson made an extemporaneous
- 6 effect speech to the effect that he, Henry, or I can
- 7 attest--okay. I can attest--I misunderstood that. I
- 8 can attest that he's been there a number of times and
- 9 tried, and squatters have, in fact, been a problem,
- 10 but where there's a will, there's a way, and we should
- 11 try to help him. That's exactly what I said earlier,
- 12 that the Bank had seriously considered working with
- 13 Guatemala, either Bank or IFC, and we were frustrated
- 14 by the Government's unwillingness either to seek a
- 15 loan or to deal with the squatter problem.
- 16 Q. And you used the word "we" there.
 - A. We, the Bank, or IFC. I definitely--having
- 18 promoted railway concessioning in many countries, I
- 19 thought Guatemala was a good opportunity to pursue
- 20 that.

17

- Q. Okay. And the date on this e-mail is...
- 22 could you please read that for us.

02:39:20 1 and gave a presentation?

A. Quite possibly. I don't remember that, but it's quite possible.

1456

- 4 Q. All right. But he might have taken that
- 5 point of view at that symposium?
 - A. I don't know.
 - Q. And he might have submitted a loan
- 8 application to the Inter-American Development Bank
- 9 suggesting that the squatter rules should be waived
- 10 because road safety should take a higher value?
 - A. I have no knowledge of that.
 - Q. All right, thank you.
- Now, if we return to Paragraph 4 of the
- 14 Report, your First Report, where you talked about the
- 15 scope of your engagement, you were asked to estimate
- 16 the Fair Market Value of the Ferrovias Usufruct and
- 17 RDC's investment; is that correct?
 - A. Yes.

11

- 19 Q. And you used a Discounted Cash Flow
- 20 methodology to do that; is that correct?
- 21 A. Calculating the Fair Market Value, yes.
- Q. Yes. And can you--could we put up CLEX-01,

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| 02:40:30 1 | 1457 | 02:43:56 1 | 1459 |
| 2 | (Pause.) | 2 | A. That's correct. |
| 3 | MR. DEBEVOISE: Could you scroll to Page 451, | 3 | Q. But this question of adding something on and |
| 4 | please. | 4 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| 5 | BY MR. DEBEVOISE: | 5 | mentioned in Dr. Pratt's statement that you read a few |
| 6 | Q. Mr. Thompson, do you see the paragraph which | 6 | minutes ago, is it? |
| 7 | begins, "Fair Market Value, then." | 7 | A. No. |
| 8 | A. Yes. | 8 | I would assume that the question had not come |
| 9 | Q. Could you please read us that paragraph. | | up in this context when he was writing this paragraph, |
| 10 | A. Sure. | | and I would assume that you had a chance to |
| 11 | "Fair Market Value, then, is the price a | | cross-examine him on this this morning that you asked |
| 12 | 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | | that question of the person who could answer it. |
| | hypothetical seller would sell) based on (1) the expected economic returns to the interest, (2) the | 13
14 | Q. So, would it yield the same result had you not considered lost investments at all? |
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15 | • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • | 15 | A. I'm not sure I understand your question. |
| 1 | and (3) consideration of alternative investments and | 16 | Q. Well, the question is about your |
| 17 | | 17 | amortization. |
| 18 | Q. Thank you. | 18 | A. Yes. |
| 19 | So, is it your conclusion that a hypothetical | 19 | Q. If |
| 20 | buyer would have paid \$63.8 million for Ferrovías at | 20 | A. What's the question? |
| 21 | the time of the Lesivo Declaration? | 21 | Q. If you took the value of the money invested |
| 22 | A. That isn't what we said. We said a | 22 | and you updated and then you amortized it, should that |
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| 3 | hypothetical buyer would pay 22 million amortizing the sunken investments. 63 million is not the hypothetical value of the operation. | 2 3 | not come out to the same value as the DCF method that you used? A. No, not necessarily. The approach that was |
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02:46:06 1 correct?

- Q. Okay. Now, we talked earlier about the real setate valuations.
- 4 A. Yes.
- 5 Q. Did you notice that his valuations changed
- ${\bf 6}$ $\,$ rather significantly between his First Report and his
- 7 Second Report?
- 8 A. Yes, I certainly did.
- 9 $\,$ Q. And you considered that his inputs on this
- 10 were reasonable the first time he did them?
- 11 A. I thought they were reasonable the first time
- 12 he did them, but he felt that in order to be very
- 13 conservative so that no one would challenge him. He
- 14 decided to shift some of the things out in time and to
- 15 reduce some of the others. He did that, and I didn't
- 16 know that I necessarily agreed with him, but I felt
- 17 that he was trying to be more reasonable, and that's
- 18 why he did it, as far as I know.
- 19 Q. But the question before the Tribunal today
- 20 isn't whether something is more conservative than
- 21 something else, is it?
- 22 A. The question before the Tribunal, as I

- 02:48:48 1 they would be able to receive them formally. When
 - 2 you're starting from a very small base, you can
 - 3 multiply anything by 12 and not end up with a great 4 deal more.
 - 5 Q. Did he show you any evidence that made you 6 think that was reasonable?
 - 7 A. I didn't really question him on that. I had
 - 8 again you had a chance to cross-examine him on that.
 9 Q. And then in his Second Report he introduced a
 10 ramp-up theory for the revenues which were introduced
 - 11 into your model; is that correct?
 - 12 A. That's correct.
 - 13 Q. Okay. Did he do that because Dr. Spiller
 - 14 criticized him?
 - 15 A. No, I don't think so. I think that
 - 16 he--again, it was the same motivation as before: In
 - 17 order to present something that was--that was
 - 18 reasonable and defensible.
 - 19 Q. But the evolution in terms of the ramp-up of
 - 20 the flows is significantly different between the two
 - 21 reports. How could you think that both were
 - 22 reasonable?

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- 02:47:22 1 understand it, is ultimately what is a reasonable
 - 2 compensation for what was done, and I believe that's
 - 3 exactly what Mr. MacSwain was trying to do.
 - 4 Q. And there was still a fairly significant
 - 5 swing in value, so did you ask yourself what could
 - 6 possibly account for that? Did you disagree with him?
 - 7 A. No. I did not. He and I discussed this, and
 - 8 he convinced me that in order to be as conservative as
 - 9 he could that he should make these adjustments.
 - 10 Q. Okay.
 - 11 A. I was acting against the interest of FVG. We
 - 12 discussed it, and it seemed reasonable.
 - 0. Are you aware that he forecasts--forecasted
 - 14 in the First Report a 12-fold increase in real estate
 - 15 earnings in the very first year?
 - 16 A. And I never calculated the multiple, but that
 - 17 doesn't surprise me, no.
 - 18 Q. And did you ask him if this was possible?
 - 19 A. Yes, and his answer was that--as I recall,
 - 20 the answer was that with the support of the Government
 - 21 they would start receiving a lot of the right-of-way
 - 22 monies that were being generated informally and that

- 1464 1 A. I thought the first one was reasonable. I
- 02:50:04 1 A. I thought the first one was reasonable. I 2 would still defend it. It was his judgment in order
 - 3 to present numbers that would not be challengeable at
 - 4 all, that he should adopt a little bit more
 - 5 conservative approach. That was his judgment, not
 - 6 mine.
 - 7 Q. Okay. And the revenues from the railroad
 - 8 side of this business are very small in your results;
 - 9 correct?
 - 10 A. The net income from the railway side is
 - 11 relatively small. The contribution to net present
 - 12 value is relatively small, yes.
 - 13 Q. So, of a total valuation of \$65 million, is
 - 14 that really your conclusion on damages, or is that
 - 15 Mr. MacSwain's conclusion on damages?
 - 16 A. I'm not sure I understand that question.
 - 17 That doesn't--that's not formulated properly. What
 - 18 are you asking?
 - 19 O. All right. Let's take a look at Exhibit
 - 20 Number 1, which counsel directed you to before.
 - 21 If we look down under the 2006 column--
 - A. Are you talking Table 1 now?

1465 1467 Q. I thought this was Exhibit 1 to your Second 02:53:40 1 about half years was not going to change anything. 02:51:36 1 Q. But the more common valuation technique is to 2 Report, but I could be wrong. A. There were a number of tables in that 3 use half years, is it not? 4 exhibit. It's the table reference that I need. A. Not that I know of. Q. It's the lost investment claim calculation. Q. Let's talk for a minute about the Weighted 6 I think it's the one that's in the book that was given 6 Average Cost of Capital in your reports. 7 to us today that we already talked about. A. All right. A. That's Table 1 of Exhibit 1. Q. In your First Report you applied a 10 percent Q. Table 1 of Exhibit 1, excuse me. Thank you 9 discount rate to your calculations; is that correct? 10 for helping us out. A. That's correct. If we look down the column for 2006, we see a Q. And I think if we turn to Paragraph 54 of 11 12 certain amount of net investment for the year; is that 12 your Report, we'll see the bases on which you 13 correct? Could you tell us what that net investment 13 justified using the 10 percent discount. If we look 14 in the last sentence of Paragraph 54; is that correct? 14 was for the year. A. 1,353,630. Q. And do you see below that the number of years 16 Q. You said that 10 percent is a common standard 17 before End of Year 2006? 17 for use in analyzing and valuing long-term 18 infrastructure investments. 19 Q. And you put in one there; is that correct? A. That's correct. 20 Q. All right. And did you have any source for Q. And then you have the WACC multiplier? 21 that number? A. That's correct. A. Yes, I did. 1468 1466 02:54:42 1 Common practice at the World Bank was to use 02:52:42 1 0. 1.129? A. In this case, yes. 2 10 percent. I believe the Government of Guatemala Q. Okay. So, is the implication of what you 3 used 10 percent in its analyses. I've subsequently 4 have done there that the entire \$1,353,630 came into 4 done some research on this, and I was surprised to 5 the company on January 1, 2006? 5 find out that in the U.S. Government, OMB Circular 894 A. That is the way that is worked, yes, so that 6 actually requires the U.S. Government to use a 7 to that extent, it may well overstate the Net Present 7 7 percent rate, although they permit sensitivity 8 Value slightly. 8 analysis between 4 and 10, but I did not regard I could have used half year escalators. I've 9 10 percent as an improper rate, and I still don't. 10 actually recalculated that based on half year Q. And, in fact, the second justification you 11 cited here because there is no citation for the first 11 multipliers, and it really doesn't make very much 12 one, the second justification was that this was the 12 difference. O. But that is a bias toward RDC in this case, 13 discount rate that was used by Ferrovías in its 14 no? 14 Usufruct bid proposal; is that correct? A. Well, yes, but if you'll look at the other A. That was certainly my understanding, yes. 15

16 column, the 1350, you will note that I did not 17 discount that, and I should have, and had I discounted 18 that the same way, that would have removed almost as 19 much in value as I would have added by using half 20 years.

Mathematically, there are so many different 22 calculations that need to be performed that worrying

16 A. And acceptable to the Government. 17 Q. And, in fact, it was required by the 19 Government, was it not? 20 Well, yes. Α. Q. But that's not what you said in your Report. 22 You said that that was Ferrovías's?

- 02:55:53 1 A. Let me make that more precise. That
 - 2 Ferrovias was required by the Government to use still
 - 3 doesn't make 10 percent sound unreasonable.
 - 4 Q. I see.
 - 5 You think that's the rate that Ferrovias
 - 6 would have used--that Ferrovias would have used, left
 - 7 with its own devices?
 - 8 A. That, I do not know.
 - 9 Q. Now, the third reason that you state there
 - 10 was that it's common use in real estate valuation
 - 11 analysis; is that right?
 - 12 A. That was the rate that Mr. MacSwain used
 - 13 always in order to convert a fixed payment into a
 - 14 series of annual payments.
 - 15 Q. Okay. Why don't we take a look at
 - 16 Mr. MacSwain's Report, his First Report,
 - 17 Paragraph 4.2. Would you put that up on the screen,
 - 18 please.
 - 19 On Page 3 of the Report, please.
 - 20 If we could focus on Page 3, Paragraph (c),
 - 21 do you see that there? Paragraph (c).
 - 22 A. Yes.

- 02:59:03 1 Q. Okay. And you're telling us that the
 - 2 difference of almost 30 percent is only slightly
 - 3 higher when we're talking about discount rates?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. 300 basis points?
 - 6 A. It's a lot less than 18.7 percent, which is
 - 7 what Spiller wants to do.
 - 8 Q. Um-hmm. But in any case, even though you
 - 9 justified your 10 percent assumption in your First
 - 10 Report, it turned out not to be the right one; right?
 - 1 A. No, I think that's incorrect. I would be
 - 12 happy to continue to defend 10 percent. But in order
 - 13 again to make the best use of Dr. Pratt's expertise, I
 - 14 agreed to use his number.
 - 15 Q. I think if we look at--I apologize. I have
 - 16 forgotten already, Tab 1 to Exhibit 1, is that the--
 - 17 A. Table 1.
 - 18 Q. Table 1. I will write it down so I could
 - 19 remember this time. Table 1.
 - 20 You have, if we look at the shutdown expenses
 - 21 column, a value of \$1,350,429; is that correct?
 - 22 A. Yes, that's correct.

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- 02:57:37 1 Q. Okay. "I have assumed that simple ground
 - 2 leases would have to have a minimum annual rate of
 - 3 return of at least 10 percent." So, he wasn't saying
 - 4 that 10 percent was the rate, was he?
 - A. It's the rate he was using.
 - 6 Q. But it could have been a lot more, couldn't
 - 7 it?
 - 8 A. I'm sure any investor would like more. I'm
 - 9 sure they would like the highest return they could
 - 10 get.
 - 11 Q. And, in fact, when Dr. Pratt did his
 - 12 analysis, he came out with a higher rate, didn't he?
 - 13 A. He came out with 12.9 percent.
 - 14 Q. Um-hmm. And I think in your Second Report in
 - 15 Paragraph 20--if we could bring that up, please, this
 - 16 is on Page 7, Paragraph 20. Here you're responding on
 - 17 the question of the discount rate, and you're saying
 - 18 that Dr. Pratt has calculated that a more appropriate $\,$
 - 19 Weighted Average Cost of Capital should be slightly
 - 20 higher, 12.9 percent, and you deferred to that. Do
 - 21 you see that?
 - 22 A. Yes, um-hmm.

- 03:00:46 1 Q. Could we please put up CLEX-06 from Second 2 Spiller.
 - I direct your attention to the numbers at the

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- 4 bottom of this page, which I think are the components,
- 5 the major components of this item. Suppliers and
- 6 operations expenses, \$710,000.
- 7 A. Yes.
- 8 Q. And the railroad was still running in 2007,
- 9 until October; correct?
- 10 A. The railway was. I think the last train ran
- 11 in September of 2007.
- 12 Q. September of 2007.
- 13 A. Yes.
- 14 Q. And payroll?
- 15 A. I see that.
- 16 What I don't see there is any indication of
- 17 exactly when it was expended--
- 18 Q. But you certainly looked into in your model
- 19 because you had all the numbers month by month.
- O A. The model is not month by month, but the
- 21 model is based on the data that was furnished to me by
- 22 Mr. Hensler, and I cite that in my report. I did not

 $03:02:35\ 1$ attempt to argue with his accounting determination of

- 2 what was--what was what.
- 3 Q. Okay. And the last item here is the FEGUA
- 4 Canon and Trust Fund payments, 125,000; correct?
- 5 A. Yes.
- 6 Q. And that's directly related to the
- 7 functioning of the railroad; correct?
- 8 A. I honestly don't know how to characterize
- 9 that.
- 10 Q. All right. So, among this total of more than
- 11 a million dollars, you claim that this is all shutdown
- 12 expenses?
- 13 A. That is what I have added into the model.
- 14 This is what was provided to me by the accountants,
- 15 and I did not argue with them on this.
- 16 Q. You did not argue with them?
- 17 A. No.
- 18 Q. You just took it at face value, very good.
- 19 A. That's correct.
- 20 Q. So, it would be certainly open to the
- 21 Tribunal to rethink this one.
- 22 A. I think everything is open to the Tribunal to

- 03:05:49 1 the first one with 2007 if your assignment as you
 2 stated in the beginning of your First Report was to
 3 define the value at the time of the lesivo.
 - 4 A. Well, I honestly cannot answer that question
 - 5 for you. I believe that we at that point were under
 - 6 the apprehension that there would be some kind of
 - 7 decision around 2007, and so we should look at End of
 - 8 Year 2007 as the appropriate index year. That
 - 9 clearly--we now know that wasn't true, and all of my
 - 10 numbers have now been--and this is something that
 - 11 deserves emphasis, by the way--that all of the numbers
 - $12\,$ are, as best I can determine them, End of Year 2006,
 - 13 and any post-Award interest, if there is any, would be
 - 14 computed on that basis, not 2007.
 - 15 Q. And I think in response to this last question
 - 16 you just said "we." Who is the "we"? Yourself and
 - 17 who else?
 - 18 A. Mr. MacSwain, I'm sure.
 - Q. Mr. MacSwain. You thought--Mr. MacSwain
 - 20 thought the railroad was going to close down in 2007?
 - 21 You were discussing that with him?
 - 22 A. We discussed the whole issue.

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03:03:28 1 rethink, if they wish to.

- Q. Now, in your analysis, you formed some views
- 3 about the economic wisdom of pursuing the
- 4 rehabilitation of the South Coast line, did you not?
 - A. Yes, I formed a conclusion about both the
- 6 financial and the economic wisdom.
- 7 Q. And was your conclusion from the perspective
- 8 of Ferrovías as an investor, that they should not
- 9 pursue that investment?
- 10 A. My conclusion was that the total Net Present
- 11 Value of the cash flow of the operation of the railway
- 12 would be slightly less if they pursued the Pacific
- 13 side than if they did not.
- 14 Q. Okay. And in your Second Report you noted in
- 15 Footnote 3, did you not, on Page 4, that the values
- 16 you had calculated were End of Year 2007 as opposed to
- 17 End of Year 2006; is that right?
- 18 A. That refers to the First Report. In fact,
- 19 the values in the Second Report are EOY 2006.
- 20 O. That's correct.
- 21 A. That's correct.
- 22 Q. I'm just kind of left wondering why you did

03:06:59 1 I don't know. It's an interesting question 2 who "we" is.

3 Q. I think that we in the Tribunal are probably

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- 4 equally interested in the answer to that question.
 5 Can you answer the question?
- 6 A. I know that we held extensive discussions of
- 7 this Report, and this is with counsel and Mr. MacSwain
- 8 and the other people who were looking at this, RDC as
- 9 well, FVG as well, and I know that we had originally
- 10 concluded that I should express my numbers, and my
- 11 assignment as End of Year 2007, and then subsequently
- 12 decided to reset all of the numbers to 2006, and
- 13 that's what's been done.
- 14 Q. Okay. And then if I can direct you to
- 15 Paragraph 21 of your Second Report, you see there
- 16 where it says that it's not surprising that experts
- 17 will reach somewhat different conclusions in
- 18 projections over 42 years in a small, Developing
- 19 Country like Guatemala?
- 20 A. Yes.
- 21 Q. Isn't that the real vulnerability in the
- 22 analysis here?

- 03:08:22 1 A. I'm not sure I know what you mean.
 - 2 O. Well, if you continue on to read that
 - 3 paragraph, you said something about, I believe that
 - 4 for every factor or parameter in my projections there
 - 5 is arguably overly optimistic, there are many others
 - J is arguably overly openinstic, there are many others
 - 6 that are overly pessimistic, and therefore you think
 - 7 the net result is reasonably possible.
 - 8 That's a kind of a rough justice argument,
 - 9 isn't it?
 - 10 A. Well, actually, Dr. Spiller in his Second
 - 11 Report says, if I might paraphrase it, I think it's in
 - 12 Footnote 44 or Footnote 47 it of his Report. He says,
 - 13 basically that it is well settled here, quoting
 - 14 himself with approval, I think, it is well settled
 - 15 that forecast profits are either certain or
 - 16 speculative, and I think that's a very false
 - 17 dichotomy.
 - In fact, there is no certain projection of
 - 19 profits. There can be speculative ones, but, in fact,
 - 20 there's a lot between certain and speculative. There
 - 21 is reasonable and professional, and I believe that the
 - 22 forecasts that I developed are reasonable and

- 03:10:37 1 the traffic would be truck, but I didn't have an 2 explicit model of rail versus truck.
 - Q. And did you take note of the statements in
 - 4 the Annual Reports, particularly the letters written
 - 5 by Mr. Posner about the stiff competition from trucks?
 - 6 A. I certainly did.
 - Q. And that didn't affect your analysis in any
 - 8 way?
 - 9 A. No. I mean, it does in the sense that you
 - 10 have to look realistically what the railway can
 - 11 achieve, and that's exactly what I think I did.
 - 12 Q. Now, in Paragraph 34 of your Second Report,
 - 13 you use as a comparison the fuel efficiency of U.S. $\,$
 - 14 Class I railroad industry; is that correct?
 - 5 A. Yes, I did.
 - O. But Ferrovías was a low Class II railroad,
 - 17 wasn't it?

16

- 18 A. Yes, that's correct.
- 19 Q. And you still think that was a proper
- 20 comparison?
- 21 A. Oh, absolutely.
- In fact, the U.S. railway--the ratio of U.S.

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03:09:31 1 professional.

- 2 I would not expect any two economists to
- 3 agree on any 42-year forecast. Certainly that was my
- 4 experience at the World Bank, and I'm sure that that
- 5 would be the case here.
- 6 O. In preparing your Report, did you take a view
- 7 on the question of competition between the railroad
- 8 and trucks?
- 9 A. Inherently, yes.
- 10 Q. No, in the specific case of Guatemala?
- 11 A. I did not use a modal split model using the
- 12 coefficients that one might use for a modal split
- 13 model, no.
- 14 Q. And why was that?
- 15 A. Because the data do not exist to do such a
- 16 thing. We can only base a forecast on what has been
- 17 happening and then what might happen in the future. I
- 18 did not attempt to model trucking competition per se.
- 19 It is modeled indirectly in that in the
- 20 forecast that I had, I showed that the railway traffic
- 21 at the port never rose to more than about 7 or
- 22 8 percent of the traffic from the part. The rest of

1480 03:12:01 1 railway fuel to expenses is about 11 percent, Class I

- 2 railways. My model allowed the FVG percent to rise to
 - 3 almost 50 percent, which I knew was unrealistic, but I
 - 4 left it there because I wanted to make sure that the
 - Tele is chere because I wanted to make pare that the
 - 5 expense base for other things would be adequate. If,
 - 6 in fact, you allowed that FVG ratio to be maintained
 - 7 at 35 percent rather than 11 percent, it would
 - 8 increase the value of the company by about
 - 9 \$4.3 million, and if you allowed it to be held to
 - 10 30 percent, which is still almost three times the U.S.
 - 11 percentage, the value of the company Net Present Value
 - 12 would increase by about \$7 million.
 - 13 Q. And in Paragraph 36 of your Second Report you
 - 14 referred to a little discussion that you and
 - 15 Dr. Spiller had about the capacity of Ferrovías to--
 - 16 A. I didn't have the discussion with
 - 17 Dr. Spiller.
 - 18 Q. Well, that was a metaphor for the exchange of
 - 19 Expert Reports.
 - 20 And I think he suggested that you had not
 - 21 included any investment to increase capacity to handle
 - 22 the higher traffic that you were projecting, and you

1481 1483 03:13:29 1 responded that it was not explicitly addressed in the 03:16:26 1 model. Do you have any comment about that, or do you 2 model, but you had sort of taken care of it anyway. 2 leave that to Dr. Pratt? Yes, that's correct. A. That's not a question. I don't know how to Is that the hallmark of good valuation 4 comment on that. 5 analysis? Would you care to comment on that? A. This model has 28 explicit variables. It has A. No. I mean, give me a guestion, and I will 7 27 different places where growth rates are used. It 7 answer it. 8 has about nine different growth rates. It has a Q. I think I have one final question for you, if 9 number of other variables. It's an extremely complex 9 I can find the proper reference. Would you please put 10 model. Trying to build into it an explicit investment 10 up the Annual Report for 2005. It's Exhibit C-27(h). 11 part of the model I thought would be too complex, and 11 And if we could go, sorry, to RDC001277, please. 12 I thought it would just build another area to argue. And I direct your attention to the right-hand However, as I pointed out in my Report, first 13 column to the last sentence of the second full 14 of all, I allowed the expenses for maintenance of 14 paragraph that begins with, "The longer answer is." 15 Rolling Stock and right-of-way to increase faster than 15 Could you please just read that. 16 other expenses, and as I just pointed out, that the A. "The longer answer is we're supporting a 17 fuel expenses are probably much higher than they need 17 business whose ultimate value we do not yet know." 18 to be. Either of those would make up for any O. Okay. Thank you very much. 19 shortfall in the maintenance of the right-of-way. 19 MR. DEBEVOISE: I have no further questions. As Dr. Spiller pointed out, the U.S. Class I 20 PRESIDENT RIGO: Mr. Foster, redirect? 20

21

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1482 03:14:57 1 density of traffic on U.S. railways is 117 times what 2 it would have been in Guatemala, and so I would expect 3 them to spend a little bit more. But even if you brought the Guatemala ratio 5 up to the same 20 percent, which I think is not going 6 to be necessary, that would have required an addition 7 of \$4.3 million or so to the Net Present Value of the 8 railway, and that would easily be overwhelmed by 9 savings on fuel, as I pointed out, or there were--the 10 Trust Fund that should have been funded between 11 2000--I mean, 1999 and 2007, there was the Trust Fund 12 contributions from COBIGUA, and there were the future 13 Trust Fund contributions having to do with real 14 estate, the 10 percent of the real estate. The sum of those over the period of time 16 would be \$50 million or present value of a little over 17 \$8 million. Any one of those, as I said, implicitly 18 would be more than enough to make up for any shortfall 19 in right-of-way maintenance or capacity. Q. Now, you've had another one of these 20 21 metaphorical discussions with Dr. Spiller about the

22 question of amortization of the buildup in the NCC

21 railways tend to spend around 20 percent of their cost

22 on maintenance and capital expenditure; however, the

1484 03:18:32 1 for the time to be spent on any questions the panel 2 has than for me to be posing my questions. I just would like to point out one thing in 4 connection with some of the questions from 5 Mr. Debevoise. He was questioning the issue of the 6 calculation of the shutdown cost and the numbers that 7 went into the shutdown costs. Those numbers all came 8 from Mr. Hensler and Mr. de León, whom the Respondent 9 chose not to cross-examine. 10 THE WITNESS: Thank you. 11 MR. DEBEVOISE: Now that we've had testimony 12 from Claimant's counsel on the issue, I will just let 13 the Tribunal look at the exhibit for itself and make 14 its own conclusions, thank you. 15 QUESTIONS FROM THE TRIBUNAL 16 ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: Mr. Thompson, you in a 17 sense have a sort of unusual and unique perspective 18 here. You're obviously retained by the Claimant, but 19 you had had a prior association with the Government of 20 Guatemala. Was that in your capacity with the World

21 Bank when they were considering privatization?

THE WITNESS: Yes, sir, it was.

MR. FOSTER: I don't have any further direct.

I think it probably would be more productive

1485 1487 03:20:08 1 ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: And in reading your 03:22:30 1 for Guatemala, and I mean that exactly as I said it. The Government had an opportunity in economic 2 statement, you gave them certain advice about how to 3 structure the Usufruct in terms of flexibility and not 3 terms to save a lot more money than actually FVG was 4 seeking too much in up-front payments and so forth. 4 ever going to make in profits, and because of THE WITNESS: That's correct. 5 increased highway safety, reduced highway wear, 6 improved economics of transportation, and that ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: Can you summarize that and why you made that judgment. opportunity was lost. THE WITNESS: By then, this was in the mid-ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: If you could turn to 9 to late Nineties. A pattern of railroad concessioning 9 Page 19 of Paragraphs 76, 77, and 78 of your First 10 was being established, and some of the earlier lessons 10 Statement, please. 11 that we had learned were that the--it was not proper 11 THE WITNESS: What were the paragraph 12 to ask that a concessionaire pay a lot of money up 12 numbers, sir? 13 front and then try to make it back over the years 13 ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: 76 through 78, 14 because it tended to reduce the number of competitors 14 Pages 18 and 19. 15 that we got, and it also tended to increase the risk 15 THE WITNESS: Yes, sir. 16 of the person making the investment. That's why it 16 ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: You indicate that 17 reduced the number of competitors. 17 first it's manifestly impossible to operate a railway And especially in Guatemala where, as I said, 18 without Rolling Stock. 19 the Government had essentially demolished the railway Now, at least it's my understanding that even 20 over the past 20 to 25 years, and where the railway 20 after lesivo that FVG continued to control the Rolling 21 had been out of business for over three years, I 21 Stock in this situation. Is that something you're 22 simply felt that no one would be willing to take that 22 aware of? 1486 1488 03:21:25 1 on if they had to invest a lot of money up front, and 03:24:06 1 THE WITNESS: Yes, I believe they continued 2 it would be far better to ask them for a percentage of 2 to control it. 3 gross revenues, which is easy to account for. Net ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: And do you have any 4 revenues are always hard to account for because your 4 perspective on why they might not have operated the 5 accountants are in charge, but the gross--percentage 5 Rolling Stock that they had? 6 of gross revenues in that that would induce the THE WITNESS: I would--if I were a railway 7 largest number of competitors, which it did, I think. 7 operator, I would be very reluctant to operate Rolling ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: And at least when you 8 Stock that might be taken away from me in the short 9 had your World Bank hat on, and given the role that 9 term because I wouldn't want to maintain it. I 10 you played at the Bank, you saw Railroad Development 10 wouldn't want to take the responsibility for 11 as being an important driver of economic development 11 maintaining Rolling Stock that suddenly might be taken 12 in Developing Countries, I take it. 12 away. As soon as that Rolling Stock was under THE WITNESS: Well, in fact, sir, I think the 14 tragedy here was not development alone, but also 14 threat, the ability to invest in the railway or to 15 Guatemala because I felt--and the Government of 15 plan to operate it was equally under threat. 16 Guatemala, when they announced the concession, they ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: Now, four years later 17 said--17 and the Rolling Stock still has not been taken away. 18 I don't know if--does that change your view? MR. DEBEVOISE: I would like to object to 19 this. We are not here to pass judgment on the country THE WITNESS: No. 20 in this type of context. 20 ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: You also make it clear THE WITNESS: I don't believe I passed any 21 in your economic analysis that the great bulk of the 22 judgment on Guatemala. I simply said it was a tragedy 22 revenues would come not from the operation of the

1491 1489 03:25:10 1 railroad and the Rolling Stock, but from the 03:27:25 1 ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: And you felt that the 2 exploitation of the rights-of-way under separate 2 Usufruct--3 Contract 402. (Overlapping conversation.) 3 ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: You felt that the THE WITNESS: Yes, sir. ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: And is it your 5 Usufruct was a reasonable construct and not--and understanding that 402 was not declared lesivo? 6 consistent at least with the kind of advice you had THE WITNESS: I really can't render an 7 given? 8 opinion on that. I don't know. THE WITNESS: Yes, I did. ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: Do you know of any ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: You talked throughout 10 reason why the railroad could not have continued or 10 your statement about the damage done to the Government 11 cannot continue today to exploit their right-of-way by 11 in the Declaration of Lesivo and what's transpired. 12 charging revenues for those who are using it? 12 I'm trying to get a perspective; certainly would help 13 THE WITNESS: Oh, I think they should. 13 me try to understand because again you dealt with the 14 Government. What would be--from your knowledge, what ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: And do you know 14 15 would be the advantage to them of declaring the 15 whether they have been doing so. 16 railway Rolling Stock part lesivo? What might they THE WITNESS: Well, we showed real estate 17 revenues that had been derived since 2007 through 17 see as a gain to them? Countries don't normally act 18 2010. We deducted those from the claim--I deducted 18 in ways that are against their interests. What 19 them from the claim. 19 interest would you see from your working with them ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: They're quite modest, 20 with your World Bank hat on in making that? THE WITNESS: I have wracked my brain, sir, 21 though, are they not? 22 and I cannot come up with a good answer. I do know THE WITNESS: What is it, \$2.2 million, over 1490 1492 03:28:58 1 that had the World Bank been involved in a loan to the 03:26:14 1 the five-year period. ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: Mr. MacSwain talked 2 Government of Guatemala, we would have expressed 3 about industrial squatters on the right-of-way and 3 extreme disapproval if they had done something like 4 also the leasing of--excuse me, the use of 4 this. But what their motivations were, I don't know. 5 transmission, electric transmission, lines and poles ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: You mentioned in 77 6 on the right-of-way. Is that something you're aware 6 under normal circumstances any alleged technical and 7 of? 7 in this case insignificant defects in these contracts THE WITNESS: I have discussed it with 8 presumably could and should have been resolved by 9 Mr. MacSwain, but I'm really not a railway 9 negotiation or simple agreement, especially when, in 10 right-of-way Expert or real estate Expert. It has 10 this case, it should have been in the obvious interest 11 always been my argument that railways should do their 11 of both Parties to correct any alleged defects. 12 best to exploit whatever real estate assets they have That's the statement you made? THE WITNESS: Yes, sir, and I believe that ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: In Paragraph 77, I 13 14 just want to try to probe, and maybe you can give the 14 very strongly. 15 Tribunal just your perspective because you did consult ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: Have you--again, I'm 16 with the Government. In many ways they followed your 16 asking you to put your World Bank hat on. You've had 17 experience with other countries. Have you seen this 17 advice in terms of how to first making a decision to 18 privatize the railroad; second, in structuring the 18 kind of situation in other Developing Countries who 19 Usufruct. Is that correct? 19 would privatize their railroads? And can you give us THE WITNESS: I'm not sure it would be fair 20 any perspective from other experiences that you might 21 say they followed my advice, but certainly what they 21 have had. THE WITNESS: I have never seen this kind of 22 did was consistent with my advice.

1495 1493 03:30:04 1 thing in any other country. I know that in Bolivia, 03:32:54 1 prudent for them to exploit their right-of-way as 2 when the Government changed, there has been a change 2 effectively as they could, subject to trying to run 3 in attitude about the private sector, and that has not 3 the railway and subject to the investment resources 4 been good for the concessions, but I know of no other 4 that they had available. They had on to make choices, 5 country in which the Government effectively forced the 5 but, yes, I think they should have tried to--6 railway out of business. ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: Are you saying in any ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: And in Paragraph 78 way that the Declaration of Lesivo on the Rolling 8 and more broadly, are you telling the Tribunal that Stock affected their ability to do so? 9 notwithstanding the fact that the railroad continued THE WITNESS: It would in the sense that any 10 to control the Rolling Stock that, from your 10 potential partner would take the Declaration of Lesivo 11 perspective, you think that trying to operate the 11 and the Government's attitude toward the company 12 Rolling Stock after lesivo would somehow have not been 12 itself into account if they were thinking about a 13 a reasonable thing to do? 13 50-year investment project and you don't know what the THE WITNESS: I think that lesivo put the 14 Government's attitude is, you're going to be careful. 14 15 operation of the railway at very great threat, and I 15 That doesn't mean they might not go ahead, but they 16 think it caused the railway then to wonder what would 16 would think a lot about it before they did. 17 happen with money they put into maintaining the ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: The figures for 17 18 railway stock, if it were taken away. I think it made 18 overall damages when you take both the loss, sunk 19 the customers ask why should we contract with the 19 value--sunk investment and profits comes to some 20 railway to ship cargo when the railway may not have 20 \$60 million. 21 its Rolling Stock. I think it could have caused 21 THE WITNESS: Yes, sir. 22 any--it could have caused the real estate investors to 22 ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: This is on a base in 1494 1496 03:31:30 1 have the same attitude. 03:34:02 1 which the company had not turned a profit in any one I think as soon as the Government's attitude 2 year up to the point they left. Is that your 3 toward the railway was made clear by lesivo that it 3 understanding? 4 put the entire operation under threat, and I think it 4 THE WITNESS: That's correct. 5 probably frustrated the operation of the railway. ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: So, on what basis ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: There is a 6 would you assume that they could have turned things 7 doctrine--whether it applies here or not is another 7 around so dramatically not having been able to 8 story, but there's sort of a doctrine that we have in 8 generate a profit for the first six years or seven 9 American jurisprudence about mitigating damage. Now, 9 years or eight years? 10 here under Contract 402, which was the Right-of-Way THE WITNESS: I'm not sure that reflects a 11 Contract--and I know you're not--that's not your 11 turnaround. If you look at their performance in the 12 expertise, the exploitation of rights-of-way, but from 12 first five years before--through 2005, before, as 13 your experience and your knowledge of this particular 13 Dr. Spiller admits, the performance in 2006 was 14 situation, and the fact that Mr. MacSwain has told you 14 affected by lesivo, but if you look at their 15 that there are a lot of industrial users and utilities 15 performance 2000 through 2005, they grew faster during 16 that are using this right-of-way, would it have been 16 that period of time, the railway did, than any other 17 concession in Latin America did in its first five 17 prudent for RDC to more aggressively try to continue 18 to exploit its right-of-way, particularly since again, 18 years. Their container growth was 40.5 percent 19 in your own studies, this is a substantial 19 compounded annually, which is pretty spectacular. 20 part--indeed, the substantial part--of their expected 20 They actually had broken even in 2004, and the trend, 21 up through 2004 at least, was pretty positive. 21 profits? THE WITNESS: I believe it would have been 22 There's no reason to assume that a great

1499 1497 03:35:18 1 turnaround was required, just continued progress in 03:37:58 1 or rather--you should readjust the value each year, 2 the direction they were going. 2 but that is not what is done in accounting and is not ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: What do you consider, 3 what is done in normal financial analysis of rates of 4 since we'll be hearing from him shortly, 4 return. 5 Dr. Spiller's--and I have read the statements and ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: So, we're facing here 6 wouldn't expect you to summarize each one, but what do 6 a really difference in philosophy between the way the 7 you consider the most central critique he makes of 7 accounting profession treats the issue and the way the 8 your calculation, and what is your response to that 8 economics profession--9 fundamental critique? Is it the overestimation of THE WITNESS: Yes, sir. 10 capacity? Is it the percentages that were used by 10 ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: And from your 11 Dr. Pratt? As you look--you're an experienced person. 11 perspective, has he accurately portrayed the economic 12 What do you see as the heart of his critique, and 12 profession's view of how to look at this? 13 what's your response to it? THE WITNESS: He has, but it's interesting. THE WITNESS: It's very hard for me to answer 14 His version creates a nullity of the idea of 14 15 amortization because if you follow his approach and 15 that question, sir. I really--he critiqued. ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: It may be hard for 16 revalue each year by the value of the money, 17 you, it may be harder for us. 17 arithmetically the value that you write off is exactly 18 equal to the value you start with, and so you may as THE WITNESS: He had three critiques, I 18 19 think. One of them was the investment issue, which I 19 well not do it in the first place. That's the 20 think I've answered. One of them was the traffic 20 mathematical result of the way he's arguing. 21 growth issue, which again I think I've answered. And ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: On Page 34, Table 11, 22 the third was the issue of the so-called "double 22 you have two scenarios: Real estate plus Atlantic 1498 1500 03:36:42 1 counting," and I think that's been discussed in 03:39:51 1 operations, and real estate plus plant and Pacific. 2 detail. And so I don't--I wouldn't--I don't know how 2 Would you believe that the Scenario 2, particularly 3 to characterize them beyond that. 3 with the Pacific, is even more conjectural because ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: Well, let me go back 4 Phase I had already been completed, and Phase II, the 5 then to the double counting. I want you to 5 southern coast hadn't, or is that not your view? 6 explain--perhaps explain yet again why you believe THE WITNESS: Well, I think the problem was 7 that this calculation of adding both the investment 7 that probably operations on Phase I had been more 8 return, sunk investment accumulated over the years and 8 recent than operations in Phase II, and quite possibly 9 the profit is not from your perspective double 9 the state of the infrastructure on the Pacific side 10 counting. 10 was much more destroyed and in worse shape. 11 THE WITNESS: Well, because what we actually Also, the proposal on the Pacific side was 11 12 convert the railway from 3-foot gauge to 4'8 and a 12 did was to take the lost investment and write it off 13 against the future profits, so that value has been 13 half, which involved a much greater investment and, 14 therefore, a much more difficult project to undertake. 14 written off and, therefore, strictly speaking, there 15 is no double counting. Dr. Spiller's argument. 15 ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: Okay. Thank you. ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: And you did that by 16 PRESIDENT RIGO: Mr. Foster? 17 the amortization? 17 MR. FOSTER: No, sir. THE WITNESS: And we did that by the PRESIDENT RIGO: Mr. Debevoise, on Secretary 19 amortization, which is exactly the way the finance 19 Eizenstat's questions? 20 profession or the accounting profession would do this. 20 MR. DEBEVOISE: Thank you. 21 The economics profession would argue, as Dr. Spiller FURTHER CROSS-EXAMINATION 21 22 does, that you should write off the Net Present Value BY MR. DEBEVOISE:

1501 1503 Q. Mr. Thompson, I think that Secretary 03:43:42 1 and I'm asking a question about the very bidding that 03:41:29 1 2 Eizenstat reviewed with you Paragraph 77 of your First 2 was conducted here, and the record will reflect that 3 Report, and he focused on the language about technical 3 an answer that I described was precisely the answer 4 problems, and you said, I believe, in the fourth line 4 RDC and Ferrovías gave when they participated in the 5 there in this parentheses, and in this case insignificant defects. THE WITNESS: If I might say, I never said Are you a Guatemalan Government lawyer? 7 that I gave the Government of Guatemala any legal 8 advice whatsoever, nor did I say that I advised on the 9 exact terms of the concessioning. I only advised them Q. But you have advised a lot of Governments, 9 10 on the general terms of the concessioning. If they 10 haven't you? 11 had asked me should they have a term either requiring A. Yes, I have. Normally not on legal matters, 12 or not requiring a company to furnish years of prior 12 but--13 Q. Right, exactly. So, you're not really in a 13 Financial Reports, I wouldn't have had any advice at 14 position to determine whether a legal concern raised 14 all. 15 by Guatemalan lawyers is significant or insignificant, 15 BY MR. DEBEVOISE: 16 are you? 16 Q. So, your position was that, notwithstanding A. No. 17 the fact that it takes a substantial amount of capital 17 18 wherewithal to rehabilitate an 800-kilometer railroad. Q. Thank you. And if the President of a country 19 the financial capability of the bidder was not a 19 were being told that he might have personal liability 20 if he didn't do something, you would call that 20 relevant matter? 21 insignificant? A. I didn't say that. I said that I wouldn't 22 have advised them one way or the other on including A. If I were the President, I would not. 1504 1502 03:44:43 1 such a provision in the concessioning documents. 03:42:36 1 Q. Okay. Thank you. You talked about the approach that was taken Q. And my final question, Mr. Thompson? 3 here, and you said that it was basically followed, an I'm about to run out of water. 4 approach that you would have followed. Would you have Q. We can get you some more, but this is the 5 accepted a bid response which, in response to a 5 final question. We're all going to take a break here 6 request to furnish prior year's financials said, we 6 in a minute, I hope. My question is that you were 7 are a private company; therefore, we're not going to 7 asked by Secretary Eizenstat about the differences 8 give you our financials? 8 between the approach of the accounting profession and A. I don't know. It would be determined by the 9 the economics profession. 10 terms of the bidding. If the bidding said you have to 10 Is accounting your profession? 11 finish and you didn't, I would have been concerned, A. No. I have an MBA from Harvard, and I have 11 12 but I don't know. 12 studied accounting issues and techniques, but, no, I'm MR. FOSTER: I apologize, but I don't see how 13 not an accountant. 14 that followed from anything Secretary Eizenstat asked 14 Q. Okay, thank you. No further questions. 15 him. PRESIDENT RIGO: So, well, Mr. Thompson, 16 PRESIDENT RIGO: The question had not been 16 thank you so much. THE WITNESS: Thank you. 17 asked. 17 MR. DEBEVOISE: I believe that he was asked PRESIDENT RIGO: You may leave. 18 19 by Secretary Eizenstat about his experience as a World 19 (Witness steps down.) 20 Bank adviser to countries, and he testified that he PRESIDENT RIGO: I have a question but for 20

21 you, for the counsel.

MR. FOSTER: Do you want us up there?

21 thought that what the Guatemalan Government had done

22 had been to follow advice that he would have given,

1507 1505 MR. ORTA: Well, in order to establish, as I 03:46:52 1 PRESIDENT RIGO: No, no, no, no. For the 03:49:35 1 2 understand it from an evidentiary standpoint, in order 2 record. We asked you to address in your closing 3 to establish that those are pictures of industrial 4 statement a particular issue, as you may recall, and 4 squatters on the right-of-way, they need to have which was whether the lesividad could be negotiated 5 somebody who comes in here and says, on such-and-such 6 a date I was on the right-of-way. I took the picture, away. Now, it has come up, and it is something that and, you know, and these are squatters that were not 8 we have seen in the reports and the various Memorials, 8 here pre-lesivo. I don't believe that that has been 9 the issue of the liability that the President would 9 established as a matter of evidence yet. 10 incur in relation to the Declaration of Lesivo, and I And, further, that these are squatters that 11 think we would appreciate some clarification in that 11 are there as a result of the Lesivo Declaration. I 12 respect, and that's related--that's related to the 12 don't think any of those predicates have been 13 question that I had asked earlier, whether lesividad 13 established on the record. 14 can be negotiated away, what are the implications for 14 MR. STERN: May I respond to those 15 assertions? 15 the President in that respect. And the other question, I think, that we 16 PRESIDENT RIGO: Yes, you may respond. 17 would appreciate is now we have seen all these poles MR. STERN: The Third Statement of Jorge 17 18 in the pictures and various buildings and so forth, I 18 Senn, which is in the record as sworn testimony, 19 mean, particularly when it comes to the industrial 19 authenticates all of these photos. This is Annex 3 to 20 squatters, as they are called, which is, we are told, 20 his statements, and he authenticates all of these 21 power companies, power lines, to the extent that you 21 photos in that statement. So, I don't think there is 22 know, who owns these companies? Who is the owner? I 22 any question of foundation of authenticity of any of 1506 1508 03:48:25 1 mean, you don't need to answer now, but if you have 03:50:40 1 the photos on the record. 2 to--if you know it, I mean, by all means. I was prepared to have him answer questions MR. FOSTER: The chart that you have shows 3 when he came to testify here, but I didn't have enough 4 the name of the company, or the initials, the acronym, 4 time. That was actually the one topic I didn't get 5 for the power company in question. We can--we will 6 try to find out who are the owners of the power--of ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: Would it be possible 7 those various power companies, but the chart shows the to point us to the specific references in Statement 3. 8 names of the power companies, and we will see if we MR. STERN: Yes, we can find them and 9 can't supply you with something like that. 9 respond. PRESIDENT RIGO: Okay. Thank you. And then just on the additional point about 10 11 the question of whether they were there before or 11 Mr. Orta. 12 after lesivo, the purpose of this evidence is not MR. ORTA: Just since you've raised that 13 issue, it is Respondent's contention that the Claimant 13 necessarily for that point. It's to support 14 has not established the authenticity of those photos, 14 Mr. MacSwain's testimony that there is sufficient 15 meaning while they have dates that have been 15 demand for the use of the right-of-way by these types 16 superimposed by someone, it's our contention that they 16 of businesses to use the right-of-way. 17 have not proven that those are pictures of industrial Mr. MacSwain, as he testified today, it was 17 18 squatters post-lesivo, notwithstanding the dates that 18 his recollection for a lot of these photos he did not 19 included on those pictures. 19 observe those when he visited in 2007, so I think PRESIDENT RIGO SUREDO: But who--you are 20 there is also evidence in the record regarding that as 20 21 questioning whether they are there, or that they are 21 well, but the main purpose of these photos is to show 22 the demand for the use of the right-of-way to support 22 there at the time that is--

1511 1509 03:51:44 1 Mr. MacSwain's testimony and opinions. 03:54:01 1 alleged it in the record with evidence. And had they, 2 then we would have responded with evidence, but they PRESIDENT RIGO: Mr. Orta? MR. ORTA: I'm fully aware of the Third 3 haven't done that. 4 Statement of Jorge Senn, and my objections to the So, just in response to your point, Secretary 5 evidence stand notwithstanding; we can address it in Eizenstat, about whether that is something that they can now establish for the first time, we would be closing. PRESIDENT RIGO: Just in terms of the prejudiced because we wouldn't have the ability to 8 evidence, that has been on the record for a certain 8 respond to with evidence to that point. 9 amount of time, or--PRESIDENT RIGO: Mr. Stern. MR. ORTA: This was filed with Mr. Senn's 10 MR. STERN: They had an opportunity to 10 11 cross-examine Mr. Senn while he was there and chose 11 Third Statement, I believe. That doesn't change the 12 legal point that I've just made. In other words, 12 not to cross-examine him on these photographs. 13 we've argued in our Memorials--in all of our And to answer Secretary Eizenstat's question 14 Memorials, they have not established causation, 14 about where in Mr. Senn's Third Statement does he 15 including on the issue of pre- and post-lesivo 15 authenticate these photographs, I can read from 16 squatting. That's a matter of argument we have 16 Paragraph 83 of that statement, and I will read: "In 17 included in our--17 February and March 2011, I traveled the length of the ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: Causation may be a 18 entire right-of-way, both the main and rural spur 19 legal determination that we have to make, but I think 19 lines to assess what was the current state of 20 the question is: Are you questioning based on 20 industrial squatting on the right-of-way in the form 21 of unauthorized utility poles and power lines. I 21 Mr. Senn's Third Report, which again I don't have 22 fully in my mind in the photos, that these were taken 22 discovered that industrial squatters, namely, the 1510 1512 03:52:50 1 after the Declaration of Lesivo? Are you questioning 03:55:13 1 power companies EEGSA, "E-E-G-S-A; "INDE, "I-N-D-E; 2 "DEORSA," D-E-O-R-S-A; "and DEOCSA," D-E-O-C-S-A, "are MR. ORTA: I'd have to reserve it carefully 3 present on essentially the entire right-of-way 4 and I can answer you either later this afternoon or 4 including in many instances on both sides of the 5 first thing in the morning, but on the issue of 5 right-of-way. After I completed my assessment, I 6 whether they're pre- or post-lesivo squatters, which I 6 helped prepare a detailed map which identifies these 7 think is a key issue given the way they have framed 7 industrial squatters and where their unauthorized 8 their case, I still believe there is an absolute void 8 utility poles and power lines are currently located 9 of evidence on that point. 9 along the right-of-way. That map is Annex 1 to the ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: So, in your judgment, 10 Rebuttal Report of Robert F. MacSwain. In addition, I 11 there's nothing in the record that indicates that 11 took several photographs of these industrial squatters 12 which are identified and described in Annex 3 to this 12 these squatters aren't weren't there pre-lesivo? MR. ORTA: Or that they are there because of 13 statement." 14 the Lesivo Declaration. It's both points. 14 PRESIDENT RIGO: Do you have anything else to ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: One is a factual issue 15 add, Mr. Orta? 16 and one is a causation issue, which is a legal issue. 16 MR. ORTA: No. The same evidentiary point 17 I'm just asking you factually, are you suggesting 17 stands. 18 because if that's the case, then we need to establish PRESIDENT RIGO: Still also my question 19 whether this fact can be determined. Are you making 19 stands, to the extent that you can find out who the 20 the argument that factually they have not shown that 20 owner of the poles is. 21 the squatters were not already there pre-lesivo? So thank you so much. We will break for a MR. ORTA: Right, correct. Nor have they 22 brief moment. Let's start not later than 4:15. Thank

| | 1513 | | 1515 |
|------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|------------|---------------------------------------------------------|
| 03:56:44 1 | | 04:18:55 1 | A. Okay. Let me provide you with the nextwith |
| 2 | (Brief recess.) | | a slide |
| 3 | PABLO SPILLER, RESPONDENT'S WITNESS, CALLED | 3 | |
| 4 | PRESIDENT RIGO: We are continuing our | 4 | objecting, but these slides were just provided to us. |
| 5 | session of this afternoon. | 5 | |
| 6 | Good afternoon, Dr. Spiller. I'm going to | 6 | slides that we planned on using last night so that |
| 7 | ask you please | 7 | they could check to make sure that they were |
| 8 | THE WITNESS: How are you? | 8 | consistent with the evidence, I'm seeing them for the |
| 9 | PRESIDENT RIGO: I'm fine. | | first time. I have absolutely no ability to check |
| 10 | Could you please read the Statement that you | 10 | these slides, and we object to their use. |
| 11 | 1 | 11 | MR. DEBEVOISE: Mr. Foster, I think you |
| 12 | THE WITNESS: I solemnly declare upon my | | should wait until you see the slides. I think you |
| 13 | <u> •</u> | | will see the numbers are very familiar. |
| 14 | 2 | 14 | 4 |
| 15 | PRESIDENT RIGO: Thank you. | | have time to check them, and it's simply ifif you |
| 16 | Mr. Debevoise. | 16 | 11 J , |
| 17 | MR. DEBEVOISE: Thank you, Mr. President. | 17 | |
| 18 | DIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. DEBEVOISE: | 18 | |
| 19
20 | Q. Good afternoon, Dr. Spiller. | 19
20 | that. I object. MR. DEBEVOISE: Mr. Foster, I certainly |
| 20 21 | Dr. Spiller, do you have before you the two | | wasn't going to give them before your experts had |
| 22 | | | testified? |
| 44 | hapert reports you have submitted in this case, and do | 44 | testificu. |
| | 1514 | | 1516 |
| 04.17.17 1 | you ratify them and confirm that the Opinions you | 04:20:00 1 | 1516
MR. FOSTER: We gave you slides before your |
| 1 | express therein represent your objective and | | experts testified. This is just isn't the way we do |
| 3 | | 3 | |
| 4 | A. Yes, these are my Reports. | | MR. DEBEVOISE: They're all based on record |
| 5 | Q. Dr. Spiller, are your professional | _ | evidence. |
| 6 | qualifications for the assignment you were given set | 6 | PRESIDENT RIGO: Are these slides part of the |
| 7 | forth in Exhibit LECG 01 attached to your Report | 7 | record? |
| 8 | containing your curriculum, publications and major | 8 | MR. DEBEVOISE: They're all based on record |
| 9 | presentations and conferences and seminars? | 9 | |
| 10 | A. Well, it's not attached hereit's not | 10 | invented here. |
| 11 | attached here, but I believe that's what it is. | 11 | PRESIDENT RIGO: But the slides themselves |
| 12 | Q. Okay. Thank you. Please describe, Dr. | 12 | are not on the record? |
| 13 | Spiller, for the Tribunal your understanding of the | 13 | MR. DEBEVOISE: Slides themselves are not on |
| 14 | exercise you were asked to undertake? | 14 | the record, but every single number that appears in |
| 15 | A. Yes. I was asked to provide my independent | 15 | them is in the record. |
| 16 | opinion on Claimant's Expert damages assessment. | 16 | And they're not submitted as evidence |
| 17 | Q. Dr. Spiller, the Tribunal has before it | | themselves. They're demonstrative to help the |
| 18 | reports Mr. MacSwain, Dr. Pratt, and Mr. Thompson, | 18 | Tribunal understand the numbers that have been |
| 19 | experts presented by the Claimants, as well as two | 19 | presented to them. |
| 20 | 1 1 1 | 20 | (Tribunal conferring.) |
| | | | |
| 21 | | | PRESIDENT RIGO: What the Tribunal proposes |
| | what the major differences are between the two sets of reports. | | is that we have a brief recess, that you check the |

1517 1519 04:21:55 1 slides, there are six slides. And if the figures are 04:25:31 1 at \$63.8 million of December 2006, while I assess it 2 all on the record, I mean, something--and you tell us 2 at negative 2,715,000. Now, in this table I provide various items 3 how long you need. 3 4 that reconcile the difference, but fundamentally there ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: Could I make a 5 are four. The first one is the double counting. As I 5 suggestion? If we're going to do this, I mean, I think 6 Report in my--as I provide in my First and Second 7 that Mr. Debevoise, you should supply to all of us 7 Report, Claimant's experts double count damages 8 where in the record each of these figures is shown so 8 because, to their Fair Market Value--their own 9 that we can verify that they're substantiated by other 9 assessment of the Fair Market Value of Ferrovías, they 10 parts of the record. 10 add to that the--they add to that the--what they MR. DEBEVOISE: I think you'll see that the 11 called the lost investments of RDC in Ferrovías. 12 first slide comes from Mr. Spiller's Second Report, Now, in Table 3, essentially you have these 13 Table 3. 13 44--minus 44,294--which are--which is--I cannot use 14 ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: It's just a copy of 14 this math, but in principle will be in the first line 15 of the second part of the--the second part of that 15 the same Report? MR. DEBEVOISE: It's the same data from those 16 table. Now, this 44 is netted out later on by 7.8 17 reports, yes. 17 MR. FOSTER: I don't have any idea how long 18 and other numbers, but the moment you take away that 19 it will take us to check these. Our experts have gone 19 double counting, a substantial portion of the 20 back, have left. 20 difference, more than half of the difference disappear 21 between Claimant's experts and me. The problem is, heretofore, the rules have 22 been that if you have something that you're going to The second large component of difference is 1518 1520 04:23:20 1 present, you present it to the other side, and for 04:27:26 1 that the damages are assessed by Mr. Thompson based on 2 the real estate assessment of Mr. MacSwain. In my 2 some strange reason the rules seem to change now. (Tribunal conferring.) 3 opinion, Mr. MacSwain had substantial amount of PRESIDENT RIGO: The Tribunal will sustain 4 unsubstantiated real estate revenues, and in this 5 the objection. If something that cannot be done 5 table you can see that I assessed these 6 briefly, and we were looking at it, then that's 6 unsubstantiated revenues at approximately \$27 million. 7 probably correct, that it cannot be done just quickly So, in between the double counting and the 8 enough. 8 double counting of losses and the overstatement of BY MR. DEBEVOISE: 9 real estate revenues, you have essentially most of the Q. Dr. Spiller, could I ask you, please, to 10 difference between Mr. Thompson and me. 10 11 explain the major differences between the damages 11 There are two remaining differences, one is 12 assessments in particular also by reference to Figure 12 the fact that Mr. Thompson has what I believe a little 13 Number 1 on Page 16 of your Second Report. You may 13 aggressive rate of growth of volumes in the railroad 14 start with the major differences and go from there. 14 business, but as Mr. Thompson himself explains, the A. There are four fundamental differences, and 15 railroad business does not contribute too much to the 16 if I may point the Tribunal to Table 3 in the Second 16 value of Ferrovias; as a consequence, this is a very 17 Report in Page 51. 17 minor issue. The final point of difference is discrepancy In Table 3 of Page 51 there is the 19 reconciliation between Claimant's experts and my 19 with Mr. Pratt on what the discount rate ought to be. 20 assessment of damages. In this Table 3, you will see 20 And again, once you take away the double counting and 21 that Claimant's experts assess damages at--sorry, 21 the unsubstantiated real estate revenues, there is 22 assess the Fair Market Value and damages essentially 22 very little difference between the two Parties, and

1523 1521 04:29:20 1 therefore the WACC plays a very small role after you Well, Mr. Thompson agreed that there was 04:32:10 1 2 clean up these two major problems of double counting 2 double counting in the Second Report, and therefore he 3 and unsubstantiated real estate revenues. 3 provided a solution to that or a way to get out of Q. Thank you, Dr. Spiller. Now, you identified 4 that solution. The way he suggested this can be dealt 5 double counting as the largest difference. Could you 5 with was in the following way, by using what he called please elaborate for the Tribunal. 6 an amortization. That is, he took the \$42.9 million A. Yes. 7 and he amortized that over a period of 42 years. How? Maybe the Tribunal would benefit by going to 8 By essentially dividing 42.9 by 42. And each one of 9 Figure I of Table 16 of my First Report. 9 those amortizations, he computed the present value of In essence, Claimant's experts double count 10 each of those as of 2006. 11 damages. Why? Because there is no disagreement 11 So, now, the present value of \$1 million, one 12 between Claimant's experts and me in that the Fair 12 plus a little bit more in 2007, as of 2006, is not 13 Market Value of Ferrovias ought to be reflecting 13 one, it's around 850,000. 2008 is 800,000. 2011 is 14 essentially what a willing buyer and a willing seller 14 half a million. 2048 is essentially zero. 15 will agree on the price for changing ownership of So, he goes and then sums that up. Summing 16 Ferrovías. That's the Fair Market Value of Ferrovías. 16 up those two amortizations in present-value terms is 17 That's what a willing buyer will have paid just prior 17 around, using WACC, approximately 7.9. In the second 18 to the Lesivo for that asset. There is no 18 column you see now that if you added to the Fair 19 disagreement on that. Where we disagree on that is on 19 Market Value the whole lost investment of 42, and then 20 what the value is on that particular Fair Market 20 you adjusted that 7.9, you still have substantial 21 amount of double counting on the order of 35.1, as you 21 Value. Claimant's experts attach 30 million to that. 22 can see in this chart over there. 22 I think the company was worth--the equity value was 1522 1524 So, in the first column you have full double 04:30:50 1 zero. 04:34:13 1 Now, where there is another -- a more 2 counting. In the second column you have more than 3 fundamental I would say, disagreement--conceptual 3 four-fifth of double counting because 7.9 is less than 4 disagreement is that Claimant's experts are, to the 4 20 percent of 42.9. So, Mr. Thompson, doing these 5 Fair Market Value, these lost investments, which they 5 particular artificial accounting, if you wish, adds to 6 value at \$42.9 million. 6 the value of Ferrovias 35.1. Now, in my First Report, I pointed that these Now, it is clear that this is 8 two concept, the last investments and the Fair Market 8 overcompensation. Why is that? Because if you are 9 Value are essentially two ways of trying to approach 9 trying to bring Claimant to the same position it would 10 the same thing, which is what is the value of these 10 have been absent the Lesivo, you ought to pay him not 11 investments? What is the value of Ferrovias? One way 11 more than what Claimant could get from selling 12 Ferrovías to a willing buyer, and Mr. Thompson 12 you can look at that is by the willing buyer/willing 13 seller standard, which is the more traditional 13 assessed that at 30.1. 14 standard, that's according to medium (ph.). You could 14 So, any amount in addition to 30.1 ought to 15 be, according to this traditional standard of wiping 15 also make the point that if the rate of return, 16 internal rate of return of this business was, in fact, 16 out the consequences of the measures overcompensation, 17 the WACC, the Weighted Average Cost of Capital, then 17 and they more than doubled the damages. They add 35.1 18 what they invested in the company brought up the cost 18 to 30; as a consequence, there is more than doubling 19 of capital ought to be more or less the same as the 19 of losses. 20 value of Ferrovías. Therefore by adding these two 20 Q. Thank you, Dr. Spiller.

We've talked about the first major difference

22 between the experts. Now let's talk about the second

21 concepts together, you are doubling the damage, the

22 alleged damage.

1525 1527 04:35:42 1 major difference: Projections of real estate revenues 04:39:30 1 provided a revision in which he provided this type of 2 and why you maintain that they are speculative and 2 chart. As you can see, this chart achieves the 3 unsubstantiated. 3 6 million--close to \$6 million by 2012, and at a rapid A. Okay. I say Mr. MacSwain's estimate of 4 growth in leasing as well as in new leasing of 5 revenues are unsubstantiated. I may want to bring you 5 facilities, the 22 facilities, that they have as well 6 to Figure V of my Second Report. Figure V is in 6 as in the right of way. 7 Page 29, and it's presented in here in this And in essence, Mr. MacSwain assumes that by 8 slide--sorry, in this page. 8 the end of 2012 or so, the whole network, both the Figure V starts by looking at historical 9 main lines and the rural lines will be leased out 10 performance of Ferrovias concerning real estate 10 completely having two sets of right of ways leased, 11 operations. As you can see in this chart, Ferrovías, 11 telecommunications, one by telecommunications and one 12 since its beginning, was involved in real estate 12 by electricity distributions. 13 operations and was able to sell or to lease not more Now, the fundamental problem with the Second 14 than half a million dollars per year. In fact, these 14 Report of Mr. MacSwain is still it's unexplained how 15 columns in gray that you see in this chart up 15 what Ferrovias was unable to do until 2006, then 16 until 2006 are real estate operations. 16 suddenly it is able to. There are two type of real estate operations: Now, normally, when you see--when you expect 17 17 18 a rapid growth is because either the market booms, so 18 Leasing of right of ways which approximately \$150,000 19 a year, and leasing of facilities, which is the 19 you expect to grow with the market, but the market in 20 COBIGUA facility in Puerto Barrios, which is 20 Guatemala for right of ways, Mr. MacSwain provides no 21 evidence that there is a sudden increase in the market 21 approximately \$350,000 a year. 22 for right of ways or for real estate in general or So, overall, during the pre-Lesivo period, 1526 1528 04:37:37 1 real estate operations were relatively flat with no 04:41:15 1 because you suddenly provide--have a particular asset 2 discernible trend at around \$500,000--half a million 2 that you can sell that you didn't have before. So, 3 dollars per year. 3 now Apple invents the iPad and captures a huge market Now, in his First Report--one additional, if 4 of iPad, or Apple invents the iPhone and gets millions 5 I may, one additional note is, the amount of railway 5 sold. There is no innovation here. The 6 kilometers leased by 2006 were 74, 72.4 kilometers, 7 okay? Which consisted of essentially four 7 innovation--Ferrovías exists since 1998, and it can 8 right-of-way leases, one being the largest at 54 or 52 8 provide the same services that in 2007 as it can 9 kilometers and one minimum of just 18 meters, another 9 provide in 2000--in 2000-2001. 10 one of 1.6 kilometers, and another one of 16 or so And the failure of MacSwain is to provide any 11 kilometers. 72 at \$150,000 is around, say, \$2,000 a 11 substantiation to how this will take place. 12 kilometer per year. That's approximately the business MR. DEBEVOISE: Thank you very much, Dr. 13 of rights of way. 13 Spiller. 14 Now, in his First Report, Mr. Thompson 14 PRESIDENT RIGO: Thank you. We can keep to 15 assumed that from 2006 to 2007, Ferrovías will be able 15 the time. Thank you. 16 to sell \$6 million in 2007, and that it will be able 16 Mr. Foster. 17 to catapult the number of kilometers from 74 MR. FOSTER: Thank you, Mr. President. 17 18 kilometers to around 1200 or 1400 kilometers in one 18 CROSS-EXAMINATION 19 year. I mention in my Second--in my First Report that 19 BY MR. FOSTER: 20 such growth is unheard of, but more than that it's Q. Good afternoon, Dr. Spiller. I'm Allen 20

21 Foster and I represent the Claimant, and I'll be

22 asking you a few questions this afternoon.

21 essentially unsubstantiated.

So, in the Second Report, Mr. MacSwain

1529 1531 While we're on your Figure V on Page 29, let 04:42:19 1 04:45:12 1 Q. No, sir. 2 me just ask you something that might clear up an issue A. No. 3 that was brought up before. 3 MR. FOSTER: Mr. President, would you ask him Looking at your chart, you were talking about 4 to answer my question? the COBIGUA lease at Puerto Barrios? PRESIDENT RIGO: You have to answer what you A. Yes. 6 are asked. Q. And you don't--there's no question in your THE WITNESS: But he asked me for my opinion. MR. FOSTER: No, I didn't. 8 mind that that lease goes beyond 2015; correct? A. In fact, in 2015, there is an increase in 9 PRESIDENT RIGO: Please repeat the question 10 revenues. 10 so that there is no confusion. BY MR. FOSTER: Q. The revenues double in 2015, and the lease 11 11 12 keeps going until--how long does it keep going? Q. Your argument is that the amortization A. My understanding is until the end of the 13 amounts should be grossed up by the Weighted Average 14 concession, and in Figure V you see precisely that 14 Cost of Capital and then subtracted from the future 15 increase in the lease as you see the green--the 15 income flows; correct? 16 green--the green bars are my own assessment of growth A. No. My argument is that if you are going to 17 in the Ferrovías real estate business, and what you 17 perform this particular exercise by which you are 18 see is that the growth until 2015, I project around a 18 first adding the absolute value of the lost 19 9 percent growth per year, and then in 2015 it has a 19 investment, and then deducting amortization from the 20 jump. That jump comes from precisely the Puerto 20 cash flows, as Mr. Thompson is doing, then you ought 21 Barrios going from 2 percent of Puerto Barrios revenue 21 to increase the amortizations by the cost of capital, 22 or COBIGUA revenues from the facility to 4 percent, 22 by the same factor that you are going to compute the 1532 1530 04:43:47 1 and that is perfectly reflected in this chart. 04:46:21 1 present value of those amortizations in the future, Q. Okay. I'm going to try to sum up our 2 because otherwise what you're doing is you're 3 differences with just a few questions, so if I can do 3 distorting the double counting because you can't claim 4 that we'll move right along. 4 that you're eliminating double counting simply by a If I understand your Report correctly, your 5 trick of discounting. 6 conclusion concerning Fair Market Value and computing So, if you are adding something and then 7 it pursuant to the Discounted Cash Flow method of 7 forcing that to be depreciated over years, over 42 8 assessing future cash flows, that methodology would 8 years--and this is a long period of time--then you 9 produce the same result whether the expropriation was 9 ought to take into account as Rapinsky and Williams 10 legal or illegal; correct? 10 says, the value of time because otherwise you're 11 creating just for pure artifice of accounting a value 11 A. Correct. 12 Q. Okay. And let me try to do another one for 12 that doesn't exist. 13 you. Q. I thought the first part of your answer was 14 I believe I understand correctly that your 14 precisely what I was asking you, that your position is 15 contention with regard to the amortization issue is 15 that if you're going to award both the investment and 16 that you should gross up the amortized amounts by the 16 lost profits that you could gross up the amortization 17 Weighted Average Cost of Capital when they are 17 amounts by the time value of money measured by WACC 18 subtracted or amortized in the future years; correct? 18 and thereby eliminate the double counting; correct? A. Well, not really. Again, you know, you have A. Well, let's make this very clear. The 20 amortization exercise is unheard of. 20 to be very precise because if you're going to add--if Q. That wasn't my question. 21 the exercise--the Tribunal can do whatever it wants in 21

22

A. Excuse me.

22 damage, but if an expert is going to add the value of

1535 1533 04:47:51 1 lost investments and then perform a particular 04:50:13 1 Q. Okay. Now, let me ask you something else. 2 amortization over 42 years so as to eliminate any 2 Suppose I told you--I want you to assume for the 3 double counting, you have to take into account the 3 purpose of this question that there are electric 4 fact that, as Rapinsky and Williams say, an 4 company poles and wires over almost the entire right 5 amortization 10 years in the future is not the same as 5 of way, okay? 6 the money today, so you have to take into account the Α. Okav. 7 time value of money. Q. And assume that these are electric companies As a consequence, the only way to take into 8 who can afford to pay \$3,200 per kilometer for all of 9 account the time value of money is by increasing the 9 the poles and wires that they've installed on the 10 amortization by the same factor that you're going to 10 right of way. Got that one? 11 discount it, in that way--in that way you don't create A. I got that one. 12 artificial differences because, as I show, by simply Q. Okay. And suppose--I want you to assume that 13 doing this particular trick, you create double 13 the Tribunal concluded that these electric companies 14 counting. 14 would pay rent but for the issuance of the Lesivo Q. And by doing your, if you will excuse me in 15 Declaration, okay? 16 calling it a trick, as you've called my experts, by A. Okay. 17 doing your trick, you eliminate completely the sunk Now, based upon those assumptions, you would 17 18 have to conclude, would you not, that Mr. MacSwain's 18 costs or the investment; correct? 19 A. No, you eliminate double counting. 19 calculations of real estate income are not Q. But isn't--don't you eliminate the sunk costs 20 speculative? 20 21 or the investment? A. Well, no, no, not at all because A. You eliminate the double counting. You can 22 Mr. MacSwain's analysis is not based on the fact that 1534 1536 04:49:08 1 compute your damages based on sunk costs if you wish, 04:51:24 1 he assumes the Tribunal will make a determination of 2 and we can discuss that, or you can compute your 2 fact such as, A, that these individuals will pay 3 damages based on the Fair Market Value. You're fair 3 because the fact is that Mr. MacSwain doesn't know 4 to do that, and both are legitimate approaches, and we 4 what the Tribunal is going to do. 5 can discuss those. What you cannot do is say I have And, second, I would say more, the fact is 6 that many of these electricity companies, according to 6 two ways to measure the value of this apple, and 7 therefore the value of this apple is the sum of these 7 Mr. Senn and Mr. MacSwain's testimony were there 8 two measures or a particular--I get one apple, I take 8 before the Lesivo. And as far as I understand, and 9 a bit of it, and I sound one bite less, but I'm 9 Mr. MacSwain doesn't say otherwise, these companies 10 summing up two apples. That you cannot do. 10 are not paying Ferrovías anything, were not paying 11 before the Lesivo. But if you wish, we can discuss whether it's 11 12 okay to award Claimants lost--what they called the In fact, what makes Mr. MacSwain even more 13 lost investment. 13 speculative is that Mr. MacSwain says in the Second 14 O. And we will. 14 Report that, absent the Lesivo, Ferrovías would have A. Or not. 15 entered into contracts with these utilities, and the 15 16 O. And we will. 16 question is why Ferrovias didn't enter into contracts

All I'm trying to make sure that you and I

18 understand each other completely, and that is if you

19 gross up the authorized amounts, what you end up with 20 is nothing more than the lost profits discounted by

21 the Weighted Average Cost of Capital.

A. Yes, sir.

17

17 before? That's why I say that MacSwain is

21 should see it.

18 unsubstantiated because it makes statements that do 19 not fit what the experience of Ferrovías was: If

20 Ferrovias could have entered into a contract, then we

Q. I understand your arguments, and you're

04:52:51 1 taking issue with the assumptions of my hypothetical,

- 2 and that's fine for you to do that, but if you assume
- 3 the facts that I've given you in the hypothetical,
- 4 don't you have to conclude that Mr. MacSwain's
- 5 calculations with regard to real estate revenues are
- 6 not speculative?
 - A. Sure, because how could--
- 8 Q. Thank you.
- 9 A. --the fact that they will remain equally
- 10 speculative.
- 11 Q. Now, I believe I'm correct, am I not, that
- 12 nowhere in your Reports do you identify the standard
- 13 of compensation that you assert is appropriate for a
- 14 violation of the Fair and Equitable Treatment
- 15 standard?
- 16 A. No. I compute damages to Ferrovías from the
- 17 claim that by issuing the Lesivo, the business lost
- 18 all its value.
- 19 Q. But nowhere do you say in your Report what
- 20 you think the appropriate standard of damages is for a
- 21 violation of the Fair and Equitable Treatment
- 22 obligation. You're dealing in your Report with the

04:55:24 1 Q. Thank you, sir.

Now, let's talk a little bit about the Net

3 Cash Contribution method. I promised you that I was

4 going to chat with you about that.

- When do you say that RDC stopped making investments in this case?
- 7 A. RDC continued making investments throughout
- 8 the period of contributions to Ferrovías throughout
- 9 the period prior and after the Lesivo, and it is--I
- 10 think these numbers amounts that have been put into
- 11 the company are not necessarily in dispute except for 12 a few thousand dollars.
- Q. Okay. In your Report, you say that the NCC
- 14 approach is appropriate when the expropriation occurs
- 15 close to the time of the original investment; right?
 - A. Correct, and, in fact--
- 17 O. So, in this case--
- 18 A. Well, if I may--
- 19 Q. I'm sorry, I thought you were--
- 20 A. If I may, the NCC, what I don't know
- 21 exactly--we can look at it what they say--but,
- 22 essentially what I have written on this is that the

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04:54:12 1 expropriation damages; isn't that correct?

2 MR. DEBEVOISE: I object, Mr. President.

3 It's calling for a legal conclusion.

4 MR. FOSTER: Well, he spends the large 5 portion of his Report talking about what the

- 6 appropriate standard of damages is when a property is
- 7 expropriated, and I'm just asking him, is there any
- 8 place in his Report where he makes any assertion about
- 9 the appropriate standard of damages for violation of
- 10 the Fair and Equitable Treatment standard?
- 11 (Tribunal conferring.)
- 12 PRESIDENT RIGO: Mr. Spiller, you should
- 13 answer the question.
- 14 THE WITNESS: Yeah, sure.
- 15 BY MR. FOSTER:
- Q. Can you show me where that is in your Report,
- 17 sir?
- 18 A. I don't make a distinction between--from the
- 19 economic perspective between expropriation of a
- 20 business or an impact--any alternative measure that
- 21 has the equivalence of destroying a business. From
- 22 the perspective of the Claimant, the loss is the loss.

1540 04:56:44 1 NCC is appropriate when you have a company that has

- 2 not yet started operating and is in the period of
- 3 investment, and prior to starting operating the
- 4 company is expropriated or is terminated, in that case
- 5 we argue that the NCC could be considered because you
- 6 just can't have a measure of performance. In the case
- 7 of Ferrovias you have eight years of performance; as a
- 8 consequence, the role of the NCC is substantially
- 9 diminished because you can see what the company has
- 10 done through this period, which is fundamental to be
- $11\,$ able to assess use of the Discounted Cash Flow, the
- 12 Fair Market Value.
- 13 Q. You just told me that RDC had not even
- 14 completed the investment period yet when the Lesivo
- 15 occurred.
- 16 A. Well, the problem is that Ferrovias was never
- 17 able to recover its costs. So, because Ferrovías was
- 18 losing money every year, the Claimants provided
- 19 particular--essentially a subsidy to cover the cost.
- 20 And, in fact--in fact, the Ferrovías stopped
- 21 investing in 2000 or 2001, and from then on all the
- 22 contributions that are received to Ferrovías was

04:58:16 1 purely to cover operation losses. So it's not that

- 2 Ferrovías stopped investing. Ferrovías stopped
- 3 investing quite while back, but it was unable to cover
- 4 its costs.
- Q. When do you say that Ferrovías stopped investing?
- A. Well, you can look at this in a chart, and
- 8 you will see that readily. If I have here--look at
- 9 Chart 2, Figure II in Page 21. On Page 21, you will
- 10 see capital contributions and fixed asset investment.
- 11 And you can see that the main investment of Ferrovías
- 12 was in 1999 in which it invested 6 million plus of
- 13 U.S. dollars. Then it invested in 2000 a little bit
- 14 less than half a million, and 2001 a less bit less
- 15 than half a million, and then in 2002 I would say it's
- 16 almost nothing, 2003, '04, '05, and '06 there is no
- 17 record in the accounting books of any investments.
- So, the additions to fixed assets that the
- 19 accounting book shows, show essentially an investment
- 20 in '99, six plus million dollars by Ferrovías, and
- 21 that's it. From then on, it was just the minimum
- 22 investment in 2000-2001 or a little bit.

05:01:40 1 as succinct as possible, thank you.

BY MR. FOSTER:

- Q. So, if I understand you correctly, Dr.
- 4 Spiller, let's take a company, as you just said, that
- 5 had never started business yet and it was
- 6 expropriated, and the Tribunal thought that it was
- 7 appropriate to award damages in that case, and they
- 8 would award damages based upon the discounted value of
- 9 future cash flows; right?
 - A. If the Tribunal wants to compute the
- 11 discounted cash flow, fine.
- O. Okay. Now, their other alternative would not
- 13 be to use the NCC method because there has been no
- 14 investment: right?
 - A. If there is no investment, there is no NCC.
 - Now, let's take another company that has made
- 17 a substantial investment but has not yet commenced
- 18 business. If I understand you correctly, that is the
- 19 business that you say it is appropriate for the NCC
- 20 method to be used to value.
- 21 A. Well, you could use the NCC in that case.
- Q. Okay. Now, let's take a company that has

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- Now, you can see also that -- where the money 04:59:50 1
 - 2 went from RDC. You can see that in this chart because
 - 3 in '99 RDC invested or contributed to Ferrovías
 - 4 something like six-and-a-half million dollars, which
 - 5 is a little bit more than the fixed assets, but not
 - 6 that much. But from then on Ferrovias invested less
 - 7 than half a million, but in 2000 RDC invested more
 - 8 than 1 million, in 2001 almost 2 million. So the
 - 9 difference between the investment--the contribution,
 - 10 sorry, of RDC and the addition to fixed assets of
 - 11 Ferrovías is to cover the deficit.
 - So, it's not that the amounts--the
 - 13 contributions of RDC were to go to adding rail stock
 - 14 or adding improvements in facilities, but rather to
 - 15 cover operating costs.
 - MR. FOSTER: Mr. President, I know we all
 - 17 want to hear all of Dr. Spiller's views, but I have a
 - 18 very limited time, and I would appreciate it if you
 - 19 would ask him to try to restrain the length of his
 - 20 answers so that I can try to cover at least a few of
 - 21 the points that I would like to cover with him.
 - PRESIDENT RIGO: Dr. Spiller, if you can be

1544 05:03:00 1 made a substantial investment and has operated a few

- 2 years, and for the purposes of this example, let's
- 3 assume that they've operated a few years profitably.
- 4 Your position would be that the value of that company
- 5 is nothing more than the future cash flow?
- A. You would expect if once the company is in
- 7 operation and you can ascertain what future cash flows
- 8 are, then a willing buyer will be based--always a
- 9 willing buyer bases in future cash flow, always. The
- 10 question is how sure you are on that.
- 11 Q. So, by your methodology, the damages would be
- 12 precisely the same for a company that had made no
- 13 investment and had not started into business versus a
- 14 company that had made a substantial investment but had
- 15 not started into business versus a company that had
- 16 made a substantial investment and operated a few
- 17 years, you get the same results; right?
- A. I don't see how it follows. It really
- 19 depends on what the expectation of the business is.
 - Q. Well, assuming that the expectation of all
- 21 three businesses was the same. You would value them
- 22 precisely the same way?

A. If the expectations--if a willing buyer is 05:04:24 1

2 willing to pay the same for a company in business than

- 3 for a company not in business, then the two companies
- 4 are different animals; right? Because a company that
- 5 is in business already invested has clients, you don't
- 6 have to perform the investment. A company that has
- 7 not yet invested in a business you have to invest, and
- 8 then have you to cut your clients. So the fact that
- 9 they have the same value means they are different
- 10 animals, not the same company. One may be a computer
- 11 company, and another a telecommunications company.
- 12 They both maybe value a hundred million. That's okay.
- 13 But if you have the same--the same asset before
- 14 investment is one thing; after investment is another
- 15 thing. Because after investment, much of your
- 16 uncertainty is realized. Now we know what this
- 17 company is all about. I have a lot more certainty.
- If the company doesn't exist, it's all in the 18
- 19 paper, well, how do I know how much it's worth?
- Q. Okay. Suppose a company made a very
- 21 substantial investment and operated for one year at a
- 22 loss and was expropriated. Suppose they made a

05:06:53 1 there is agreement that this is a great business may 2 have a lot of value.

> The fact that currently lost one year or two 4 years is not major evidence. The point is if you have

- 5 sustained period of losses, well, that should tell you
- 6 something about the future. The future cannot be so
- 7 rosy if this is a company that is unable to attract
- 8 customers.
- Q. But what you're telling us is that the 10 valuation of the future prospects is a question of 11 judgment based upon all of the evidence; correct?
- A. Based on the evidence, always based on the 13 evidence.
 - Q. Okay, thank you.
- Now, let me ask you a little bit about the
- 16 Weighted Average Cost of Capital, and in particular I
- 17 want to talk to you about the cost of debt. You have
- 18 used a cost of debt of something over 18 percent;
- 19 correct?

14

- A. Correct. 20
- Q. And the only example you give of debt in
- 22 Guatemala where FVG borrowed money was one loan that

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05:05:46 1 hundred-million-dollar investment, they were start up, 05:08:12 1 was at 16 percent; correct?

- 2 they operated at a loss for a year and was
- 3 expropriated. Are you telling us they're worth
- 4 nothing?
- A. No. It really depends again what the
- 6 expectations of future cash flows are.
- 0. Okay.
- Say, for example, we have a lot of startups,
- 9 most startups fail. That's the truth. I come from
- 10 Berkeley. In the area, you have startups galore, and
- 11 none of those remain. So all of them investors
- 12 invest, and after a few years the value disappear. It
- 13 happens. It happens all the time. You make your bed,
- 14 and some beds are good, some beds are bad. Facebook
- 15 made a killer, but "startup.com" lost their shirt. It
- 16 happens all the time.
- Q. So, let's suppose you have a company that 17
- 18 makes an extremely large investment and operates two
- 19 years, and it's not profitable. Are you telling us
- 20 that has no value?
- A. Again, it depends on what the expectations of
- 22 the business is. If it has great expectations and

A. Well, that's one loan. There are other loans 3 that early on in 1999-98, which were 22, 23 percent.

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- Q. You don't give any of those examples in your
- 5 Report, do you, sir?
- A. They're in the record, in the Annual Reports 7 of '98 and '99.
- Q. You didn't consider them important enough to 9 cite them in your Report, though, did you, sir?
- Well, they are in the record.
- Did you consider what kind of loan that one 11
- 12 loan at 16 percent was?
- A. Well, the 16 percent is actually a
- 14 collateralized loan, so that it was a loan for a
- 15 pickup truck, collateralized on the pickup truck.
- 16 Normally collateralized loans are cheaper than
- 17 noncollateralized. You can add to that 3, 4 percent
- 18 for risk of failure.
- So, easily, if you're getting a loan at
- 20 16 percent, that means your cost of debt without
- 21 collateral should be 18, 19, 20 percent, and therefore
- 22 that shows in the first Annual Reports--sorry, in the

1551 1549 05:09:27 1 '99--'98, '99, and I think in the 2000, you can see 05:12:04 1 used the 10 decile in its entirety; is that correct? 2 loans that RDC issued between 20 and 23 percent. A. That's correct, yes. Q. You said it was a collateralized loan and it Q. And you would agree with me that the tenth 4 was a pickup truck. It was \$15,900 loan for a used 4 decile, in its entirety, includes the 10(b) decile 5 pickup truck; isn't that right? 5 figures? A. I don't know if was used. A. Yes. And it includes companies which are Q. And are you telling the Tribunal that 7 many, many times larger than Ferrovias. If you look 8 you--that you're asserting used car loans, interest 8 at the companies in the 10 decile, you have companies 9 rates on used car loans, whether they're 9 which are 10 or more larger than Ferrovías market 10 collateralized or not, are higher than business loans? 10 capitalization. According to Mr. Thompson, the market 11 I mean, are lower than business loans? I'm sorry. 11 capitalization absent, and the decile is 30 million. A. Well, the--Now, in 10(b), you have companies that size. 12 13 Q. That's not your experience, is it, sir? 13 In 10, you have companies way above 300 million. So, A. Excuse me, counsel. 14 it is very risky to compare the size premium for a 14 Essentially whether a company takes a loan or 15 company that Claimants claims value is 30 attach 16 not depends on whether he can get easier access to companies that is large. 17 capital. That's the fact. If you can get a loan In any case, the companies within 10 are 17 18 cheaper than 16 percent, you get it. 18 also--companies within 10(b) are also within 10, so 19 Q. And, indeed, in this case--19 some of the companies there are small, some are in

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20 financial trouble--it's a mixed bag.

05:10:40 1 Q. That doesn't surprise me, sorry. A. In this case, Ferrovías is a company which, 3 given its lack of profitability, given that the 4 accounting--the audited statement says that every year 5 that the future is uncertain, its losses exceeds more 6 than--may exceed more than the legal amount--legal 7 limit of 60-something percent, to issue loans under 8 those circumstances are very difficult, very 9 difficult.

20

21

A. Excuse me.

A. Not done.

O. You weren't done?

So, we assess the cost of capital--the cost 11 of loan, the cost of debt based on the standard, which 12 is to look at a company which will be rated C, look at 13 the margins for a rated-C Company, and the margins 14 essentially give you loan--cost of debt of 15 approximately 15 percent, 16 percent, to which you add 16 the country risk, can which is around 2 percent or 17 less. You're up to 18, 18-and-a-half, 19 percent.

Q. Yes, sir. If you could just try to restrain 19 yourself, I would appreciate it.

Let me ask you just a little bit about the 20 21 size premium issue.

You've used the 10(b) decile, and Dr. Pratt

05:13:37 1 the real estate side and the railroad side; correct?

A. Well, it's not that we disagree, really,

3 because--it's not Mr. Thompson. This is with

4 Mr. Pratt, and--

Q. I'm sorry, I meant Dr. Pratt.

A. Dr. Pratt and I apply the same method. We 7 take the size of each relative business. You see, the 8 size in my case you have essentially the two--the two

Q. Now, another area that you and Mr. Thompson

22 have disagreed upon is the relative weighting between

9 contribute approximately the same. You know,

10 railroads, in my case contribute, more revenue,

11 two-thirds of the revenue. In Mr. Thompson, it

12 contributes 90 percent of the revenue. So, Mr. Pratt

13 takes essentially the same approach. Well, how big

14 each business is, I attach that as the weight.

So, it's not a conceptual difference. The

16 only conceptual difference we have with Mr. Pratt is

17 the size premium, which we just discussed, and the

cost of debt, which Mr. Pratt uses 7 percent.

Q. In any event, though, you disagreed on the

20 appropriate weighting; correct?

A. Well, it's a natural disagreement. It's not

22 a conceptual agreement.

1553 1555 Q. Isn't the answer to my question yes? 05:17:15 1 A. Well, the Chorzów doctrine--and I have 05:14:55 1 A. Yeah, but it's a result of the other work. 2 written on that, actually--but the logistical 3 It's not that I have an issue with weighting. It's 3 rationale for the Chorzów doctrine is precisely that 4 that the weighting results naturally from the rest of 4 by looking at the value of the enterprise as of the 5 the work. It's not a conceptual disagreement with 5 date of the Award rather than as of the date of 6 Mr. Pratt. Because Claimants have higher value and 6 expropriation, you may capture increasing value of the 7 higher revenues for--for real estate, naturally, you 7 enterprise from the time of the taking to the time of 8 create a higher weight of real estate. 8 the Award, and, therefore, if a Government attempts to Q. And that was based upon Mr. MacSwain's 9 expropriate a business who is having a rapid increase 10 projections with regard to real estate revenues; 10 in value, these component of Chorzów will take care of 11 right? 11 that. 12 A. Correct, exactly. 12 0. Thank you. 13 Q. And if the Tribunal were to decide that his 13 ARBITRATOR CRAWFORD: Could I make a minor 14 projections with regard to real estate revenues were 14 but very important point? It's pronounced "HORTS-OV" 15 appropriate to be used in this case, then the natural 15 (ph.). It should be pronounced as the Poles pronounce 16 result of that would be that the weighting that 16 it. 17 Dr. Pratt uses would be the appropriate one? 17 MR. DEBEVOISE: We apologize to the Poles. A. Exactly, correct, yes. 18 We are here in the Western Hemisphere, and obviously 18 19 MR. FOSTER: Thank you. I don't have any 19 not educated enough to be able to pronounce that. ARBITRATOR CRAWFORD: I haven't even given up 20 more questions. 20 21 PRESIDENT RIGO: Thank you, Mr. Foster. 21 on the United States. 22 Mr. Debevoise. MR. DEBEVOISE: Thank you. 1556 1554 05:18:58 1 I think I have no further questions. 05:16:13 1 MR. DEBEVOISE: Thank you, Mr. President. PRESIDENT RIGO: I want to know if Professor REDIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. DEBEVOISE: 3 Crawford had any other further questions other than Q. Dr. Spiller, I wasn't going to bring you into 4 instructing us how to pronounce it. 5 this, but since the Claimant counsel asked you a ARBITRATOR CRAWFORD: No, thank you. question about it, they were trying to drag you into QUESTIONS FROM THE TRIBUNAL 7 the legal discussion about illegal versus illegal. I ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: I appreciate very much think they have some notion that there is--8 appreciate your professionalism, and I will try and MR. FOSTER: I thought he was going to ask a 9 ask some questions that will help illuminate for me 9 10 question. 10 some of your assumptions. In assessing if there are to be damages -- and MR. DEBEVOISE: I was going to ask the 11 11 12 that's obviously a separate issue--but if there are to 12 question, if you permit me. MR. FOSTER: I object to the editorializing, 13 be damages, are you essentially assuming that the 14 then. Please just let him just ask the question, 14 actual revenues from 2000 to 2006 from the 15 transmission lines and so forth, as well as the 15 then. 16 MR. DEBEVOISE: All right. 16 industrial part--the two pieces you described as being BY MR. DEBEVOISE: 17 the exploitations of the Rights of Way--would not have 17 Q. Dr. Spiller, the Chorzów Factory case 18 increased at all? Or did you make assumptions that 19 contains several Questions 1(a), (b), 2. 19 they would increase but at a lesser rate than MacSwain Is it your understanding those questions take 20 and Thompson? 20 21 care of any possible incentive that a country might 21 THE WITNESS: I essentially adopt MacSwain's 22 have to engage in a frivolous expropriation? 22 assumptions about existing contracts. The existing

1559 1557 05:20:35 1 contracts, some are for 20 years. For example, I 05:23:26 1 explanation as to why Ferrovias was unable to lease, 2 think the Genor Contract is for 20 years. I think 2 then my sense is that it can't because there is no 3 Taxac (ph.) is also for 20 years. MacSwain assumes 3 demand, others can use it, there is plenty of supply. 4 they will be renewed, and I also assume that. I take That's the problem. 5 MacSwain's assumptions in assessments about existing ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: Let me ask you if 6 contracts as they are. 6 there's anything between the devil and the deep blue ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: Yes, sir. That I 7 sea here. That is, even if you assume that 8 understand. I understand your chart--may I address 8 Mr. MacSwain's estimates are overly optimistic, is 9 this to you, please, Page 29, Figure V. 9 there not some likelihood that there would have been THE WITNESS: Yes. 10 some easements and leases during this time period? 10 ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: You explained to us 11 THE WITNESS: There is a likelihood, but 11 12 that you assume a 9 percent growth rate in 2015, and, 12 there is no evidence on A, what they will be, what 13 then, because of this one large Contract, to grow. 13 terms will they be, for how long will they be. There So I understand that the green part of the 14 is no analysis in MacSwain of the competition. There 14 15 bar is actual contracts projected out. 15 is no analysis of what other sources of right of way, THE WITNESS: Exactly. 16 for example, or other facilities are out there that ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: What I'm asking, 17 compete. MacSwain has no analysis of the market for 17 18 please, is: Are you assuming, with respect to the red 18 right of way. 19 that is additional easement contracts and the blue, ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: One of the things that 20 additional commercial leases, in your assumption of 20 we've heard--and we have to judge in the end whether 21 damages, are you assuming there would have been no 21 this is something we give credence to or not--is that 22 additional easement contracts and no additional 22 the allegations are made by the railroad, that part of 1558 1560 05:22:05 1 commercial business? 05:24:57 1 the problem they had was the alleged failure--I 2 underscore "alleged failure"--of the Government to pay THE WITNESS: Right. ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: And why do you make 3 several million dollars into the Trust Fund which 4 that assumption between now and 2025, let alone 2042, 4 would enable the railroad to be rehabilitated to a 5 there wouldn't have been one easement, not one lease? 5 greater degree. And they allege that the Government I'm trying to understand your thinking on 6 failed to remove squatters and that that impeded their 7 that. 7 capacity to operate. THE WITNESS: What I have done is look at the If you assume that those allegations are 9 evidence MacSwain provided, and what the evidence 9 well-founded--and again, we haven't made that judgment 10 MacSwain has provided is not convincing in terms of 10 yet at all--would that affect your view of what a 11 what do I base to add contracts? 11 willing buyer and willing seller would have provided? In other words, one of the reasons that you MacSwain has failed to explain to me--and 13 probably to you as well--in my mind, why is it that a 13 say that there was no value at all--a willing buyer 14 company that failed to capture a single new client 14 would have paid zero--is because you look at the 15 since 2000--the Contract in 2001 is for \$500 a year, 15 record and you say, "Well, there's no profit." If you 16 so you can forget about that--that failure to capture 16 assume that the Government itself, as they allege, is 17 a single customer since 2000 suddenly can capture new 17 partly responsible for that because of the squatter 18 issue and the other--the failure to pay into the Trust 18 clients. There is no explanation of what was the 19 Fund, would that affect your view of Fair Market 20 reason. And because in both of his reports he has no 20 Value? 21 explanation of what was the reason, my inference is THE WITNESS: Okay. One qualification, and I 21 22 that he doesn't have one. And if he doesn't have an 22 will answer your question.

1561 1563 05:26:23 1 The reason why I assess zero value is not 05:29:04 1 So, then have you to ask the question why the 2 because in the past they had zero profits, but, 2 squatters were not paying before. That is, 3 rather, because you don't see a business growing. You 3 Mr. MacSwain provides evidence that there was 4 don't see a business that is on the verge of success. 4 something like 460 kilometers of railway used by In other words, you don't see this mountain 5 industrial squatters, and the first question you have 6 coming in here. In fact, in the company, my forecast, 6 to ask is: Why was that FVG failed to enter into a 7 we start making money down the road, okay? So, it 7 contract with them? 8 will--but that's a minor issue. And what's so interesting is that Let's take the FEGUA contributions to the 9 Mr. MacSwain says in the absence of the lesivo, FVG 10 Trust Fund. I think this is an important issue to 10 would have entered into Contracts with them, and I 11 clarify, because my understanding is that these 11 don't see that reason, that if they didn't enter into 12 contributions were between 300- and \$400,000 a year, 12 Contract by 2006, what was the reason they didn't 13 okay? These are not contributions that make any 13 enter? Well, maybe because, you know, it was not that 14 worth for them to pay 2,000 or \$3,000 per kilometer a 14 difference in the value of the company. The Claimants claim the value of the company 15 year. Why it's not? Well, there may be substitutes 16 at 30 million. If FEGUA failed to provide 300-, 16 or other ways by which they could get the service. Or 17 \$400,000 a year would not--will barely change the 17 maybe--we really don't know, you see. 18 analysis. It could have, then, facilitated, RDC would And unless I have evidence, substantive 19 not have to make some contributions. As I show you, 19 evidence, that these people will not move away, if 20 RDC made contributions of 300, a million, 20 they had to pay. And also we have the problem of the 21 million-and-a-half, you know, every year it would have 21 squatters, were they there before or they came 22 afterwards. There is some--in the record, for me, 22 reduced those contributions a little bit. Nothing 1562 1564 05:27:54 1 would have changed for Ferrovias. Nothing. 05:30:30 1 some lack of understanding about that. But some may 2 have come afterwards, and they may have come So, yeah, these--so, the same reason why 3 neither Thompson looks at those values nor MacSwain 3 afterwards because Ferrovias was not operating and, 4 looks at it, essentially, you can--my opinion is that 4 therefore, they don't pay, zero price, but they didn't 5 it's a red herring. It's a contractual dispute, it's 5 come before in Contract with Ferrovías because they 6 fine, you know, at the end, \$38 million--it's not 6 had to pay a price. So it's kind of reflecting 7 willingness to pay. peanuts. It's an issue, but it's not at the core of You see, if you drink Coke when they're 9 the dispute in terms of value between Claimant's 9 giving a party but you don't buy Coke, it means that 10 Experts and me. 10 you don't like Coke that much. So, there is an 11 willingness to pay issue here that needs to be ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: And the squatter 11 12 issue? 12 addressed. THE WITNESS: The squatter issue is So, the squatters, I think, is an interesting 14 interesting because the squatter issue raises a 14 problem, but to me doesn't give me an answer to know 15 that Ferrovías's network has been used, because the 15 fundamental issue of value; that is, if you're a 16 squatter--and let's talk about the industrial 16 fundamental question is "Well, if it is being used and 17 squatters which are easier to deal than with the 17 people are willing to pay, probably you should have 18 civilians, you know, housing squatters--those are more 18 entered into Contract, "because companies don't like 19 to be in a precarious situation. 19 complicated--but the industrial squatters are people 20 who benefit--well, everybody benefits--but these If these poles and transmission lines are 20 21 people benefit, I would say, a little bit more, and 21 complicated business, and if I have to remove them, 22 they, in principle, could pay; right? They could pay. 22 it's going to cost me a lot of money, and I risk that,

1565 1567 05:31:48 1 then maybe I should enter into a contract and pay 05:34:24 1 the squatters, I should get money from them, I have to 2 Ferrovías a little bit of money. 2 explain to you why I have been unable to do that; and, But if my alternative is to take them 3 in the record, I don't find that convincing 4 elsewhere--who knows, you know, highways or 4 explanation. 5 whatever--and not pay or pay very little, then I don't ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: You suggested that you 6 want to pay \$3,200 per kilometer. 6 could use either in assessing damage a sunk-cost So, the evidence, the problem in the record 7 assumption or a Fair Market Value assumption, but want 8 is that Claimants have not made a case, a sufficient 8 both. That's the thrust of what I understand you to 9 case, I believe, that this is property that has the 9 say; is that correct? 10 values that is being assessed. THE WITNESS: Yes, sir. 10 ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: From the Tribunal's ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: And I understand your 11 12 point about FEGUA. I would suggest, since I chaired 12 standpoint, illuminate for us which you think is the 13 the International Advisory Board of Coca-Cola, I would 13 most appropriate. Obviously, you're arguing against 14 drink as much Coca-Cola as I have to pay for it as I 14 combining, but as I understand it, the Fair Market 15 get it free. Maybe you'll use another example in the 15 Value assumption, you come up with zero; in fact, less 16 future. 16 than zero. Right? What about the companies that can't move? THE WITNESS: Correct. 17 17 18 They have sunk an investment in now. There are, ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: So, they would have 19 apparently, some of those. 19 invested \$15 million, and they get nothing. Under the How do you take that into account? 20 sunk cost, what is your calculation? 20 THE WITNESS: Well, again, the question is THE WITNESS: I didn't perform that 22 whether this came before or after; right? That is, if 22 calculation, okay, because essentially my assessment 1566 1568 05:32:59 1 they came after, they came because zero price, and the 05:35:42 1 is--there is no evidence that this company is--is a 2 question is why they didn't come before and pay 2 viable company. In other words, this is a bad--and I 3 Ferrovías? Well, then that decision itself tells you 3 believe Mr. Posner stated that in some of his own 4 willingness to pay. If they came before the 4 writings, that this is a bad company or a bad 5 lesivo--if they came before the lesivo, the question 5 investment. 6 is why they didn't enter into a Contract with But be that as it may, I think that 7 Ferrovías. What prevented that? 7 Claimant's Experts will also agree that the Now, there are two potential explanations for 8 appropriate approach is the Fair Market Value, and for 9 that. One is that they say, "Well, maybe no one will 9 the following reason: If you look at their 10 evict me, and I have all the bargaining power. No one 10 assessment, they compute the Fair Market Value at 11 will evict me now because no one will evict me." Then 11 \$30.1 million, and they compute the lost investment of 12 \$42.9 million. It cannot be that the value of lost 12 they will never pay. The other is "Because I don't care if I'm 13 investment exceeds the value of the enterprise; that 14 being evicted. If I'm being evicted, I will just go 14 is, you can never lose more than what you assess the 15 elsewhere and put my lines elsewhere, but I'm not 15 company is. So, at some point, your investments went 16 going to pay the \$3,200 per kilometer per year." 16 bad. So, one needs to understand what is the 17 17 So, the fact that they assess the value of 18 reason by which these industrial squatters were--let's 18 the investments--because the nominal value is what you 19 said, 15, 16 million; right? But by accumulating at 19 put it this way: Why is it that Ferrovías unable to 20 reach an understanding with them? That is the 20 the cost of capital, which they claim is 12.9, they 21 evidence that's missing in this record. That is, if I 21 get 42.9 million. But that cannot be higher than what 22 have to make my claim based on the fact that here is 22 the company is worth, because if the company's worth

1569 1571 05:37:10 1 less than their computation of loss of investment, is 05:39:51 1 railroad is not really there as a substantive issue. 2 So, everything else is things in the sky; that is, 2 that the rate of return cannot be that high. This 3 company would not be making--will not be covering its 3 "Well, I could sell this, I could sell that," but in 4 cost of capital. That's why it's 30.1 and not 42. 4 reality it's not there. So, they will also agree that lost So, if you wish to say, "Well, the investment, as they compute it, overstates value. 6 business"--it's--Claimants say, "The business, the ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: I appreciate that, but 7 real business, will never collect more than a 8 I'm trying to ask, perhaps, a slightly different 8 million-and-a-half," and we assess the railroad at 9 question. 9 less than a million-and-a-half, not--essentially also We have a company that, I think, as you say, 10 a negative value, but--it's a bad business. 10 11 the facts pretty much establish that they contributed 11 ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: We have to, again, 12 about 15--a little over \$15 million. If one assumes 12 make a judgment about whether these projections are 13 it's--and again, we certainly haven't come to that 13 overly speculative. I'm asking a different question. 14 determination--that the Declaration of Lesivo was 14 I'm asking--you're suggesting that even under 15 inappropriate, that there was inappropriate action by 15 that assumption that, you know, they were never going 16 the State, would you say, then, in your calculation, 16 to become profitable, if there was a finding by the 17 that the Claimant would have proved its case but would 17 Tribunal that the Government acted inappropriately in 18 be entitled to nothing? 18 terminating the Contract or in declaring THE WITNESS: That happens, too; right? It 19 19 lesivo--again, we haven't made that, but if you assume 20 happens often that you have a bad investment, and this 20 that--are you suggesting that there's no way in which 21 is a way to get out. That it's bad luck and you're 21 you think the railway should get back its initial 22 out of it. 22 investment or at least its--or its investment 1570 1572 05:41:12 1 projected forward? 05:38:27 1 ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: That's not the 2 assumption. I'm asking you to assume--again, tressing THE WITNESS: As an economist--I'm here as an 3 we haven't made this judgment at all--but if one 3 economist, expert economist. I'm not a lawyer. I'm 4 assumes that the Government of Guatemala acted 4 not going to add to you an assessment of fairness or 5 inappropriately in canceling the Contract on the 5 not fairness. I'm going to give you my professional 6 grounds that they did, are you suggesting that having 6 opinion. 7 invested \$15 million that the railway should get And my professional opinion is that if the 8 nothing, or under those circumstances would you say 8 business was not a viable business and it got 9 they should get something and here's how I would 9 expropriated, then compensation should be zero. 10 calculate it? ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: So, this is THE WITNESS: Well, I think the appropriate 11 where--this notion that you have, which is a perfectly 11 12 way to compensate in this case, when eight years has 12 legitimate argument, and I understand your point, that 13 passed since the company started operations, when a 13 there should be no difference in--from an economic 14 cost--operational improvements have taken place, 14 standpoint, of a legal and illegal expropriation. 15 safety improved dramatically, costs went down, the 15 It's a bad business. You're basically saying that 16 company did as much as it can do, but there is a 16 from your perspective, if the expropriation is 17 fundamental problem of demand, the demand just is not 17 illegal, that there should be no difference in our 18 there, then you know this railroad is not going to 18 Tribunal's view than if it had been a perfectly legal 19 make money. Even Mr. Thompson says that the 19 expropriation, the two sides get together and they 20 railroad-only side of the business is not worth more 20 decide that we're taking this over for right of way or 21 than a million-and-a-half. 21 whatever and it's done in a perfectly legal way, that So, even Mr. Thompson agrees that the 22 from your standpoint there shouldn't be any difference

1573 1575 05:42:29 1 at all in how one calculates the damages. 05:45:07 1 helpful in illuminating your viewpoints. Thank you. THE WITNESS: If I may, just before telling ARBITRATOR CRAWFORD: If I could just make an 3 you that you're right, but for just one preamble, the 3 observation. You might have a situation in which the 4 way I like to look at this in general is to assess 4 wrongful act on the part of the State was such that 5 damages in the following way: Is to really put the 5 the quantum of damages is not what would put the 6 Claimant in the same situation it would be absent the 6 Claimant in the position if the Act had not been 7 lesivo. And I think this is the fairest way to deal 7 committed, but what would put the Claimant in the 8 with it. It's not, "Well, we have to give them money 8 position if the investment had not been made. 9 because we have to give it." No. The fairest way is THE WITNESS: That's a different standard. 10 to put the Claimant in the position it would have been 10 Yeah. It's very good. 11 absent the lesivo. 11 ARBITRATOR CRAWFORD: Thank you. Absent the lesivo, Claimants have a business There may be situations--I'm not saying this 13 that is, in my professional opinion, is not viable. 13 is one of them--where there would be the appropriate 14 We disagree with the other side. But I believe that 14 balance. You would say, in effect, "The behavior of 15 the State has pulled the rug out from under the 15 Mr. Thompson, at the end of the day, will agree with 16 me that this is not a viable business, a business that 16 investments; therefore, it's inappropriate to treat 17 even Mr. Thompson's assessed railroads at \$1 million, 17 the Claimant as having assumed any risk." 18 million-and-a-half, is not a viable business. THE WITNESS: I think, Professor Crawford, 19 Long-term investment of 50 years, worth a million. 19 that's a very good and interesting problem, because in 20 the absence--if the Contract should not have been 20 It's not. 21 signed in a sense, and in a sense you could say, So, we both agree it's a business that--well, 22 in my professional opinion, it's a business that is 22 "Well, somehow Claimant entered into Contract without 1574 1576 05:43:52 1 not worth--then expropriating it takes the problem out 05:46:20 1 knowing exactly what it was, and it was an illegal 2 of their hands. 2 Contract, it should not have been signed, " this and 3 that, then you are going to revert the Claimant to the ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: But remember that you 4 agree, and I think the other witnesses do, that the 4 position it would have been in '97--'97, then it would 5 real value of this enterprise, to the extent there is 5 be \$15 million better off, because it would not have 6 made those \$15 million investment. 6 a value, is on the real estate side, not on the 7 operations side. So, it's not the Fair Market Value issue any THE WITNESS: The real value in 8 longer. 9 Mr. MacSwain's assessment, and the problem with ARBITRATOR CRAWFORD: Let's assume for the 10 Mr. MacSwain is that, in my opinion, it's highly 10 sake that you were in a situation in which you would 11 unsubstantiated. And that's my personal opinion. 11 say--I mean, if there's fraud in the making of the 12 There is nothing in the record that can provide--12 Contract or something like that, ab initio, and eight ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: One last thing, and I 13 years have passed, 15 million has been expended, what 14 appreciate it again, is this chart, Figure V, you're 14 would you do to adjust that 15 million to give 15 again assuming only that the real estate value comes 15 the--put the Claimant in the position that it would be 16 from the existing Contracts and there would be no 16 in if the investment had not been made? 17 additional leases or easement contracts. That's your Would you simply take the case value of 17 18 assumption. 18 15 million and ignore time value of money? What do THE WITNESS: Right. I only take those 19 you do? 20 Contracts that MacSwain was able to show that have THE WITNESS: Well, in that case, you cannot 20 21 validity. 21 use the cost of capital as we have done here because 22 there will not be any risk associated with the ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: Okay. That's very

1579 1577 05:47:37 1 15 million. So, probably you will have to use some 05:50:25 1 of 11 percent on addition of the normal risk. That's 2 why you always have to look, in valuation, at the cost 2 risk-free short-term rates, LIBOR or so on. 3 Obviously, because the--both Mr. Pratt and I take into 3 of debt of the target. 4 account industry risk, so you have to take that out ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: But when you look at 5 because it will not be appropriate to compensate for a 5 the cost of the target--I mean, here the target is a 6 risk that would not have been there, so it will be 6 wholly owned company of major a multinational company. 7 like that, yeah. 7 It's not just a stand-alone enterprise. And, indeed, ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: Let me just ask, I'm 8 you mentioned yourself that RDC was funding the 9 sorry, one other question that I had. And I think you 9 operation. 10 said this was not as crucial as the other points So, you wouldn't distinguish between a target 10 11 you've made, but this is on this average cost of 11 being a stand-alone Guatemalan company and one that's 12 capital using the assumption of 18 percent, I think 12 wholly owned and itself sustained by an A-rated 13 that's the--13 company. THE WITNESS: Cost of debt? 14 14 THE WITNESS: That's an excellent question. ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: I'm glad I finally 15 ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: Cost of debt. RDC, as I understand it, is a large company, 16 asked one that you will answer. 16 17 the owner of RVG, that has railway operations around THE WITNESS: No, no, this is a serious 17 18 the world. Would it not be a reasonable assumption to 18 question you asked, but because fundamentally, when 19 assume that they would borrow at the lowest rate they 19 you look at Fair Market Value, you are making the 20 could get worldwide? They wouldn't--in using the 20 assessment of a willing buyer--willing buyer, willing 21 Guatemalan rate with the risk factor and the other 21 seller. So, you're looking at this as if you were 22 C-rated company, that we should really be looking, 22 going to sell the company at this moment, how much 1578 1580 05:49:04 1 instead, at what RDC could borrow at and what, indeed, 05:51:34 1 someone will pay for it. 2 it does borrow at around the world for its various And when someone looks at it, it will pay for 3 enterprises? 3 it independently of whether you're a fully owned--the 4 Is that a reasonable thing? 4 target is a fully owned or is a diversified THE WITNESS: No. And, in fact, Mr. Pratt 5 shareholding. It looks at it as a target, as a 6 calls it one of the main errors in valuation. And in 6 project. 7 valuation have you to look at the cost of capital of And different projects always have different 8 the target company, the company you're going to 8 cost of capital, and it always depends on the risk 9 acquire. So, if you're looking at the Fair Market 9 independently of who is the owner. 10 Value of something, you look at the target--Fair For example, let's say that the buyer will be 11 Market Value of the target. You look at the cost of 11 Facebook. Well, Facebook has a cost of capital 12 capital of the target because if you're giving--if 12 completely independent of regular business. Will it 13 you're giving a loan to the target at lower than the 13 value railroad in Guatemala with the cost of capital 14 target can collect, you're giving a subsidy, and a 14 of a software company? No. It will use the cost of 15 subsidy has a cost. In other words, you, the 15 capital of a railroad company in Guatemala. 16 Shareholder, are taking an additional risk by giving a So, it's always, as Mr. Pratt calls it, you 17 subsidized rate. 17 know, the basic flow in valuation, to value a company So, in a sense, if you're a C-rated company, 18 with your own cost of capital rather than with its 19 your cost of capital in Guatemala--sorry, cost of debt 19 cost of capital. 20 in Guatemala is 18. Why 18 and not 7? Well, because So, it's fundamental to use the cost of 20

21 capital of the company you're buying.

ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: Mr. President, I've

21 that's the cost of failure for a C Company. If you

22 are giving a seven, you are essentially taking a risk

| 13 (Tribunal conferring.) 14 PRESIDENT RIGO SUREDO: We will adjourn now. 15 We are very good time in terms of the schedule of the 16 Procedural Order, as amended, for the hearings, and we 17 will meet tomorrow morning at 9:00. 18 Yes? 19 MR. ORTA: Excuse me, Mr. Chairman, I 20 actually have a question just in terms of the order of 21 the proceeding tomorrow. 22 Am I correct that tomorrow we have two fact 1582 05:55:06 1 witnesses in the morning and then the two Guatemalan 2 Law Experts in the afternoon? I just want to make 3 sure we have the correct order. 4 PRESIDENT RIGO: We will adjourn now. 15 We are very good time in terms of the schedule of the 16 PRESIDENT RIGO: We will decline to cross. 16 MR. FOSTER: Yes, sir. 17 ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: Mr. Orta, what 18 wasjust remind us, Mr. Morales's position. 19 MR. ORTA: Okay. So, Mr. Roberto Morales or 20 Oswaldo Morales? 21 ARBITRATOR EIZENSTAT: Roberto, who you said 22 was unable to come. What had his position been? 1584 05:55:06 1 witnesses in the morning and then the two Guatemalan 2 Law Experts in the afternoon? I just want to make 3 sure we have the correct order. 4 PRESIDENT RIGO: We havein the order I have 5 here, Arturo Gramajo, Roberto Morales, Eduardo Mayora, 6 and Juan Luis Aguilar. 7 MR. ORTA: Okay. So, we can confirm for the 8 Tribunal that, notwithstanding our best efforts, Mr. 9 Roberto Morales is unable to come to Guatemala and was 10 onlyexcuse me, is unable to come to Guatemala and was 10 onlyexcuse me, is unable to come to Guatemala and was 10 onlyexcuse me, is unable to come to Guatemala and was 10 onlyexcuse me, is unable to come to Guatemala and was 10 onlyexcuse me, is unable to come to Guatemala and was 10 onlyexcuse me, is unable to come to Guatemala and was 10 onlyexcuse me, is unable to come to Guatemala and was 10 onlyexcuse me, is unable to come to Guatemala and was 10 onlyexcuse me, is unable to come to Guatemala and was 10 onlyexcuse me, is unable to come to Guatemala and was 10 onlyexcuse me, is unable to | | | | |
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CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER

I, David A. Kasdan, RDR-CRR, Court Reporter, do hereby certify that the foregoing proceedings were stenographically recorded by me and thereafter reduced to typewritten form by computer-assisted transcription under my direction and supervision; and that the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate record of the proceedings.

I further certify that I am neither counsel for, related to, nor employed by any of the parties to this action in this proceeding, nor financially or otherwise interested in the outcome of this litigation.

DAVID A. KASDAN